

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

NOTICE PAPER

No. 33

TUESDAY 21 NOVEMBER 2023

The House meets this day at 12.30 pm

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FORMAL BUSINESS LIST

ITEM NO.	MEMBER	TITLE
Business of the House— Notice of Motion No. 1	Ms Sharpe	Sitting Calendar 2024
Government business— Notice of Motion No. 1	Ms Sharpe	The life and contribution of Betty Hounslow AM
PMB No. 580	Mr Buttigieg	Chinese Australian Services Society
PMB No. 583	Ms Boyd	Sexual Violence Awareness Month 2023
PMB No. 584	Ms Boyd	Employment of Dr Niko Tiliopoulos
PMB No. 585	Ms Boyd	Anti-Poverty Week 2023

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE

1. Ms Sharpe to move—

(1) That, unless otherwise ordered, the days of meeting of the House in 2024 be as follows:

Budget sittings February 6, 7, 8 March 12, 13, 14, 19, 20, 21 May 7, 8, 9, 14, 15, 16 June 4, 5, 6, 18, 19, 20

Spring sittings August 6, 7, 8, 13, 14, 15 September 17, 18, 19, 24, 25, 26 October 15, 16, 17, 22, 23, 24 November 12, 13, 14, 19, 20, 21, (reserve days 26, 27, 28)

- (2) That, further to the resolution of the House of 12 September 2023, referring Budget Estimates 2023-2024 to the Portfolio Committees for inquiry and report, as amended 11 October 2023, unless otherwise ordered, supplementary hearings be scheduled from 20 February to 23 February 2024, 26 February to 1 March 2024, and 4 March to 7 March 2024.
- (3) That, unless otherwise ordered, for the purposes of the Budget Estimates inquiry 2024-2025:
 - (a) initial hearings be scheduled from 27 August to 30 August 2024, 3 September to 6 September 2024, and 9 September to 11 September 2024, and
 - (b) supplementary hearings be scheduled from 2 December to 6 December 2024.
- (4) That, unless otherwise ordered, or a committee resolves that a committee activity is urgent, no committee activity may be undertaken on the following dates:
 - (a) 8 January to 12 January 2024, and 15 January to 19 January 2024,
 - (b) 15 April to 19 April 2024,
 - (c) 8 July to 12 July 2024,
 - (d) 30 September to 4 October 2024, and
 - (c) 23 December to 24 December 2024.

(Notice given 19 October 2023—precedence as business of the House until Notice Paper No. 38)

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS—NOTICES OF MOTIONS

1. Ms Sharpe to move—

- (1) That this House celebrates the life and contribution of Betty Hounslow AM.
- (2) This House notes that:
 - (a) Betty made an outstanding contribution to many progressive groups and causes, dedicating her life to making the world a fairer and more just place,
 - (b) Betty was heavily involved in many activist groups over her lifetime including:
 - (i) the Queensland Anti-Freeway Movement,
 - (ii) the Queensland Solidarity Group,
 - (iii) the New Left Party,
 - (iv) Socialist Lesbians,
 - (v) Socialist Lesbians and Male Homosexuals,
 - (vi) being active in the anti-apartheid movement in Sydney and the work of the Southern African Liberation Centre,
 - (c) in particular Betty fought for the rights of marginalised LGBTI people in our community, she was the founder of the Gay and Lesbian Immigration Task Force in 1983, which achieved landmark reforms to Australia's immigration laws giving residency rights for same-sex couples and assisted in the development of the AIDS Council of NSW between 1985-1990.
 - (d) Betty was a 78er and was actively involved in the Drop the Charges campaign after the 1978 Mardi Gras arrests, she played a significant role in the organisation of the 1981 Mardi Gras Parade, she was an inaugural Management Committee member of First Mardi Gras Inc. and an elected member of the Mardi Gras 78ers Committee, and that she retained her commitment to LGBTI rights throughout her life, speaking in June 2023 at two Pride events at the NSW State Library,
 - (e) Betty was active in helping disadvantaged members of the community, including:
 - roles at the Marrickville Womens Refuge, Marrickville Legal Centre and the Public Interest Advocacy Centre,
 - (ii) working for the United Nations Transitional Authority in Cambodia in 1993,
 - (iii) in the position of CEO at ACOSS from 1994 to 2001,
 - (iv) lobbying for welfare rights in the period of the Howard Government,
 - (v) as the Deputy CEO at the Fred Hollows Foundation from 2003 to 2014,
 - (f) Betty gave her time generously on boards of community organisations, including serving:
 - (i) on the Asylum Seekers Centre Board from 2013, and chairing the Board from 2018 to 2021.
 - (ii) as a Board member of Union Aid Abroad-APHEDA, which she joined in 2018,
 - (iii) as an elected Vice President of the Australian Council for International Development,
 - (iv) as chair for Rape and Domestic Violence Services Australia,
 - (g) amongst her various roles Betty also served as:
 - (i) a NSW Legal Aid Commissioner,
 - (ii) a member of an NAB Advisory Committee,
 - (iii) a Councillor on the Australian Statistics Advisory Council,
 - (iv) a Trustee of the Scully Fund, and

- (h) Betty's lifelong commitment to social justice was recognised and celebrated when she was:
 - (i) awarded the Justice Medal in 2003 for outstanding achievement in improving access to justice in New South Wales, particularly for socially and economically disadvantaged people,
 - (ii) made a Member of the Order of Australia in 2013 for her service to the community through organisations promoting social justice, indigenous health and human rights.
- (3) That this House recognises that Betty Hounslow was a life-long advocate for social and economic justice, who fought for people in our society who were marginalised, oppressed and overlooked, and that she was a kind, compassionate and fiercely determined woman.
- (4) This House sends its sincere condolences to the many people who loved Betty, including Betty's partner Kate Harrison, Betty's sisters Margaret and Mary Hounslow, and all of her family and many friends and comrades.

(Notice given 12 October 2023)

2. Ms Sharpe to move—

- (1) That this House celebrates the life and contribution of Fabian Lo Schiavo and notes:
 - (a) Fabian was a long-time activist for queer rights, marching in the first Mardi Gras in 1978 and founded the gay protest movement, the Sisters of Perpetual Indulgence,
 - (b) Fabian is a survivor of gay conversion therapy and went on to live a life where he was authentically himself and fought passionately for the rights of others to live as their true selves too,
 - (c) Fabian also fought for the rights of women to access healthcare by intervening at reproductive healthcare clinics to ensure women had safe access to abortion and reproductive healthcare,
 - (d) as an activist Fabian also fought for the rights of women sex workers, drug users, archivists and the State Records Office and fought for peace and supported international solidarity movements,
 - (e) Fabian maintained his Anglican faith and used his connection with faith groups to advance the cause of gay and queer rights in Australia, and
 - (f) Fabian founded AngGays, the fourth ever lesbian and gay religious group in Sydney and always attended his weekly mass at St Luke's Anglican Church in Enmore.
- (2) That this House recognises that Fabian played a critical role in the AIDS crisis in Sydney where he as Mother Inferior and the Sisters conducted safe sex programs for gay men, drug users and sex workers whilst also providing support for those diagnosed with AIDS.
- (3) This House sends its sincere condolences to the many people who loved Fabian including his brother Marco, sisters Francesca, Victoria and Martina and their children and niece Georgia.

(Notice give	en 22 Jun	e 2023)
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GOVERNMENT BUSINESS—ORDERS OF THE DAY

*1. 24-Hour Economy Legislation Amendment (Vibrancy Reforms) Bill 2023 24-Hour Economy Commissioner Bill 2023

Resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Mr Graham: That these bills be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 19 October 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)

- *2. Biosecurity Amendment (Independent Biosecurity Commissioner) Bill 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Ms Moriaty: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 19 October 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)
- *3. **Jury Amendment Bill 2023**: resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Mr Mookhey (moved by Mr Buttigieg): That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 19 October 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)
 - 4. Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust Amendment (Car Parking) Bill 2023: second reading—Ms Sharpe. (40 minutes)

(Standing orders suspended for remaining stages, Thursday 19 October 2023)

*5. Electoral Funding Amendment Bill 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate (21 September 2023) of the question on the motion of Mr Graham: That this bill be now read a second time—Mr Graham speaking. (39 minutes remaining)

(Standing orders suspended for remaining stages, Thursday 21 September 2023.)

- *6. Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust Amendment (Public Transport) Bill 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Ms Sharpe: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 17 October 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)
 - 7. **Budget Papers 2023-2024—Take Note:** resumption of the interrupted debate (19 September 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Sharpe: That the House take note of the Budget Papers for the financial year 2023-2024—Ms Moriarty speaking.
 - 8. Vacancy in the representation of the State in the Senate of the Commonwealth of Australia: consideration of the Legislative Assembly's message of 10 October 2023—Ms Sharpe.
 - 9. Address-in-Reply to the Lieutenant-Governor's Opening Speech: resumption of the adjourned debate (30 May 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Sharpe:

That the following Address be adopted and presented by the Whole House to the Governor, in reply to the speech which His Excellency had been pleased to make to both Houses of Parliament:

To His Excellency the Honourable Andrew Bell, Lieutenant-Governor of New South Wales in the Commonwealth of Australia.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY—

We, the members of the Legislative Council of the State of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled, desire to express our thanks for Your Excellency's speech, and to express our loyalty to Australia and the people of New South Wales.

We assure Your Excellency that our earnest consideration will be given to the measures to be submitted to us, and that we will faithfully carry out the important duties entrusted to us by the people of New South Wales.

We join Your Excellency in the hope that our labours may be so directed as to advance the best interests of all sections of the community—Mr Graham speaking.

COMMITTEE REPORTS AND GOVERNMENT RESPONSES—ORDERS OF THE DAY

(Debate on committee reports and government responses takes precedence at 5.30 pm on Tuesdays until 6.30 pm according to sessional order.)

- 1. Standing Committee on State Development: Report No. 49 entitled "Allegations of impropriety against agents of the City of Canterbury Bankstown Council", dated February 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate (23 May 2023) of the question on the motion of Mrs MacDonald: That the House take note of the report and the government response— Mrs MacDonald speaking. (8 minutes remaining)
- 2. Portfolio Committee No. 7 Planning and Environment: Report No. 18 entitled "Allegations of impropriety against agents of the Hills Shire Council and property developers in the region", dated March 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate (23 May 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Higginson: That the House take note of the report and the government response—Ms Higginson speaking. (2 minutes remaining)

PRIVATE MEMBERS' BUSINESS

*2. Road Transport Amendment (Medicinal Cannabis) Bill 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Mr Buckingham: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 2 August 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)

7. Ms Hurst to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Companion Animals Act 1998 to regulate the conduct of businesses breeding companion animals; and for related purposes.

(Companion Animals Amendment (Puppy Farms) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

- *8. Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Amendment (Battery Cage Prohibition) Bill 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Ms Hurst: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 31 May 2023)—Mr Fang. (20 minutes)
- *9. Animal Research Amendment (Prohibition of Forced Swim Tests and Forced Smoke Inhalation Experiments) Bill 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Ms Hurst: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 20 September 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)
- *10. Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Amendment (Gassing Devices Prohibition) Bill 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Ms Hurst: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 28 June 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)

11. Ms Hurst to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Unlawful Gambling Act 1998 to outlaw gambling on activities involving live animals; and for related purposes.

(Unlawful Gambling Amendment (Betting on Animals) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

17. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to legalise cannabis and cannabis products; to regulate the sale, supply and advertising of cannabis and cannabis products; and for other purposes.

(Cannabis Legalisation Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

18. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Road Transport Act 2013 to exclude users of medicinal cannabis from the application of the offence relating to driving with the presence of certain drugs in a person's oral fluid, blood or urine; and for related purposes.

(Road Transport Amendment (Medicinal Cannabis-Exemptions from Offences) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

19. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to provide for pill testing services for the purposes of drug harm reduction; and for other purposes.

(Pill Testing Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

20. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Drugs Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985 to replace criminal penalties for drug possession offences with a civil penalty scheme and establish a drug panel to administer that scheme; to amend the Criminal Records Act 1991 to allow historical drug possession offences to be extinguished; and for other purposes.

(Drug Misuse and Trafficking Amendment (Decriminalisation) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

- **22. Ice inquiry recommendations:** resumption of the interrupted debate (11 May 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Faehrmann:
 - (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Special Commission of Inquiry into 'Ice', which reported in March 2020, conducted 47 days of hearings and roundtables at a total cost of \$10.85 million,
 - (b) the inquiry heard from experts in the field, service providers, people with lived experience, community members and many others,
 - (c) among the inquiry's key recommendations are that the Government:
 - (i) establish a whole-of-Government Alcohol and other Drug Treatment Policy (AOD) policy that recognises drug use is a health and social issue,
 - (ii) appoint a dedicated Minister with a drug and alcohol portfolio to oversee and coordinate the implementation of the Special Commission of Inquiry's recommendations,
 - (iii) remove all criminal offences of use and possession for the personal use of prohibited drugs,
 - (iv) establish a State-wide clinically supervised substance testing, education and information service, with branches at appropriate fixed-site locations, and that in addition, with a view to establishing an outreach capacity of the service to settings where there is a high risk of harm, a trial be undertaken onsite at a music festival, and independently evaluated,

- (v) expand the availability of drug consumption services like the Medically Supervised Injecting Centre,
- (vi) end the use of drug detection dogs at music festivals, and
- (d) the Inquiry's report is a comprehensive, evidence-based document that provides a roadmap for the new Minns Government to reduce drug-related harm.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that:
 - (a) on 12 April 2023, in an article in the Sydney Morning Herald the Ice Inquiry Commissioner, Professor Dan Howard, SC, urged the Minns Government to not "reinvent the wheel" with another summit and further delay implementing the inquiry's recommendations and Gabrielle Bashir, SC, President of the NSW Bar Association stated that a drug summit would be "a superfluous and unnecessary public expense in light of the ice inquiry's clear road map for reform", and
 - (b) the Government's proposed drug summit represents a costly replication of the Ice Inquiry and will see the same experts provide the same evidence resulting in the same conclusions.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to take urgent action on all 109 recommendations of the Special Commission of Inquiry into Ice.

Upon which Mr Buckingham has moved: That the question be amended as follows:

- (1) Omit paragraph (2)(b).
- (2) Omit paragraph (3) and insert instead:
 - "(3) That this House calls on the Government to continue to work in response to the recommendations of the Special Commission."—Mr Tudehope speaking. (Time concluded)

Debate: 18 minutes remaining.

*30. Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Amendment (Independent Office of Animal Welfare) Bill 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Ms Boyd: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 18 October 2023)—Mr Murphy. (20 minutes)

31. Ms Boyd to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979 to recognise the sentience of animals and their intrinsic value; to define cruelty to an animal by reference to different forms of suffering; and for other purposes.

(Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Amendment (Animal Sentience) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

40. Ms Higginson to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Forestry Act 2012 to remove restrictions on the bringing of certain civil and criminal enforcement proceedings by third-parties under environment protection and other legislation.

(Forestry Amendment (Third Party Proceedings) Bill)

(Notice given 10 May 2023)

*41. Forestry Amendment (Koala Habitats) Bill 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Ms Higginson: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 11 May 2023)—Mr Rath. (20 minutes)

70. Mr Buckingham to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Hemp Industry Regulation 2016 to remove and modify certain restrictions and licence conditions relating to the cultivation and supply of low-THC hemp; and for related purposes.

(Hemp Industry Amendment (Deregulation) Bill)

(Notice given 23 May 2023)

- *90. **Fiscal Responsibility Amendment (Wellbeing Budget) Bill 2023:** resumption of the interupted debate (2 August 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Boyd: That this bill be now read a second time—Mr Latham speaking. (14 minutes remaining)
- *133. Independent Commission Against Corruption Amendment (Validation) Bill 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Mr Roberts: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 31 May 2023)—Mr Fang. (20 minutes)

146. Mr Buckingham to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Drug Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985 to make it lawful for an adult to possess small quantities of cannabis for personal use; to make it lawful for an adult to cultivate not more than 6 cannabis plants for personal use; to permit an adult lawfully in possession of cannabis to give the cannabis, by way of a gift, to another adult; and for related purposes

(Drug Misuse and Trafficking Amendment (Regulation of Personal Adult Use of Cannabis) Bill)

(Notice given 20 June 2023)

*148. Petroleum (Onshore) Amendment (Liverpool Plains Prohibition) Bill 2023 resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Mr Buckingham: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 13 September 2023)—Mr Murphy. (20 minutes)

227. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

That this House:

- (a) recognises the significance of Homelessness Week, an annual nationwide event held on Monday 7 August to Sunday 13 August 2023, aimed at raising awareness about homelessness and advocating for effective solutions,
- (b) acknowledges and commends the Liberal and Nationals Government for introducing the Homelessness Strategy and Housing First approach, which exemplifies a pioneering, coordinated, integrated and collaborative approach to addressing homelessness,
- (c) notes the introduction of the Together Home program by the Liberal and Nationals Government and its success in providing safe and stable housing and wraparound support for individuals experiencing homelessness,
- (d) expresses deep concern over the prevailing uncertainty surrounding the continuation and long-term funding of the Together Home program under the Labor Government,
- (e) calls on the Labor Government:
 - (i) to wholeheartedly embrace a Housing First approach as an effective strategy to combat homelessness, ensuring that housing is considered a basic human right and a fundamental foundation for individuals to access support services,
 - (ii) to allocate additional resources and funding to support service providers and evidencebased initiatives, such as the Together Home program, that focus on prevention, early intervention, and providing long-term housing solutions for individuals and families experiencing homelessness,
 - (iii) for regular reporting and evaluation of the progress made in reducing homelessness in New South Wales, including improving transparency in data collection, ensuring accountability, and informing evidence-based policy decisions, and
- (f) appeals to the Labor Government to work in partnership with relevant stakeholders, including non-government organisations, community groups, and experts in the field, to develop a comprehensive and sustainable plan for addressing homelessness in New South Wales.

(Notice given 29 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 34)

228. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Doctors for the Environment Australia hosted their "Healthy State, Healthy People Forum" in Parliament on 20 June 2023 and called for no new clearing of native forests by 2024,
 - (b) the forum had various doctors speaking about:
 - (i) healthcare sustainability,
 - (ii) air pollution and home electrification,
 - (iii) the health benefits of trees, and
 - (c) the World Wildlife Fund has partnered with Doctors for the Environment Australia to prepare the report "Trees: the forgotten heroes for our health" that highlighted 10 critical ways in which trees and biodiversity have a positive impact on human health, including that trees:
 - (i) improve our air quality,
 - (ii) are rainmakers,
 - (iii) house our pollinators,
 - (iv) are good for our mood,

- (v) aid healthy development in children,
- (vi) help curb climate change,
- (vii) encourage physical activity outdoors,
- (viii) cool our communities,
- (ix) provide connection to country,
- (x) help provide safe, clean water.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to adopt the proposals made at the forum, which were:
 - (a) 80 per cent emission reduction by 2030 and net-zero by 2040,
 - (b) expanding the activities of the Climate and Net Zero Unit,
 - (c) no gas connections to new building developments from 2024,
 - (d) increased funding for electrification of the home, and
 - (e) no new clearing of native forests from 2024.

(Notice given 29 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 34)

229. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) there is no statutory requirement for NSW Police to investigate reports, even of the most serious of crimes.
 - (b) "Change the Law: Make Police Investigate Child Sexual Assault" is a change.org petition started by survivor and advocate Karen Iles that has received 44,513 signatures, and
 - (c) the petition calls for a statutory requirement for police to investigate cases of aggravated child sexual assault and other serious crimes.
- (2) That this House notes that Karen Iles is hosting a roundtable in Parliament today with members of all sides of politics, building support for reforms that will ensure victims and survivors of aggravated child sexual assault and other serious crimes have access to justice.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) acknowledge Karen Iles' petition, and
 - (b) support Karen Iles' calls for reforms.

(Notice given 29 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 34)

230. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) during the COVID-19 pandemic, Victorian prison inmates were subject to harsher conditions that saw many confined to their cells for 24-hours-a-day and placed in 14-day quarantine regardless of infection risk,

- (b) the COVID-19 pandemic saw harsher conditions for inmates in New South Wales prisons, such as restrictions to inmate visitation that continued for months after the rest of New South Wales removed restrictions on social gatherings, and
- (c) in 2020, Victoria announced prison inmates would receive a reduction to their sentences to compensate for the harsher restrictions under the emergency management days they were subject to.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to work with Corrective Services NSW to investigate the impact of COVID-19 on New South Wales prison inmates and the appropriate applicability of emergency management days to the reduction of inmate sentences.

(Notice given 29 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 34)

232. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Petroleum (Offshore) Act 1982, the Offshore Minerals Act 1999 and other legislation to prohibit the granting of development consent and the granting of permits and licences for the purposes of seabed petroleum or mineral exploration or recovery or development intended to facilitate seabed petroleum or mineral exploration or recovery.

(Minerals and Petroleum Legislation Amendment (Seabed Mining and Drilling and Associated Development Prohibition) Bill)

(Notice given 29 June 2023)

233. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Sydney phase of the Khalistan Referendum, a non-binding referendum intended to be a free and open expression of the Sikh community's views, was held on 4 June 2023, with more than 30,000 Sikhs voting under the supervision of the independent Punjab Referendum Commission,
 - (b) in earlier phases, 50,000 Sikhs cast their votes in January in Melbourne and 11,000 Sikhs cast their votes in March in Brisbane, and since October 2021 similar referendums have been held in seven cities in the United Kingdom as well as in Switzerland, Italy and Canada,
 - (c) Sikhs for Justice ultimately booked four different venues for the purpose of holding voting for the referendum, including Blacktown City Council's Stanhope Leisure Centre and the Sydney Masonic Centre, and
 - (d) all four venues cancelled on Sikhs for Justice without consultation, citing security and organisational issues, including Blacktown City Council, whose CEO advised the Sikh community on 12 May 2023 that the council cancelled because the booking "is in conflict with adopted Council policy and due to risks to Council staff, Council assets and members of the public which cannot be practicably mitigated".
- (2) That this House, while not adopting a position on the outcome of the referendum, affirms its commitment to democracy and the right of all members of the community to participate in peaceful democratic processes and calls on the Government to ensure that local councils have the necessary support and policies in place to ensure that such events can occur safely in the future.

(Notice given 29 June 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 34)

239. Mr Borsak to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) today Scouts NSW recognises the commitment to scouting in this state by awarding Adult Recognition Awards (ARA),
 - (b) the awards are for eminent achievement and exceptional service to Scouts Australia by an adult member in an active leadership role, over a long period, in a number of roles at various levels within the organisation, or for a unique and highly valued contribution to the wellbeing of Scouting,
 - (c) 288 adult members and supporters of Scouts NSW have been honoured today in the Scouts Australia Adult Recognition Awards as part of the Scout Association's observance of the founding of Scouting at the first Scout Camp held at Brownsea Island in the United Kingdom on 1 August 1907.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the contribution and invaluable role played by this year's ARA recipients and all volunteers and supporters of Scouts NSW.
- (3) That this House notes:
 - (a) the lifetime contribution and loss to Scouts in Australia and world-wide, with Lord Michael Baden-Powell's passing on 3 July 2023,
 - (b) that Michael's commitment to Scouting was reflected in his role as a scout leader in the United Kingdom before migrating to Australia, where he continued his service in key positions within the Victorian Scout Branch, and
 - (c) many people within and outside of the Scouting movement mourn the loss of Lord Michael Baden-Powell, including the Honourable Robert Borsak and his wife who were fortunate to be friend and host Michael and his wife Joan on several occasions.
- (4) That this House acknowledges:
 - (a) the loss of Lord Michael Baden-Powell and extends its' deepest sympathies to his family,
 - (b) the impact of Michael's contributions at the grassroots level, which will forever be cherished,
 - (c) Michael's unwavering love for attending Scouting events and engaging directly with Scout Groups during Section nights or special occasions which embodied the very essence of Scouting,
 - (d) Michael's dedication to making a difference in the lives of young people, which will be remembered as a guiding light for generations to come, and
 - (e) that Michael's legacy will continue to inspire Scouts NSW as it carries forth his vision, embraces the values of Scouting and empowers young individuals to become responsible and capable members of society.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

242. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Big W recently removed from its shelves all physical copies of the book entitled "Welcome to Sex" by Dr Melissa Kang and Yumi Stynes, supposedly after reports of employees being abused in stores,
 - (b) the book "Welcome to Sex" was written by experts in the field of sex education and was informed by 20 years of consultation with adolescents, including comprehensive interviews with young people and direct engagement with the magazine column entitled "Dolly Doctor" published in Girlfriend Magazine,
 - (c) comprehensive and informed sex education that begins during early childhood and continues throughout life is vital for encouraging healthy, safe and consenting sexual behaviours amongst young people and adolescents and increasing adolescents' confidence and ability to make informed decisions, and
 - (d) the argument by conservative groups and individuals that categorises the book as "grooming" is not only factually incorrect but also waters down the reality of grooming and invalidates the experiences of victim-survivors.

(2) That this House:

- (a) calls on Big W to immediately reverse its decision and put the book "Welcome to Sex" back on its shelves,
- (b) calls on all retailers to ensure a safe working environment for their employees by utilising existing laws and rights to refuse entry to any person who is abusive or disrespectful, and
- (c) re-affirms support for comprehensive, healthy and informed sex education that is available and accessible for all young people, adolescents, educators, parents and carers.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

244. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that, based on 2021-2022 financial year figures:
 - (a) New South Wales' coal-fired power stations emitted over 42 million tonnes of greenhouse gases, or around 36 per cent of the State's total greenhouse gas emissions,
 - (b) noting the recent closure of Liddell power station, Vales Point had the highest emissions intensity of the remaining coal-fired power stations in New South Wales (0.94 tCo2/MWh), followed by Bayswater (0.89 tCo2/MWh), then Eraring (0.88 tCo2/MWh) and finally Mount Piper (0.80),
 - (c) in terms of energy generation, Bayswater provided 14,861,932 MWh, Eraring 12,011,901, Vales Point 6,728,193 and Mount Piper 5,475,212, and
 - (d) it is estimated that Bayswater has around 480 employees, Eraring around 460, and Vales Point and Mount Piper each around 250.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that:

- (a) to move away from our reliance on coal and coal-fired power in an equitable and economically responsible way, we will need a well-managed transition plan driven by workers and communities, not left to the whims of big business,
- (b) on 11 May 2023 this House passed a motion committing to the establishment of a New South Wales energy transition authority,
- (c) a New South Wales energy transition authority is urgently needed to step in and establish a schedule of coal-fired power station closures that takes into account the needs of the workforce and impacted communities, the amount of energy production and the rate at which demand can be filled with other energy sources and the degree of emissions and other pollution each power station is responsible for, and
- (d) as the New South Wales Government is ultimately responsible for the clean up of each of these power station sites, including the minimisation and remediation of harm inflicted to the environment and surrounding communities, it should ensure that the current owners of these power stations contribute to the cost of that clean up.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to urgently establish a New South Wales energy transition authority and provide certainty for workers and industry by taking all steps necessary to mandate scheduled closure dates for the state's remaining coal-fired power stations.

245. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) energy provision is an essential public service which has been predominantly privatised in New South Wales,
 - (b) wealthier people are able to access cheaper energy sources more easily than people on lower incomes,
 - (c) the wholesale price of gas tripled last year, forcing more and more people into energy poverty,
 - (d) there are currently around 1.5 million homes in in New South Wales using gas, or with a gas connection, and another 35,000 are being added every year,
 - (e) gas is a fossil fuel, and one of the leading causes of the climate crisis, and the best way to reduce the climate impact of households is for them to go all electric.
 - (f) in addition to being expensive and polluting, gas is also unhealthy with research showing that using gas in our homes causes up to 12 per cent of childhood asthma, and
 - (g) making the switch from gas to electric will immediately benefit households by delivering cost of living relief from energy bills and price shocks.
- (2) That this House notes that the:
 - (a) Victorian Premier, Daniel Andrews, last week announced gas connections would be banned in new homes and government buildings built from next year, and
 - (b) electrifying a household is estimated to save \$1,000 on the average annual energy bill, or \$2,200 for a household with solar installed, while also reducing emissions.

(3) That this House calls on the Government to commence the electrification of New South Wales homes by banning new residential gas connections by 1 July 2024.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

255. Mr Farraway to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Manildra Group is a diverse agribusiness bringing the finest Australian food and industrial products to the world, and
 - (b) Manildra Group commenced operations in 1952 with the purchase of a flour mill in Manildra, in the Central West of New South Wales to supply bakeries in regional New South Wales and suburban Sydney.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that:
 - (a) the Manildra Group employs over 350 people in the Central West of New South Wales,
 - (b) the Manildra Group employs over 1,000 people nationally, with most of those jobs based in regional NSW, and
 - (c) the Manildra Group works closely with more than 5,000 farmers across the country supporting our national agriculture industry.
- (3) That this House congratulates Mr Dick Honan and the Honan family on celebrating over 70 years in business and investing into regional New South Wales by creating regionally based jobs right across the state.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

258. Ms Suvaal to move—

That this House:

- (a) notes that the NSW Farmers Conference was held from 18 to 20 July 2023 at Rosehill Racecourse, with a focus on "Feeding the Future",
- (b) acknowledges the speeches made by Premier Chris Minns MP and Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales, and Minister for Western New South Wales, Tara Moriarty, at NSW Farmers Conference, which affirmed the Government's commitment to supporting farmers across New South Wales,
- (c) welcomes the commitment by Premier Minns of \$13 million to tackle the rise in feral pig populations across the state, and
- (d) thanks NSW Farmers leadership, in particular President Xavier Symons and Chief Executive Officer Peter Arkle for their ongoing advocacy for the farming community in New South Wales.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

261. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes:
 - (a) the North Coast region of New South Wales has an alarming number and cluster of unsolved homicides and missing persons cases,
 - (b) that the homicides and disappearances of the following persons, amongst others, remain unsolved:
 - (i) Narelle Cox, disappeared from Grafton 1977,
 - (ii) Robyn Hickie, disappeared from Belmont 1979,
 - (iii) Amanda Robinson, disappeared from Swansea 1979,
 - (iv) Anneke Adriansen and Alan Fox, disappeared from Kempsey 1979,
 - (v) Lewis 'Buddy' Kelly, murdered in Kempsey 1983,
 - (vi) Hilda Clarke, disappeared from Coffs Harbour 1986,
 - (vii) Susan Isenhood, murdered in Taree 1986,
 - (viii) Lesley Waterhouse, murdered in Port Macquarie 1986,
 - (ix) Helen Madden, disappeared from Nambucca Heads 1988,
 - (x) Susan Kiely, disappeared from Bellingen 1989,
 - (xi) Evelyn Greenup, murdered in Bowraville 1990,
 - (xii) Colleen Walker-Craig, murdered in Bowraville 1990,
 - (xiii) Clinton Speedy-Deroux, murdered in Bowraville 1991,
 - (xiv) Bronwyn Winfield, disappeared from Lennox Head 1993,
 - (xv) Gordana Kotevski, disappeared from Charlestown 1994,
 - (xvi) Melissa Hunt, murdered in Stockrington 1994,
 - (xvii) Ineka Hinkley, murdered in Bellingen 1996,
 - (xviii) Margaret Cox, murdered in Taree 1996,
 - (xix) Lee Ellen Stace, murdered in Yamba 1997,
 - (xx) Lois Roberts, murdered in Nimbin 1998,
 - (xxi) Lucy MacDonald, disappeared from Lismore 2002,
 - (xxii) Margaret Gall, murdered in Raymond Terrace 2002,
 - (xxiii) Rose Howell, disappeared from Bellingen 2003,
 - (xxiv) Harmony Bryant, murdered in Bonny Hills 2003,
 - (xxv) Kylee-Ann Schaffer, disappeared from Willawarren 2004,
 - (xxvi) Roslyn Reay, murdered in Newcastle 2005,
 - (xxvii) Simone Strobel, murdered in Lismore 2005,
 - (xxviii) Amanda O'Dell, murdered in Kempsey 2006,
 - (xxix) Jasmine Morris, disappeared from Grafton 2009,
 - (xxx) Ellen Wilson, disappeared from Ballina 2015,
 - (c) that many of the victims were First Nations, from lower socioeconomic backgrounds, and women.
 - (d) that in many of these crimes there is a similar modus operandi of the perpetrator or perpetrators,
 - (e) that despite investigating, and NSW Police publicly speculating that some of these cases may be linked, there has never been a NSW Police Taskforce established to investigate these cases collectively,
 - (f) representatives of the NSW Police Association have publicly stated that lack of funding for homicide investigations in northern New South Wales had seriously impeded homicide cases being solved, and
 - (g) NSW Deputy Coroner Carl Milovanovich stated that investigations into the death of Lee Ellen Stace took "an inordinate time" and that in future homicide investigations "resourcing was paramount".

- (2) That this House supports the calls from families, friends and communities impacted by these egregious crimes for resourcing and an ongoing commitment from the Government to ensure that the truth is established, and justice is served in these matters.
- (3) That this House calls on the Premier and Government to:
 - (a) take the necessary action to cause a special commission of inquiry to be established into the unsolved homicides and disappearances of persons from northern New South Wales in the period from 1975 to the present,
 - (b) substantially increase all rewards for information that leads to a resolution or conviction in relation to these matters, and
 - (c) task the NSW Police State Crime Command and Unsolved Homicide Unit (UHU) with establishing a dedicated strike force to re-investigate these matters holistically.

264. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 1 July 2023 Australia became the first jurisdiction in the world to down-schedule MDMA and psilocybin, thus making them available for clinical treatments,
 - (b) these treatments offer exciting breakthroughs in the treatment of post-traumatic stress disorder and severe depression,
 - (c) these mental health issues affect an estimated two million Australians and have been notoriously difficult to manage with existing treatments,
 - (d) the move has been welcomed by Professor David Nutt, Head of Neuropsychopharmacology at Imperial College, who called it 'a landmark day for the tens of thousands of Australian families who are blighted by depression and post-traumatic stress disorder as they will have access to powerful new treatments with unique mechanisms of action', and
 - (e) this welcome move by the Therapeutic Goods Authority marks a further step towards the decriminalisation of drugs for medicinal purposes and the end to the irrational and highly damaging so-called 'war on drugs'.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to fund training courses for health care providers so those living with severe depression or post-traumatic stress disorder can avail themselves of these powerful new treatments.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

265. Mr Buttigieg to move—

(1) That this House notes that the Minns Labor Government is working to address the critical recruitment and retention issues in New South Wales' essential public services by offering public sector workers the highest wage increase they have received in over ten years, including a 4 per cent increase in salary and a 0.5 per cent increase in superannuation, while an Industrial Relations Taskforce considers a long-term approach to wage growth, with recommendations due at the end of the year.

- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 19 July 2023, the Public Service Association accepted the Government's wage offer of a 4 per cent increase in salary and a 0.5 per cent increase in superannuation to be back paid to 1 July 2023, which means that over 80,000 public sector workers, including Rural Fire Service workers, State Emergency Service workers, Service NSW workers, child protection workers, case workers, school support staff, prison officers, park rangers and public servants, will receive their biggest pay rise in more than ten years, and
 - (b) on 12 July 2023, Minister for Industrial Relations and Minister for Work Health and Safety, the Honourable Sophie Cotsis MP, announced the terms of reference for the Industrial Relations Taskforce, involving consideration of the:
 - (i) method to create a more consultative bargaining and negotiation process in the Industrial Relations Act 1996, allowing for genuine discussion between workers and workers' representatives with Government agencies regarding wages and ways to identify savings and productivity gains in exchange for salary increases,
 - (ii) functionality and effectiveness of the Industrial Relations Commission in resolving workplace disputes.

268. Ms Merton to move—

- (1) That this House calls on local councils to act and operate impartially regarding the expenditure of monies and resources in the upcoming Voice to Parliament referendum.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) residents and ratepayers hold a diverse array of views in relation to the referendum,
 - (b) several local councils have moved to support the 'Yes' case and many have committed ratepayer monies and resources to the 'Yes' campaign, and
 - (c) many local councils have, or intend to run, municipal 'information sessions' with only the 'Yes' case for constitutional change being promoted.
- (3) That this House further notes that these one-sided local government 'information sessions' are biased and lack objectivity, given the absence of the 'No' case for constitutional change.
- (4) That this House calls on local councils to ensure that any ratepayer monies used for the Voice referendum are expended in a responsible, transparent, fair and equitable manner, noting that their residents and ratepayers hold opinions both in favour of and against the proposed constitutional change.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

*269. Forestry Amendment (Timber Harvesting Safety Zones) Bill 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Mr Banasiak: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 2 August 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)

271. Mr Lawrence to move—

(1) That this House notes that:

- (a) the Government's Native Fish Stocking Program, located at the Narrandera Fisheries Centre, aims to regenerate populations of native fish impacted by environmental changes, and
- (b) the Narrandera Fisheries Centre is a world-class fisheries research and aquaculture facility that can produce native fingerlings, species including Murray Cod, Trout Cod, Golden Perch and Silver Perch.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the success of the Native Fish Stocking Program, that has bred and released a record 1.28 million Murray Cod into dams and waterways across New South Wales over the last year.
- (3) That this House commends the Minns Labor Government for its commitment to securing the future of our native fish.

272. Ms Mihailuk to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Anti-Discrimination Act 1977 provides broad protections from discrimination to individuals on the grounds of various personal attributes, including race, sex, disability, age, marital or domestic status, homosexuality, transgender status, and carer responsibilities,
 - (b) the Act does not make discrimination on the grounds of religious belief or activity unlawful.
 - (c) other than South Australia, New South Wales is the only state that does not include religious belief or activity as a protected ground from discrimination,
 - (d) over two years have passed since the report of the Joint Select Committee on the Anti-Discrimination Amendment (Religious Freedoms and Equality) Bill 2020 was finalised,
 - (e) the Committee's inquiry was extensive, receiving 192 submissions and undertaking four days of public hearings,
 - (f) the report made a number of findings, including Finding 3 that 68.1 per cent of respondents to its survey of 19,403 responses were supportive of a bill to protect individuals from discrimination on the grounds of religious beliefs or activities,
 - (g) the report made a number of recommendations, including that the NSW Government introduce a bill to make religious discrimination on the grounds of religious belief or activity unlawful under the Anti-Discrimination Act,
 - (h) recommendation 4 further provided that this amendment to the Act should be made without delay, notwithstanding the recommendation to undertake a broad-based review of the Anti-Discrimination Act as a whole, under which consideration could be made to adding further protections against religious vilification,
 - (i) the former Attorney-General responded to the Select Committee's Report in September 2021 on behalf of the NSW Government, indicating that the Government would defer amending the Anti-Discrimination Act until the Federal Government passed its own Religious Discrimination Bill 2019,

- (j) the Federal Religious Discrimination Bill 2019 included s 60, which in effect expressed the intention for the Federal legislation not to impede the operation of any State laws, nor 'cover the field' in relation to s 109 of the Constitution,
- (k) five years have passed since the Religious Freedom Review Expert Panel submitted its report to the Federal Government, which included recommendation 16 that: "New South Wales and South Australia should amend their antidiscrimination laws to render it unlawful to discriminate on the basis of a person's 'religious belief or activity' including on the basis that a person does not hold any religious belief In doing so, consideration should be given to providing for the appropriate exceptions and exemptions, including for religious bodies, religious schools and charities.",
- (1) the Religious Discrimination Bill 2019 failed to pass Federal Parliament before the end the fomer Federal Government's term, and
- (m) the NSW Government has not advanced any bill to amend the Anti-Discrimination Act to protect individuals from discrimination on the grounds of religious belief or activity.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to urgently implement recommendation 16 of the Religious Freedom Review Expert Panel, and recommendation 1 of the Joint Select Committee report, to protect individuals in New South Wales from discrimination on the grounds of religious belief or activity without further delay.

274. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Secretary General of the United Nations has declared that the era of global warming has ended and the era of global boiling has arrived,
 - (b) we are in a global climate crisis, characterised by rising global temperatures, extreme weather events, and the loss of precious ecosystems,
 - (c) methane, the primary component of natural gas, is a greenhouse gas with a significantly higher global warming potential than carbon dioxide over a short time frame,
 - (d) methane leaks during gas extraction, transportation and distribution can result in substantial fugitive emissions—a Brown University study recently found that a league rate of just 0.2 per cent is on par with coal,
 - (e) investing in gas infrastructure as a transition fuel can create a lock-in effect, hindering the transition to renewable energy and undermining efforts to achieve a net zero target, and
 - (f) the approval of any gas project or associated infrastructure in New South Wales is a huge and irresponsible step toward climate disaster.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) rule out the approval of any new gas projects or associated infrastructure, including the Hunter Gas Pipeline,
 - (b) keep coal and gas in the ground and ensure the end of coal and gas by 2030 at the latest,
 - (c) commit to a net zero target by 2035, and

(d) establish a roadmap to guide us to net zero and take urgent, proactive steps to deliver it.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

275. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House recognises:
 - (a) the likely potential for global civilisation and environmental collapse if average temperatures continue to rise at unprecedented rates,
 - (b) the burning of exported fossil fuels like coal that are mined in Australia are among the leading drivers of the warming climate and restrict investment in lower emissions technologies here and around the world,
 - (c) New South Wales exported:
 - (i) 115 million tonnes of coal in 2011,
 - (ii) 162 million tonnes of coal in 2020,
 - (iii) 164 million tonnes of coal in 2021, an increase of 30 per cent over 10 years, and
 - (d) New South Wales is responsible for 45 per cent of the annual coal exports in Australia and is in a unique position to significantly impact the amount of carbon dioxide that is changing the global climate.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) unlike other jurisdictions in Australia and internationally, New South Wales lacks an effective, whole-of-government legal framework for responding to climate change,
 - (b) although the NSW Government has a Minister for Climate Change, there is no Climate Change Act that can respond to the rapidly expanding range of climate change issues that are faced by residents of New South Wales, and
 - (c) there is no dedicated Climate Change Division within the Premiers' Department to ensure that responses to climate change are coordinated.
- (3) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the New South Wales planning system has a key role to play in:
 - mitigating climate change through reducing contributions to greenhouse gas emissions.
 - (ii) adapting to and planning to live with the impacts of climate change we are already experiencing and which are projected for the future,
 - (b) the NSW Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 fails to comprehensively incorporate climate change considerations into planning and development processes, and
 - (c) there is a clear need for root and branch reforms to the planning system that recognise, mitigate and adapt to the era of climate change.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) introduce a Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation Act to:
 - (i) set binding ambitious targets and ongoing obligations as duties for all ministers,
 - (ii) mobilise a whole-of-government obligation to ensure that the Government is meeting its duty of care to the residents of New South Wales, and

(b) introduce a bill to amend the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act that will create a duty to consider all impacts and carbon equivalent emissions from any project and to refuse any project that cannot be operated in a carbon neutral manner.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

276. Mr Nanva to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the festival sector has dealt with hardship over recent years, with COVID-19 hitting the ecosystem of professionals whose livelihoods are directly tied to live music particularly hard,
 - (b) Splendour in the Grass was held on Friday 21 July 2023 to Sunday 24 July 2023 in Byron Bay, and the festival industry is bouncing back, and
 - (c) music festivals make an important economic and cultural contribution to New South Wales.
- (2) That this House recognises that at Splendour in the Grass, the Australian Festival Association (AFA) announced a new partnership with youth music organisation 'The Push' on a new music mentoring program, through which 20 young people will be placed with AFA members over the next three years, giving young people the opportunity to participate and thrive in Australian music.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

278. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) there have been longstanding concerns about the methodology used to estimate brumby populations in Kosciuszko National Park,
 - (b) a new report prepared by independent biostatistician, Claire Galea, has found there are significant flaws in the survey methodology being used to count the number of brumbies, and that insufficient numbers of brumbies were sighted in previous surveys to apply statistical modelling techniques to accurately estimate the brumby population,
 - (c) to give just one example of the problems with the methodology, Ms Galea describes a scenario where there were insufficient horses seen in the raw count, so the number of horses sighted in both the years 2014 and 2019 were simply added together,
 - (d) these population modelling techniques have often resulted in implausible population increases and other statistical anomalies—for example, in 2019, the overall number of wild horses seen in North Kosciuszko was 1,374 yet the population estimate was 15,687, over 1,000 per cent higher than the actual number of horses seen,
 - (e) these flawed population modelling techniques are also used to estimate kangaroo numbers in New South Wales, and came under intense scrutiny by Labor and other MPs during the inquiry into the health and wellbeing of kangaroos and other macropods in New South Wales, which found that the methodology was not transparent and needed to be reviewed by an independent body,

- (f) in addition to the report by Ms Claire Galea, an independent count of brumbies in the Park was conducted in early 2023—the count covered the same 15 areas surveyed by National Parks and Wildlife Service helicopters, but found only 653 horses—less than one third of the 2,018 horses found by NPWS in 2021,
- (g) these reports and inquiry findings reaffirm what local brumby advocates and residents have been saying for many years—there is simply not the number of brumbies in Kosciuszko National Park that has been claimed, and that other sources of damage—including the climate emergency and overdevelopment—are being ignored, and
- (h) in light of the mounting evidence, it is imperative that the Government stop any killing and trapping of brumbies in Kosciuszko National Park, and conduct an independent review of the methods used to survey and estimate brumby populations, including the publication of photo or video images to validate any raw counts.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to immediately cease killing and trapping of brumbies in Kosciuszko National Park, and urgently conduct an independent review of the methods used to survey and estimate brumby populations.

279. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that the:
 - (a) CEO of Greyhound Racing NSW has been referred to the Independent Commission Against Corruption and the NSW Ombudsman, to investigate complaints regarding internal governance operations of the industry racing body,
 - (b) complaints were brought forward by a former executive of Greyhound Racing NSW, who had direct exposure to and experience of the operations and culture of the industry body,
 - (c) concerns detailed extensive and serious conflicts of interest within the racing body, and a very negative workplace culture that saw a mass departure of senior executives, directors and staff, and
 - (d) general culture and lack of transparency of the racing body exposed in the ICAC complaint is characteristic of the greyhound racing industry in New South Wales, which has been plagued with constant criticism for failing basic animal welfare standards, exposés of illegal activity and public outcry against the industry's treatment of animals as so-called wastage.
- (2) That this House calls on the NSW Government to acknowledge that the recurring problems with the industry cannot be fixed by regulation, and that the time is long past due to ban greyhound racing.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

280. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on Saturday, 29 July 2023, protestors gathered to protest the cruel treatment of kangaroos outside the Adidas Flagship Store in Sydney,

- (b) Adidas is one of the world's biggest purchasers of kangaroo skin, which it uses to make football boots,
- (c) protestors came together to raise awareness of the inherent cruelty behind the use of kangaroo skin and celebrated the commitments of Nike and Puma to stop using kangaroo-leather,
- (d) the commercial kangaroo killing industry in Australia has been the subject of decades of recurring scrutiny and criticism regarding animal cruelty and misleading projections for kangaroo populations,
- (e) kangaroos suffer shocking treatment in the commercial industry, with overwhelming evidence of slow and painful deaths that fail basic animal welfare standards,
- (f) joeys are treated as 'collateral damage' in the industry, often killed by blunt force trauma or left to die from exposure or predation,
- (g) in light of these concerns, numerous other non-sporting brands have also committed to a future without kangaroo-leather, including Versace, Prada, Chanel, H&M and Paul Smith, and there is mounting pressure in the US and the EU to ban the import of kangaroo products from Australia, and
- (h) bashing joey's heads in is a terrible price to pay for a pair of shoes.
- (2) That this House calls on the NSW Government to acknowledge the unacceptable cruelty in the commercial kangaroo killing industry, ban the use of kangaroo skin in commercial products and take urgent steps to properly protect our native animals.

281. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 20 July 2023, the last remaining dolphinarium in New South Wales, Dolphin Marine Conservation Park, announced it had entered voluntary administration,
 - (b) the decline of this dolphinarium is reflective of widespread public concern and rejection of breeding and keeping wild animals in captivity to perform circus-style tricks,
 - (c) in 2021, in recognition of this public shift, the Liberal-National government introduced regulations which outlawed the breeding and importation of cetaceans for entertainment, ensuring that no new dolphinariums can set up in New South Wales, and no further dolphins could be born into a life of captivity,
 - (d) there are serious concerns about the fate of the animals remaining at Dolphin Marine Conservation Park, including the three remaining dolphins: Bella, Zippy and Jet,
 - (e) bottlenose dolphins are not endangered, and these dolphins were not rescued or rehabilitated from the wild—rather, they were born in captivity and have been forced to live in small, chlorinated pools and perform circus style tricks, despite overwhelming evidence that good welfare cannot be achieved for dolphins in captivity,
 - (f) animal protection advocates have long raised concern about the lack of investment in viable retirement plans for animals in this declining industry, such as building a sea sanctuary, leaving the animals at Dolphin Marine Conservation Park with very limited options to be rehomed, and

- (g) there is an urgent need for the NSW Government to invest in a sea sanctuary that can be used for genuine rescue, rehabilitation and release of injured and retired animals, rather than allowing this work to be left to dolphinariums like Dolphin Marine Conservation Park.
- (2) That this House calls on the NSW Government to commence work to build a sea sanctuary, and fund its ongoing operation as a genuine rescue and rehabilitation location for wild and retired marine animals.

282. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 14 July 2023, an independent report was released on the operation of the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA),
 - (b) the report contained some damning findings about the state of the APVMA, including poor governance, workplace culture and leadership, high staff turnover and an unacceptably high number of workplace complaints,
 - (c) most concerningly, the report found regulatory capture within the APVMA, including close relationships and alignment with industry interests, and a lack of enforcement and regulatory action against industry,
 - (d) these findings should be of deep concern to the NSW Government, as our state departments and agencies rely on the advice and approvals of the APVMA in relation to the use of many dangerous chemicals,
 - (e) one of these chemicals is 1080 poison, a cruel and inhumane poison that continues to be approved in new forms by the APVMA, such as the new automated 'Felixer grooming device' which poses a serious risk to all animals, and
 - (f) the APVMA was also responsible for approving the use of Fipronil on bees—a poison banned in the United States, United Kingdom and European Union, which poses a serious threat to native bees, insects and humans, and will make infected hives toxic for up to 3 years, and yet has been allowed in Australia.
- (2) That this House calls on the NSW Government to urgently contact the Federal Government to determine what impact the regulatory capture of the APVMA has had on the approval of dangerous poisons chemicals and seek independent advice as to whether these chemicals should continue to be allowed to be used in New South Wales.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

284. Ms Hurst to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created since 1 July 2021 in the possession, custody or control of the Department of Regional NSW or Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales, and Minister for Western New South Wales relating to community sentiment polling about the NSW Shark Management Program or Strategy:

- (a) all documents, including any reports or draft reports, regarding the findings, outcomes or recommendations of any community surveys or public polling conducted since July 2021 regarding the NSW Shark Management Program or Strategy, and
- (b) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

285. Ms Hurst to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents, created since 1 May 2023, in the possession, custody or control of the Department of Planning and Environment, Minister for Local Government or Tweed Shire Council relating to the impoundment of a dog called Buddy at Tweed Shire Council Pound:

- (a) all internal and external correspondence sent or received in relation to Buddy referenced by name, owner, microchip number 953010006417762 or reference number IMP23/0091,
- (b) all reports, statements and assessments produced or received regarding Buddy's breed, behaviour or temperament,
- (c) all documents, including decisions by Tweed Shire Council, regarding Buddy's care, behaviour and euthanasia, and
- (d) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

286. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Mining Act 1992 and the Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991 to prohibit the granting of mining authorisations and petroleum titles for the purposes of coal mining and gas drilling and the amendment of existing authorisations and titles to expand mines and gas drilling operations; and for related purposes.

(Mining and Petroleum Legislation Amendment (Prohibition of New Coal Mining and Gas Drilling) Bill)

(Notice given 1 August 2023)

287. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an An Act to amend the Gaming Machines Act 2001 to require gaming machines in hotels and clubs to exclusively use cashless gaming cards; to make further provision for other gambling harm reduction measures; and for related purposes.

(Gaming Machines Amendment (Cashless Gaming Cards) Bill)

(Notice given 1 August 2023)

288. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that July 2023 has just been declared the hottest July on record, and further, that:
 - (a) Greece is experiencing its worst fires on record, especially on the islands of Rhodes and Corfu, as three successive heatwaves hit the country in the past two weeks where five people have died, including two firefighting pilots,
 - (b) in Italy, firefighters have fought more than 3,200 wildfires in southern Italy, nearly half of them in Sicily and almost 900 in Puglia,
 - (c) in Algeria, 34 people died, including 10 soldiers who were evacuating residents,
 - (d) in Croatia, firefighters worked last week to stop a massive wildfire reaching Dubrovnik,
 - (e) it's a similar story in Spain, Portugal, Turkiye, Tunisia, the United States and Canada too is having its worst wildfire season on record,
 - (f) in Canada, the government of Nova Scotia declared a state of emergency on 22 July 2023 in response to severe flooding when they recorded more than a quarter of a metre of rain in 24 hours, with two children and several adults swept away in floodwaters,
 - (g) in the United States, Graves County in Kentucky set a new record for most rainfall in a 24 hour period, leading to one of 11 flash flood emergencies in as many days in that country, claiming multiple lives including toddlers and babies who were swept away,
 - (h) flash floods and landslides have claimed at least 91 lives in northern India and at least 46 in South Korea, and at least 20,000 people have been displaced due to flooding in China, and
 - (i) in Antarctica, scientists have observed sea ice at an all-time low, following all-time lows in 2016, 2017 and 2022, and the sea ice extent has been unable to recover this winter.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the International Energy Agency said two years ago that investors should not fund new oil, gas and coal supply projects if the world wants to reach net zero emissions by 2050,
 - (b) last week, Antonio Guterres said that 'all this is entirely consistent with predictions and repeated warnings. The only surprise is the speed of the change. Climate change is here, it is terrifying, and it is just the beginning', and
 - (c) there are currently 8 coal expansions, as well as the Santos Narrabri CSG project, before the Government which, if approved, would be collectively responsible for more than 1.5 billion tonnes of greenhouse gas emissions.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to declare a climate emergency and commit to no new coal and gas mines or extensions in New South Wales.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

289. Ms Faehrmann to move—

(1) That this House notes that:

- (a) there are currently more than 500 bus driver vacancies across Sydney for a workforce of about 7,000;
- (b) New South Wales is currently experiencing higher rates of bus service cancellations since the privatisation of bus services by the former government, and
- (c) under current privatisation agreements, private bus operators are incentivised to cancel late bus services to increase their 'on time' service key performance indicators.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that:
 - (a) the privatisation of bus services has resulted in limited service delivery, higher costs for passengers and worse pay and conditions for bus drivers, and
 - (b) most service cancellations and other service failures are a direct result of the privatisation of bus services by the former government.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to release to the public the detail of all options available to it to put bus services back into public hands and to make public the contracts entered into with private operators to provide bus services to the people of New South Wales.

290. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) according to the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, today's concentration of methane in the atmosphere is higher than at any time in the last 800,000 years, and methane has contributed around 30 per cent of observed global warming to date,
 - (b) using the most recent data from the International Energy Agency's Global Methane Tracker, the Institute for Energy Economics and Financial Analysis estimates that in 2022, Australia's coal mines were responsible for about 82 per cent more fugitive methane emissions than official statistics show,
 - (c) in 2019, fugitive emissions were responsible for 15 per cent of all New South Wales' emissions, instead of 8 per cent as officially reported,
 - (d) fugitive emissions could account for up to 20 per cent of all New South Wales' emissions by 2030, and
 - (e) on 23 October 2022, Australia signed the Global Methane Pledge, which aims to reduce global methane emissions across all sectors by at least 30 per cent below 2020 levels by 2030.
- (2) That this House further notes that:
 - (a) the information currently used by the Government to determine fugitive methane emissions are wholly based on data provided by coal, oil and gas companies, and
 - (b) the extent of fugitive emissions from coal and gas mines makes achieving our State's targets of a 50 per cent emissions reduction on 2005 levels by 2030 and net zero emissions by 2050 impossible, unless significantly reined in.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to reassure the people of New South Wales that it will meet its emission reduction targets by:

- (a) strengthening methane reporting requirements so that they are independently monitored, reported and made public,
- (b) setting strict timelines for mining companies to reduce their fugitive emissions in line with these targets, and
- (c) committing to not approving any new coal or gas in New South Wales.

291. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) since August 2020, there have been 23 targeted fatal shootings across Sydney which police believe are linked to the underworld and organised crime,
 - (b) NSW Police have acknowledged that these shootings have been caused by a claim for drug territories,
 - (c) senior police sources have warned that drug busts that do not result in arrests increase the likelihood of violence as criminals take retribution into their own hands,
 - (d) in 2022, the Australian Criminal Intelligence Commission (ACIC) estimated Australians spent \$10.3 billion a year on illegal drugs,
 - (e) in its Illicit Drug Data Report for 2019 to 2029 the ACIC stated that the number of cocaine detections at the Australian border increased 447 per cent over the last decade, from 486 in the 2010/2011 period to 2,660 in the 2019/2020 period, and
 - (f) that same report estimates that around 5.6 tonnes of cocaine was consumed annually in Australia, an increase from the estimated 4.6 tonnes of cocaine consumed in the previous year.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to admit that the war on drugs has been an abject and grossly expensive failure and to put all options on the table for a new health and evidenced-based approach to drugs to reduce harm and save lives.

(Notice given 1 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 35)

292. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) unless a decision is made otherwise, the NSW Shark Meshing Program will commence from 1 September 2023, with nets due to be in place at 51 beaches between Newcastle and Wollongong over the following 8 months,
 - (b) on 29 July 2023, it was reported that the Mayor of Waverley Council has called for "better options" for Bondi Beach than the Shark Meshing Program, while four local councils—Randwick, Northern Beaches, Central Coast and Wollongong—all confirmed they will continue advocating against the use of shark nets at local beaches, and
 - (c) last year's Performance Report for the Government's Shark Meshing Program showed that for the 2021/2022 season, 376 marine animals were caught in shark nets, 234 of which died, including:

- 149 non-target sharks including 14 critically endangered grey nurse sharks, 5 of which died.
- (ii) 130 rays including Southern Eagle Rays, Australian Cownose Rays, Black Stingrays, White Spotted Eagle Rays, Smooth Stingrays and a White Spotted Guitarfish,
- (iii) 40 turtles including 19 threatened Green Turtles, 16 Leatherback Turtles and 4 Loggerhead Turtles, the highest of any season since records began, with only 48 per centof those surviving,
- (iv) that 80 per cent of shark encounters in Sydney have actually happened at netted beaches.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to end the use of shark nets in New South Wales and invest in non-lethal alternative methods including drone surveillance, 'clever buoys', support for community observer programs, resources for lifeguards with observer towers and increased signage and swim and surfer education programs.

293. Mrs Taylor to move—

This House notes that:

- (a) this week we acknowledged World Lung Cancer Day on 1 August 2023,
- (b) lung cancer is Australia's biggest cancer killer and each year it takes more lives than breast and prostate cancer combined,
- (c) anyone can get lung cancer as 1 in 5 people living with lung cancer have no smoking history,
- (d) Australians living with lung cancer can at times experience stigma, but they always deserve equitable support and care, and
- (e) in 2025, a targeted National Lung Cancer Screening Program will roll out across Australia this will save thousands of lives.

(Notice given 2 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 36)

296. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges and celebrates National Student Volunteer Week 2023 from 7 August 2023 to 13 August 2023.
- (2) That this House commends the efforts and dedication of student volunteers across New South Wales and Australia.
- (3) That this House recognises the importance of promoting volunteering opportunities to students and young people, encouraging their active engagement in community projects and charitable endeavours.
- (4) That this House embraces the theme Give. Grow. Belong. for National Student Volunteer Week 2023, acknowledging the significance of sharing, personal growth, and community connection, with:
 - (a) 'give' emphasising the act of selfless sharing sharing time, skills, or talents, which lies at the heart ofvolunteerism,

- (b) 'grow' symbolising the transformative impact that volunteerism has on personal wellbeing, fostering a sense of fulfillment and purpose, and
- (c) 'belong' underscoring the profound connection that forms when students come together to contribute collectively to their communities, forging bonds that strengthen social cohesion.
- (5) That this House affirms its commitment to fostering a culture of volunteerism and civic engagement among the youth of New South Wales.

297. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges that National Meals on Wheels Week, held on Wednesday 30 August 2023, aims to promote awareness and appreciation for the valuable services provided by Meals on Wheels programs in New South Wales and across Australia.
- (2) That this House commends the significant contributions of Meals on Wheels in addressing food insecurity and malnutrition among vulnerable populations, particularly the elderly, disabled and homebound individuals.
- (3) That this House recognises all volunteers and staff members associated with Meals on Wheels for their dedication and compassion in delivering nutritious meals to those in need.
- (4) That this House emphasises the significance of promoting awareness about Meals on Wheels services and encourages Members to engage in acts of kindness and support for the program and similar initiatives.

(Notice given 2 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 36)

298. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

- (1) That this House notes that Dementia Action Week is an annual initiative that plays a crucial role in raising awareness about dementia and its impact on individuals and their families, and is scheduled to take place from Monday 18 September to Sunday 24 September 2023 with World Alzheimer's Day occurring on Thursday 21 September 2023.
- (2) That this House notes that this year's theme, Act Now for a Dementia-Friendly Future, underscores the urgent need for collective action to create an inclusive and supportive environment for people living with dementia and their caregivers.
- (3) That this House further notes that since 2019, the central focus of the Dementia Action Week campaign has been to combat stigma and discrimination faced by individuals with dementia and their carers through:
 - (a) encouraging greater understanding creating dementia-friendly communities leads to less fear and greater understanding of dementia's complexities and challenges,
 - (b) combatting stigma and discrimination education and awareness campaigns to diminish stigma and discrimination associated with dementia and by promoting empathy and compassion towards those affected,

(c) enhancing support and systems - dementia-friendly communities which ensure that people living with dementia receive the necessary support, access better systems and are empowered to lead fulfilling lives in their communities for an extended period.

(Notice given 2 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 36)

306. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House affirms its support for plans by the Government to establish a Great Koala National Park on the Mid North Coast of New South Wales.
- (2) That this House notes:
 - (a) that since April 2023 and over the next 12 months, the Forestry Corporation is intending to log over 1,300 hectares of native forest land in 28 koala hubs within public forests that are critical to a Great Koala National Park,
 - (b) the failure of the Government to publicly commence consultation with any group or organisation apart from the Forestry Corporation about the Great Koala National Park, and
 - (c) that failure to protect koala hubs in areas of state forest which are critical to a Great Koala National Park, constitutes a broken election promise to the residents of New South Wales.
- (3) That this House conveys apologies to:
 - (a) the Gumbaynggirr people for failing to respect Gumbaynggirr Country, culture and lore,
 - (b) the residents of New South Wales who have elected a new Government in the hope that senseless native forest logging would end, and
 - (c) the koalas and all forest dependent species in New South Wales which are threatened with extinction as a result of ongoing native forest logging.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to create the Great Koala National Park by 1 December 2023 at the latest, and to immediately and publicly communicate their work to date on the establishment of the Great Koala National Park.

(Notice given 3 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 37)

308. Mrs Mitchell to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) National Skills Week takes place from 21 to 27 August 2023,
 - (b) Skills Week celebrates a wide range of industries and the skills, talents and career pathways of students, apprentices and trainees,
 - (c) the theme of Skills Week, titled "What are you looking for?", showcases the educational and professional prospects that arise from the paths of vocational education and training (VET),
 - (d) almost 3000 students are currently undertaking a school-based traineeship in New South Wales public schools, and

- (e) New South Wales has more trainees and apprentices in training compared to any other state or territory.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the important role that vocational education and training plays in creating a strong and vibrant economy.

310. Mrs Taylor to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges the importance of National Stroke Week, which was held on 7 to 13 August 2023, in raising awareness about stroke prevention, symptoms, and the importance of timely medical intervention.
- (2) That this House recognises the significant impact strokes have on individuals, families and communities, and the need for increased efforts in stroke research, treatment and support services.
- (3) That this House highlights the crucial role played by the Liberal and National Government in establishing the NSW Telestroke Service, which has been instrumental in supporting the state's regions since its launch in March 2020 and has benefited more than 2,500 patients who experienced a stroke in regional and rural areas of New South Wales through life-changing treatment.
- (4) That this House notes the significance of National Stroke Week in celebrating the collective efforts of public and healthcare workers, highlighting their capacity as everyday Australians who can promptly respond to medical emergencies and save lives by being aware of and recognising the 'F.A.S.T.' signs of stroke.
- (5) That this House commends the vital role played by organisations such as St John Ambulance NSW, who manages National Stroke Week along with the Stroke Foundation, in providing cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) training and other lifesaving skills that can improve stroke outcomes.
- (6) That this House applauds the dedication and commitment of healthcare professionals, volunteers and caregivers who tirelessly work to improve the quality of life for stroke survivors and their families, offering support, rehabilitation and assistance throughout their recovery journey.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

312. Mr D'Adam to move—

- (1) That this House notes the important work being done to progress a Disability Inclusive Disaster Risk Reduction Framework by the Centre for Disability Research and Policy at the University of Sydney and the NSW Government.
- (2) That this House notes that the Disability Inclusive Disaster Risk Reduction Framework is comprised of three key practical aspects:
 - (a) a Person-Centred Emergency Preparedness (P-CEP) toolkit,
 - (b) Disability Inclusive Emergency Planning (DIEP) forums, and
 - (c) a maturity reporting card for councils.

(3) That this House acknowledges the need to place people and their support needs at the centre of disability inclusive emergency planning.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

314. Ms Munro to move—

- (1) That this House recognises:
 - (a) that Tuesday 15 August 2023 marked the 77th Indian Independence Day,
 - (b) the date marks the realisation of India's legislative sovereignty in 1947 following Britain's colonisation of the nation in 1858,
 - (c) that India is the world's largest democratic nation by population,
 - (d) the first time the tricolour Indian flag was officially raised anywhere in the world on the first Indian Independence Day in 1947 was in Canberra, Australia,
 - (e) the significance of the Ashoka Chakra wheel depicted on India's tricolour flag which represents movement and peaceful change,
 - (f) that bilateral merchandise trade between New South Wales and India was valued at \$3.9 billion in 2016-2017, accounting for around 20% of Australia's trade with India, and
 - (g) that in 2016-2017 India was New South Wales' seventh-largest merchandise export market.
- (2) That this House welcomes ongoing trade relations with India, including through the dedicated Mumbai-based Investment New South Wales office opened under the Coalition Government in 2022.
- (3) That this House congratulates:
 - (a) former Premier, the Honourable Barry O'Farrell AO, on his successful term as Australia's High Commissioner to India, and
 - (b) Mr Philip Green OAM on his appointment to the position of Australia's High Commissioner to India on 16 June 2023.
- (4) That this House celebrates
 - (a) the Indian diaspora who have made New South Wales home, with around 175,000 people accounting for approximately 38% of the total Indian diaspora in Australia,
 - (b) the 58 registered Indian associations and 11 cultural organisations in New South Wales, and
 - (c) the contribution of Australia's Indian diaspora to culture, the economy and politics in New South Wales.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

317. Ms Suvaal to move—

- (1) That this House notes:
 - (a) the importance of healthy inland waterways and coastal systems to the future of our native fish populations,
 - (b) that recreational fishing groups, land managers and community groups can access funds of up to \$40,000 to support projects aimed at improving fish habitats, and
 - (c) that the Habitat Action Grant Program is supported with funds from the Recreational Fishing Trusts, raised through New South Wales recreational fishing fees.
- (2) That this House congratulates members of the Recreational Fishing Trust Expenditure Committees and the Recreational Fishing NSW Advisory Council for prioritising ongoing investment into improving recreational fishing in New South Wales and doing so through a sustainable funding model.
- (3) That this House affirms the Government's commitment to improving recreational fishing participation, sustainability and accessibility.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

318. Ms Suvaal to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Farm Safety Week was held this year from 16 to 23 July 2023,
 - (b) the week is an opportunity for farmers, farm workers and agricultural communities to promote farm safety, and
 - (c) this year's campaign, 'Stay on the safe side' focused on tractor, vehicle and machinery safety, to raise awareness of the alarming injury and fatality statistics attributed to these agents, and to promote the safe use of farm machinery.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Farmsafe Australia launched its annual Safer Farms Report on 16 July 2023, highlighting 2022 injury and fatality statistics as well as those for the first 6 months of 2023,
 - (b) agriculture continues to be one of the most dangerous industries to work in, and
 - (c) in 2022, 55 farmers lost their lives on Australian farms.
- (3) That this House commends Farmsafe Australia for raising awareness of safety issues to reduce injury and fatality on farm and protect the wellbeing of farmers and their families.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

321. Mrs Ward to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 14 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created since 28 March 2023 in the possession, custody or control of the Premier, the Minister for Transport, the Special Minister of State, Minister for Roads, Minister for the Arts, Minister for Music and the Night-time Economy and Minister for Jobs and

Tourism, the Minister for Regional Transport and Roads, Transport for NSW, the Department of Transport, The Cabinet Office, the Premier's Department or the Public Service Commission relating to the appointment of Mr Josh Murray as Secretary of Transport for NSW:

- (a) all communication between the Premier's Department and the Public Service Commissioner since 14 April 2023,
- (b) all communications including text messages, instant messenger services and phone logs since 28 March 2023 between the Minister for Transport, or the office of the Minister for Transport, and:
 - (i) the Premier,
 - (ii) the office of the Premier,
 - (iii) any persons at Transport for NSW,
 - (iv) Mr Josh Murray,
- (c) all communications between the Acting Secretary of the Premier's Department and the Public Service Commissioner since 14 April 2023,
- (d) all communications between the Premier's Department and NGS Global since 14 April 2023,
- (e) all communications between the Premier's Department and the office of the Minister for Transport since 14 April 2023,
- (f) all communications between the Secretary of Transport for NSW and Mr Scott Gartrell since 14 August 2023,
- (g) all communications between the Acting Secretary of the Premier's Department and Mr Scott Gartrell since 14 April 2023,
- (h) all communications between Mr Scott Gartrell and the Public Service Commissioner since 14 April 2023, and
- (i) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

322. Mrs Ward to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 14 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created since 28 March 2023 in the possession, custody or control of the Premier, the Minister for Transport, the Special Minister of State, Minister for Roads, Minister for the Arts, Minister for Music and the Night-time Economy and Minister for Jobs and Tourism, the Minister for Regional Transport and Roads, Transport for NSW, the Department of Transport, The Cabinet Office, or the Premier's Department relating to the termination of Mr Rob Sharp as Secretary and the appointment of Mr Howard Collins as Coordinator-General of Transport for NSW:

- (a) all documents relating to the termination of employment of Mr Rob Sharp as Secretary of Transport for NSW,
- (b) all documents relating to the appointment of Mr Howard Collins as Acting Secretary of Transport for NSW,
- (c) all documents relating to the public announcement of the termination of Mr Rob Sharp as Secretary of Transport for NSW,
- (d) all documents relating to public announcement of the appointment of Mr Howard Collins as Acting Secretary of Transport for NSW,

- (e) all minutes discussing the termination of Mr Rob Sharp as Secretary and the appointment of Mr Collins as Acting Secretary of Transport for NSW,
- (f) all briefs or briefings, however described, including attachments sent to, signed by, drafted by, received by or approved by, the Premier, the Minister for Transport, the Minister for Roads, the Minister for Regional Transport and Roads, or the Acting Secretary of the Premier's Department in relation to the termination of Mr Rob Sharp as Secretary of Transport for NSW and the appointment of Mr Howard Collins as Acting Secretary of Transport for NSW,
- (g) all communications, including emails, text messages or instant message services, between any of the following persons or offices regarding the termination of Mr Rob Sharp as Secretary of Transport for NSW and the appointment of Mr Howard Collins as Acting Secretary of Transport for NSW:
 - (i) the Minister for Transport,
 - (ii) the office of the Minister for Transport,
 - (iii) the Minister for Roads,
 - (iv) the office of the Minister for Roads,
 - (v) the Minister for Regional Transport and Roads,
 - (vi) the office of the Minister for Regional Transport and Roads,
 - (vii) the Premier,
 - (viii) the office of the Premier,
 - (ix) any person employed by Transport for NSW or the Department of Transport,
- (h) all documents, including the public announcement, relating to the First Report of the NSW Bus Industry Taskforce announced on 14 August 2023,
- (i) all communications relating to the First Report of the NSW Bus Industry Taskforce announced on 14 August 2023 from:
 - (i) the Minister for Transport,
 - (ii) the office of the Minister for Transport,
 - (iii) the Chair of the Bus Industry Taskforce, Mr John Lee,
 - (iv) Transport for NSW,
- (j) all documents relating to the creation of the position of Coordinator-General at Transport for NSW and the appointment of Mr Howard Collins to the position of Coordinator-General inside Transport for NSW,
- (k) all communications, including emails, text messages or instant message services, between any of the following persons regarding the First Report of the NSW Bus Industry Taskforce and the appointment of Mr Howard Collins as Coordinator-General in Transport for NSW:
 - (i) the Minister for Transport,
 - (ii) the office of the Minister for Transport,
 - (iii) the Minister for Roads,
 - (iv) the office of the Minister for Roads,
 - (v) the Minister for Regional Transport and Roads,
 - (vi) the office of the Minister for Regional Transport and Roads,
 - (vii) the Premier,
 - (viii) the office of the Premier,
 - (ix) the Acting Secretary of Transport for NSW until 3 August 2023,
 - (x) the Secretary of Transport for NSW,
 - (xi) the office of the Secretary of Transport for NSW,
 - (xii) any person employed by Transport for NSW or the Department of Transport, and
- (l) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

324. Ms Hurst to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents, created since 1 July 2022 in the possession, custody or control of the Ministry of Health, or the Minister for Health, Minister for Regional Health, and Minister for the Illawarra and the South Coast relating to adverse incident reports on research involving rodents:

- (a) all documents relating to adverse incidents that have occurred since 1 July 2022 in studies approved by the Sydney Local Health District Animal Ethics Committee in which rodents are used for nose-only inhalation research, including all documents regarding findings, outcomes and decisions, and
- (b) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

325. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Tuesday, 8 August 2023 was International Cat Day,
 - (b) despite being beloved companion animals, cats face many threats to their ongoing wellbeing and protection,
 - (c) the failure of successive governments to adopt and fund community cat-desexing programs and regulate unethical breeding and kitten farms, has led to a situation where there are far too many cats that need a home than there are homes available,
 - (d) the situation is putting enormous pressure and stress on volunteer cat carers, shelters and rescue organisations who are completely overrun, and has resulted in thousands of healthy cats and kitten being killed in pounds every year, and
 - (e) homeless cats continue to to be subjected to ineffective and cruel Government killing programs, such as trapping, shooting and the use of inhumane 1080 poisoning including in new disturbing forms like the 'Felixer grooming trap'- and continue to be falsely blamed for problems that are human-caused.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to adopt humane, evidence-backed strategies that support the wellbeing of cats including community cat desexing, regulation of breeding and increased funding for pounds, shelters and rescue groups.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

327. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) earlier this year, two ex-racing greyhounds Merry and Pippin were found wandering on the side of the Hume Highway, looking frail, thin and covered in sores and still wearing their racing collar,
 - (b) Merry and Pippin were found by a good Samaritan, who contacted the Greyhound Welfare & Integrity Commission (GWIC), only to find that these greyhounds had been legally

- transferred out of the name of the greyhound trainer and into the name of a private individual,
- (c) thankfully, Merry and Pippin now have a new home where they are receiving the care and love they deserve, however, this situation highlights a major loophole in New South Wales, whereby industry participants can abandon and discard greyhounds and escape any scrutiny from GWIC simply by transferring them onto the Companion Animals Register, and
- (d) the New South Wales greyhound racing industry has shown time and time again that it cannot be trusted to ensure the welfare of animals.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to close the loopholes that allow the greyhound racing industry to continue to treat these sentient animals as 'wastage', and introduce genuine whole of life tracking for greyhounds.

328. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the news that the Government is considering re-commencing aerial shooting of brumbies in Kosciuszko National Park has shocked and horrified the local community and animal advocates,
 - (b) aerial shooting is incredibly cruel it poses serious animal welfare risks, including that horses will not be killed instantaneously and will experience prolonged deaths and suffering,
 - (c) independent biostatistician Clare Galea and other experts and advocates have continued to expose the serious flaws in the methodology used to estimate the brumby population in the Park and have raised concerns it has been significantly overstated,
 - (d) while the announcement that the Government is to conduct a re-count of the brumby population in October 2023 has been very welcome, there are real questions about whether the brumby population is already under 3000, which is the number of horses that must be retained under the Wild Horse Management Plan, and
 - (e) it is entirely inappropriate for the Government to continue trapping, shooting and sending brumbies to knackeries while a re-count is underway and the true number of horses in the Park are unknown.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to place a moratorium on killing and removing brumbies from Kosciuszko National Park while a proper, independent recount is undertaken.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

330. Mr Murphy to move—

(1) That this House notes that Australian Friends of Irish Unity was successfully launched in Sydney on 9 August 2023 at the Gaelic Club in Surry Hills by its joint Presidents Attorney General Michael Daley MP and former Member for Liverpool Paul Lynch, and it welcomed special guests Pearse Doherty TD and Matt Carthy TD from Sinn Fein who spoke of the progress towards a United Ireland.

- (2) That this House notes that Australian Friends of Irish Unity is an organisation formed from the Irish diaspora and the Australian community that is dedicated to achieving a United Ireland though the Good Friday Agreement, and it has and will hold information sessions and promote cultural exchanges between Australia and Ireland in support of this cause.
- (3) That this House notes that the recent visit to Parliament by a delegation from the Republic of Ireland that included Deputy Leader of Sinn Fein and Shadow Finance Minister, Pearse Doherty TD, Shadow Foreign Minister Matt Carthy TD, and Ken O'Connell, Sinn Fein General Secretary, who briefed members of the Parliament and the community on the status of the Good Friday Agreement and the necessity under that agreement to hold a referendum on Irish Unity as a matter of urgency.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government of the United Kingdom to honour its commitment under the Good Friday Agreement and to set a date for a referendum on Irish Unity.

332. Mr Farraway to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Regional Seniors Travel Card was rolled out by the former Liberal and Nationals Government in 2020 to acknowledge that seniors in regional New South Wales have greater distances to travel and do not have the same level of access to public transport,
 - (b) the Regional Seniors Travel Card was expanded in 2022 by the former Liberal and Nationals Government to include eligible seniors who are carers and those with disabilities,
 - (c) since 2020, more than 1 million cards have been issued helping seniors maintain their independence by easing the cost of travel,
 - (d) the Regional Seniors Travel Card has injected more than \$196 million into the New South Wales economy, and
 - (e) the Regional Seniors Travel Card petition has received over 14,500 signatures.
- (2) That this House calls on the Minns Labor Government to re-open applications for Regional Seniors Travel Card and to honour the Premier's commitment from the Bush Summit to finding funding for the \$250 Regional Seniors Travel Card in the September Budget.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

333. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That this House calls upon the Premier to establish a royal commission, staffed by personnel who hold no ties to the gambling industry, to inquire into the conduct, integrity and influence of the gambling industry in New South Wales, with particular reference to:

- (a) the nature and extent of the influence of the gambling industry over elected representatives, political parties, democratic processes and decision making in New South Wales,
- (b) the social and economic impacts of electronic gambling machines in New South Wales,
- (c) the extent to which electronic gambling machines in clubs and hotels have been appropriated to facilitate criminal conduct,

- (d) the involvement, if any, of clubs and hotels, or employees thereof, in encouraging, assisting or facilitating criminal conduct through their electronic gaming machines and other gambling offerings,
- (e) the effectiveness of and culture around processes and procedures used by clubs and hotels to prevent their electronic gaming machines and other gambling offerings being used to facilitate criminal conduct.
- (f) the adequacy and effectiveness of the responses by Liquor and Gaming NSW and the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority to reports and information about allegations, incidents or risks of money laundering or bribing employees or directors of clubs and hotels, or government agencies, and related matters,
- (g) the existence of, or potential for, corruption, neglect, or violation of duty by Liquor and Gaming NSW and the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority (and any differently named predecessors) officials in enforcing compliance of the gambling industry,
- (h) the nature of and extent to which other measures could be implemented to minimise the risk of money laundering through electronic gaming machines in hotels and clubs in New South Wales, such as the introduction of cashless gambling,
- (i) the extent to which those measures could also assist in developing world's best practice harm reduction measures.
- (j) the adequacy and effectiveness of the Gaming Machines Act 2001, and all other relevant legislation, to meet its objectives,
- (k) the transparency, accountability and legitimacy of the NSW ClubGRANTS scheme, and
- (l) any other matter relating to the industry, the inquiry into which the Royal Commission deems to be in the public interest.

334. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the wildfires on the Hawaiian island of Maui have been one of the deadliest in a century, and
 - (b) more than 100 bodies have been found so far, with officials advising the number could double as they inspect the rubble of burned-down towns.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that:
 - (a) early evidence suggests multiple blazes may have been ignited by trees falling into or strong winds knocking over power lines,
 - (b) if proven to have been the cause of the Maui wildfires, this will be the second high-profile instance of above ground power lines causing deadly bushfires following transmission lines causing the biggest and deadliest fire in California history in 2018, and
 - (c) the electric company in control of the fallen power lines failed to adopt a power shut-off plan in response to the high winds and potential for falling trees.

(3) That this House calls on the Government to prioritise underground transmission lines in its upgrade of the grid.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

336. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that since this House debated the Matter of Public Importance on 3 August 2023 on the World Meteorological Organization's declaration of July 2023 as the world's hottest month on record:
 - (a) almost 30,000 households have been ordered to evacuate in Canada's British Columbia province, where nearly 400 wildfires are raging,
 - (b) the total obliteration of Maui, Hawaii, which experts say was impacted by rising temperatures and extreme weather events caused by human-caused climate change, and
 - (c) Tropical Storm Hilary has brought record-breaking rainfall causing catastrophic and lifethreatening flash flooding and landslides to desert cities in California, marking the first tropical storm to hit Southern California since 1939.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to increase its climate targets to what the science says is necessary to limit global heating to 1.5 degrees celsius and keep coal and gas in the ground.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

338. Mr Primrose to move—

- (1) That this House celebrates the achievements of our national netball team, the Diamonds, and the Australian Women's Cricket Team.
- (2) That this House notes the Diamonds recently won the Netball World Cup, for a momentous twelfth time.
- (3) That this House notes the Australian Women's Cricket Team have retained the Ashes against the English side.
- (4) That this House congratulates the players, their families and loved ones, the coaches and support staff, and the community sports organisations that have supported these players playing on an international level.
- (5) That this House notes that best of all, due to the achievements of our National teams, there has been an increase in women and girls playing sport in their community.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

339. Mr Primrose to move—

- (1) That this House gives thanks to all NSW Labor candidates who ran at the 2023 New South Wales state election.
- (2) That this House recognises the time, energy and effort of the candidates, especially those candidates and campaign teams in seats where a NSW Labor candidate did not become the local member of their community or a member of the Legislative Council.

(3) That this House appreciates the on-the-ground campaign in all seats, as this meant that NSW Labor elected eight candidates to the Legislative Council.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

340. Mr Primrose to move—

- (1) That this House congratulates the Matildas for their incredible performance at the FIFA World Cup, and for being the first Australian national football team to make it to a FIFA semi-final.
- (2) That this House thanks the coaches, trainers and staff for their work to prepare and train the Matildas team to achieve this momentous outcome.
- (3) That this House acknowledges the families, friends, and loved ones of each of the Matildas players for the supportive role they have played to see these women play football on the world stage.
- (4) That this House looks forward to the continued community support for our women's national football team in further competitions.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

341. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

That the House notes that:

- (a) since the 1950s the McCall Gardens Community has been providing accommodation and services to people with disability across Sydney's North West,
- (b) on Sunday 13 August 2023, the Honourable Natasha Maclaren-Jones MLC, joined by the Member for Hawkesbury, Ms Robyn Preston MP, to celebrate McCall's history and the sod-turning ceremony for the McCall's Community Hub,
- (c) this new redevelopment will be a place of inclusivity and equity that will offer a broad range of services to the disability community, whilst maintaining the original home,
- (d) since its formation, McCall Gardens has expanded its services to encompass supported independent living options, NDIS support coordination, community participation programs, school-level employment supports, and the operation of the Shine Shed North West, an early intervention inclusive play centre catering to individuals of all ages and abilities, and
- (e) by providing a central space that embraces inclusivity and offers a wide spectrum of services to the disability community, this redevelopment embodies the spirit of community empowerment and progress.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

342. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

That the House notes that:

(a) Rainbow Club Australia is a network of social swimming clubs for children with disabilities which provides personalised swimming lessons and fosters a supportive community for young individuals,

- (b) the dedication and passion of the parents, volunteers, teachers, and staff of Rainbow Club Australia to create a safe and inclusive environment where children with disabilities can learn to swim and thrive is commendable.
- (c) the Rainbow Club's unique Swim the Rainbow program plays a vital role in offering tailored swimming lessons to children with disabilities, catering to their individual needs and abilities, allowing them to develop essential life skills and build confidence in the water,
- (d) we celebrate the remarkable journey of Rainbow Club, which traces its origins back 50 years when Ron and Lily Siddons, driven by compassion and a desire for inclusivity, embarked on a mission to create opportunities, equipment, and techniques for children with disabilities to enjoy water activities safely, and
- (e) we recognise the ongoing efforts of Rainbow Club teachers and volunteers for enabling hundreds of children with disabilities to experience the joy of swimming, interaction, and play within a supportive and nurturing community.

343. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

That this House notes that:

- (a) STEPtember is an annual international fundraising event aimed at raising awareness and funds for research and support for people with cerebral palsy,
- (b) STEPtember encourages participants to take 10,000 steps a day from 1 to 30 September, promoting physical activity, health, and wellness, while also raising crucial funds to improve the lives of individuals living with cerebral palsy,
- (c) cerebral palsy is a neurological disorder that affects muscle coordination and body movement, and supporting initiatives such as STEPtember can contribute to enhanced research, medical interventions, and support services for individuals living with this condition,
- (d) STEPtember aligns with the values of promoting inclusivity, community engagement, and health awareness within the New South Wales community, and
- (e) acknowledging and supporting initiatives such as STEPtember can create a positive impact on the lives of those affected by cerebral palsy and contribute to the advancement of research and care in the field.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

- (1) That this House notes that logging operations in Newry State Forest have today been halted in the Land and Environment Court until 4pm on 25 August 2023 as a result of injunction litigation against Forestry Corporation by Gumbaynggirr elder, Uncle Micklo.
- (2) That this House notes that the undertaking to halt logging by Forestry Corporation:
 - (a) was given in lieu of an injunction by the court to order a halt of logging,
 - (b) includes allowances for Gubaynggirr Elders to inspect logged areas after:
 - (i) a sacred fire lit by Gumbaynggirr Elders was extinguished on the orders of the New South Wales Police,

- (ii) they were locked out of their country and denied access to their culture,
- (iii) Gumbaynggirr man Bumajin was arrested in the forest despite acting in accordance with cultural lore in a non-violent activity, and
- (c) will be heard again in the Land and Environment Court on 25 August 2023 at 12pm.
- (3) That this House notes that Newry State Forest is a public native forest of high biodiversity value and cultural significance and is critical to the Great Koala National Park which the Government promised it would create.
- (4) That this House notes that other forests that are critical koala habitat and part of the living culture of the Gumbaynggirr people are currently subject to pre-logging operations including Oakes State Forest where:
 - (a) destructive roading operations are destroying natural drainage areas that have harmed the environment and will pollute the Kalang, Nambucca and Bellinger Rivers,
 - (b) very steep terrain creates:
 - (i) high risk of sediment loss and pollution of rivers,
 - (ii) increased risks of secondary damage to protected trees and areas in the forest during logging operations,
 - (iii) unnecessary dangerous working conditions,
 - (c) logging operations have not been undertaken since the 1980s for a number of reasons including the risk and difficulty involved in extracting trees in such terrain, and
 - (d) the lack of logging means that this forest is well and truly on it's way to becoming a high functioning stratified old growth forest.
- (5) That this House thanks the Gumbaynggirr Elders and community for all of their courage and hard work by standing up for our precious public native forests in the face of this Government's failure.
- (6) That this House calls on the Government to order the Forestry Corporation to permanently halt logging operations in Newry State Forest, Oakes State Forest and all areas of State Forests that are critical to the creation of the Great Koala National Park, which they promised to all of New South Wales they would create.

- (1) That this House affirms its support for:
 - (a) the public consultation undertaken by the Government to amend the Kosciuszko National Park Horse Management Plan,
 - (b) the legislated requirement to reduce the number of horses in Kosciuszko National Park to 3,000 by 2027, and
 - (c) scientifically justified control actions to remove invasive species from protected areas that are necessary to preserve native wildlife and ecologies.
- (2) That this House notes that:

- (a) Government surveys estimate that horse populations in the Kosciuszko National Park have increased from 14,380 in 2020 to 18,814 in November 2022 representing a 30 per cent increase in horses,
- (b) lethal control activities for invasive species should be used as a last resort,
- (c) passive trapping, active mustering and ground shooting programs in Kosciuszko National Park removed:
 - (i) 886 horses between 2019 and 2021,
 - (ii) 859 horses between February and December 2022,
- (d) reproductive control is a potentially viable option only where horse densities are low, and the objective is to gradually reduce or maintain the population at a low density, and
- (e) there are no reproductive control methods available that are highly effective, easily delivered, affordable and do not alter the behaviour or physiology of horses in some way.
- (3) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the federal Threatened Species Scientific Committee described non-domestic horses as an 'imminent threat' and identified that non-domestic horses 'may be the crucial factor that causes final extinction' for 12 alpine species,
 - (b) at the current rate of removal of 1,050 per year, the population could reach 32,900 by 2027,
 - (c) to keep the horse population at the current unsustainable level, 2,825 horses will have to be removed from Kosciuszko National Park every year, and
 - (d) 6,000 horses will have to be removed from Kosciuszko National Park every year to reach the legislated target of 3,000 by 2027.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to continue to investigate and fund innovation and research into non-lethal control programs, including fertility control, to ensure long term management of invasive species in Kosciuszko National Park is not reliant on intensive lethal programs.

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Cheryl Grimmer was three years old when she vanished from Fairy Meadow Beach, New South Wales, on 12 January 1970,
 - (b) the case received broad media attention at the time but has never been solved,
 - (c) in 2017, a confession by an individual known as "Mercury" was corroborated during a reinvestigation revealing the involvement of the individual in Cheryl's abduction,
 - (d) this confession was deemed inadmissible evidence in a pre-trial hearing in the NSW Supreme Court in 2019, and
 - (e) Cheryl Grimmer's family have fought tirelessly for justice for more than half a century.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:

- (a) open a fresh inquest into the death of Cheryl Grimmer, and
- (b) finally deliver some closure for Cheryl's family.

348. Mr Farlow to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created since 25 March 2023, in the possession, custody or control of the Premier, the Minister for Planning and Public Spaces, the Minister for Housing, the Department of Premier and Cabinet or the Department of Planning and Environment, relating to the exemption provided to the City of Sydney from proposed reforms for residential housing developments with a capital investment of over \$75 million, which allocate a minimum of 15 per cent of gross floor area to affordable housing gaining access to a 30 per cent floor space ratio boost and a height bonus of 30 per cent over local environment plans,

- (a) all internal documents relating to the granting of the exemption to the City of Sydney,
- (b) all correspondence between the NSW Government and the City of Sydney relating to this exemption,
- (c) all correspondence between, the Premier and Ministers with the Lord Mayor of Sydney and councillors of the City of Sydney relating to this exemption,
- (d) all modelling relating to how many homes the proposed policy would have created in the City of Sydney, and
- (e) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 22 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 38)

349. Mr Farlow to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) increased Building Sustainability Index (BASIX) standards have been deferred for all classes of residential buildings in Victoria on 1 May 2024, in South Australia on 1 October 2024 and Western Australia on 1 May 2025, to give industry sufficient time to implement significant changes to how buildings are constructed,
 - (b) the Government has conceded that in New South Wales "the construction and development industry are doing it tough with ongoing weather delays, rising materials costs and skill shortages",
 - (c) the rushed implementation of increased BASIX standards on 1 October 2023 will only increase the cost of building new housing supply and threaten existing development proposals to combat the housing crisis, and
 - (d) to deliver on the increased housing target of 314,000 new homes over the next five years and New South Wales' contribution to the additional 200,000 homes as part of the new National Housing Accord Target agreed at National Cabinet on 16 August 2023, measures which harm the construction of new housing supply and reduce the feasibility of developments should not be adopted.

- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Labor Government has not engaged in sufficient consultation with stakeholders, builders and industry about the impact of the rushed implementation of BASIX standards on the building of new homes,
 - (b) the Labor Government's transitional arrangements excludes apartments and is not in line with adopted deferrals for all classes of residential buildings in Victoria on 1 May 2024, in South Australia on 1 October 2024 and Western Australia on 1 May 2025,
 - (c) the construction industry has seen costs escalate by more than 12 per cent in the last year and the rushed implementation of these measures would push the building sector into crisis,
 - (d) the Government's DIY tool has not yet been made available to industry, which doesn't allow sufficient time to properly cost and design the right materials to comply with the regulation,
 - (e) the building industry has been plagued with significant material shortages, and
 - (f) a twelve-month deferral would:
 - (i) allow supply chains sufficient time to adjust and to provide the most cost effective solutions for purchasers,
 - (ii) bring New South Wales into line with other States and reduce the impact on home construction in New South Wales.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to defer the implementation of increased BASIX standards for twelve months to 1 October 2024.

- (1) That this House notes that according to research published in August 2023 by NSW Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research (BOCSAR) entitled "Experience of complainants of adult sexual offences in the District Court of NSW: A Trial Transcript Analysis":
 - (a) false and outdated rape myths and stereotypes and purported attributes of "real rape" are regularly relied upon by both the prosecution and defence, actively harming victims in New South Wales courts in cross-examination, questioning, submissions and the use of jury directions, and is exposing complainants to distressing and caustic court hearings,
 - (b) despite procedural statutory reforms being introduced in the 1980s in New South Wales to improve complainant experience in sexual assault trials, the substantive conduct of many trials today is still perpetuating a disproportionate focus on the conduct of the complainant such as whether they had verbally consented, instead of paying attention to the accused's behaviours,
 - (c) recurring examples of this conduct include:
 - (i) questioning and closing submissions that accuse the complainant of fabrication and lying for an ulterior purpose, with 82 per cent of complainants cross-examined about lying and 52 per cent cross-examined about making false reports based on ulterior motives,
 - (ii) complainants who were intoxicated at the time of the offences faced disproportionate scrutiny, including suggestions of "drunken consent" and unreliability based on impaired recall, with 57 per cent of complainants cross-

- examined about behaving in a sexually provocative manner and 59 per cent cross-examined about drinking on the day of the offence,
- (iii) some instances of rules on the admissibility of sexual experience evidence not being followed.
- (iv) defence counsel being afforded wide latitude to question the complainant on prior flirtatious behaviour and aspects of the complainant's past, with 42 per cent of complainants being cross-examined about the way they were dressed, and 43 per cent about why they were in the location where the offence occurred,
- (d) only 16 per cent of victims contact police after experiencing sexual assault, largely due to an awareness of unfair and traumatising complainant treatment in courts,
- (e) the court does not allow complainants to give evidence in narrative form, a finding that the 1996 Heroines of Fortitude report highlighted, that greater use of the narrative form option be promoted for victims to feel comfortable telling evidence in their voice, is recommended,
- (f) only limited evidence indicates that the practice of sexual offence trials has been improved by statutory reform,
- (g) change is required to address entrenched trial practices and narratives that are out of step with the intention of the statutory reforms that began in the 1980s, and
- (h) only a modest statutory review was completed in 2013 after the third wave of major reform to the Crimes Act 1900 (NSW) relating to expanding the definition of consent, and there has not been another significant evaluation since the 1996 Heroines of Fortitude report.
- (2) That this House calls on the NSW Attorney General to urgently conduct a comprehensive review of the statutory reforms that began in the 1980s, and to order an evaluation of the practices of New South Wales criminal trials in adult sexual offences based on initial court transcript analysis in the District Court of NSW by BOCSAR.

- (1) That this House notes the publication of the report entitled "Restrictive practices: A pathway to elimination" by the Royal Commission into Violence, Abuse, Neglect and Exploitation of People with Disability published July 2023, which found that:
 - (a) the use of restrictive practices is inconsistent with international human rights obligations for the treatment of people with disability,
 - (b) restrictive practices strip people with disability of dignity,
 - (c) restrictive practices include chemical, mechanical, physical and environmental restraint and seclusion, guardianship, forced sterilisation, menstrual suppression and anti-libidinal medication, financial management, involuntary mental health treatment, and other nonconsensual or coercive interventions said to be undertaken for protective behavioural or medical reasons,
 - (d) there is overwhelming evidence of lived experiences of restricted practices as physically painful, psychologically harmful, violating, tortuous, traumatic, cruel, disempowering, dehumanising, and resulting in seclusion and extreme distress which was ignored by people supporting them,

- (e) restrictive practices often present in an ecological system of violence, coercion and control including throughout relationships, institutions and social structures, and
- (f) several current national frameworks or principles for reducing and or eliminating restrictive practices emphasise investment in evidence-based positive behaviour support (PBS), including:
 - (i) the "No Force First Project" in England, which focuses on enabling choice, selfdetermination and personhood,
 - (ii) the "Six Core Strategies to Reduce Seclusion and Restraint Use" in the USA, which follows a trauma-informed approach and was adapted as part of the Australian College of Mental Health Nurses "Safe in Care, Safe at Work Toolkit" in 2019 in a mental health context,
 - (iii) the "Safewards" clinical model in England, which was created to manage conflict in mental health settings, and has been implemented in several jurisdictions across the world including Queensland, New South Wales and Victoria.
- (2) That this House notes the eight recommendations from the report:
 - (a) that governments impose an immediate legal prohibition on restrictive practices,
 - (b) that governments invest in strategies to change social attitudes and norms related to people with disability,
 - (c) that governments acknowledge and address historical and ongoing injustice associated with the use of restricted practices,
 - (d) that governments commit to full deinstitutionalisation and desegregation of the living environments of people with disability, and address segregation in schools, ADEs, group homes, day centres and mental health facilities,
 - (e) that governments respect and protect the autonomy of people with disability,
 - (f) that governments utilise trauma-informed support approaches,
 - (g) that governments adequately resource independent living and full inclusion, as well as economic, social and cultural rights, and
 - (h) that governments provide redress for victim-survivors as we eliminate restrictive practices.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to support the eight recommendations from the Royal Commission's report, and commit to implementing them at a state level.

- (1) That this House notes the report entitled "Barely hanging on: The cost-of-living crisis in NSW" published in August 2023 by NSW Council of Social Service (NCOSS) and the University of Technology Sydney, Institute for Public Policy and Governance, which found that:
 - (a) people with disability, First Nations people, single parents and carers are most prominently affected by cost-of-living pressures, followed by low-income renters and couples with dependent children,
 - (b) 77 per cent of people with disability reported going without household essentials or being unable to pay for them, with:

- (i) 70 per cent of people with disability having gone without personal care or services in the last 12 months,
- (ii) 39 per cent of people with disability having gone without prescribed medication or healthcare in the last 12 months,
- (iii) 38 per cent of people with disability having gone without meals in the last 12 months.
- (iv) 44 per cent of people with disability unable to pay utility bills on time,
- (v) 41 per cent of people with disability unable to afford travel for essential reasons,
- (c) 73 per cent of people with disability are significantly more likely to have no funds set aside for emergencies,
- (d) renters with disability are disproportionately impacted by the housing and rental crisis, with 21 per cent of renters with disability reporting they have had a rental lease terminated or not renewed,
- (e) 26 per cent of low income households also receive the Disability Support Pension (DSP), with many respondents reporting that this was not enough for them to live under cost-ofliving pressures, and
- (f) only 25 per cent of people with disability in New South Wales are receiving a Disability Support Pension (DSP).
- (2) That this House recognises the extreme cost-of-living pressures that people in New South Wales are facing and most prominently people with disability, First Nations people, single parents and carers, and calls on the Government to take steps to support the nine recommendations in the report entitled "Barely hanging on: The cost-of-living crisis in NSW Recommendations to the NSW Government".

- (1) That this House notes the recommendations relating to misidentification of the predominant aggressor in cases of domestic and family violence by Domestic Violence NSW (DVNSW), developed in consultation with a wide range of frontline domestic violence services and organisations and with specific recognition of the agency and independence of victim-survivors, which recommend that:
 - (a) the Attorney General commission the NSW Law Reform Commission or a special taskforce to undertake a broad review of the Crimes (Personal & Domestic Violence) Act, which looks at legislation and practice with the intention of addressing wide-scale, systemic misidentification,
 - (b) long-term, ongoing and sustainable investment in co-designed and co-delivered initiatives be delivered, to tackle the need for cultural and systems change and to address and prevent misidentification,
 - (c) transparency and accountability be ensured in the implementation of recommendations from the evaluation of the current Women's Domestic Violence Court Advocacy Service co-location pilot within Police Stations,
 - (d) long-term, ongoing and substantial funding be delivered for coordination and delivery of state-wide prevention initiatives across sectors, to address public discourse and attitudes in workplaces and educational institutions,

- (e) a working group be funded and established within existing structures with representatives from government and outside of government, experts and academics, to examine and make recommendations to address and prevent misidentification across all systems, and
- (f) an independent body be created to oversee that the recommendations are implemented, and that appropriate opportunities for expansion be examined.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to support and implement the six recommendations of DVNSW in full.

365. Dr Cohn to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Local Government Act 1993 to allow binding plebiscites to be held in relation to the de-amalgamation of local councils; and for related purposes.

(Local Government Amendment (De-amalgamation Plebiscites) Bill)

(Notice given 23 August 2023)

368. Mr Fang to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 14 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created since 28 March 2023 in the possession, custody or control of the Premier, the Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales and Minister for Western New South Wales, The Cabinet Office, the Premier's Department, the Department of Regional NSW or the Department of Planning and Environment relating to the appointment of the Acting Executive Director of the Department of Regional NSW:

- (a) all documents relating to the appointment of Adam Tyndall as the Acting Executive Director, Office of the Secretary, Department of Regional NSW,
- (b) all documents relating to the remuneration packages, allowances, conflicts of interest, declarations and other governance arrangements for the position of Executive Director, Office of the Secretary, Department of Regional NSW, and
- (c) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 24 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 40)

369. Mr Banasiak to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Government has a responsibility to be mindful of its responsibility to rare, threatened and endangered species whilst in pursuit of emission targets,
 - (b) the construction and operation of offshore wind projects generates anthropogenic noise that can affect marine life including whales, dolphins and seals that reply on vocalisation to communicate and navigate,

- (c) the presence of unnatural sounds can interfere with marine mammals' natural behaviour, including feeding and reproduction, which in some cases can lead to injury or death,
- (d) the installation of offshore wind turbines causes natural habitat destruction and displacement of some species,
- (e) in time, structures such as wind farms will establish a new artificial reef system, which will also impact the natural migration patterns of pelagic species,
- (f) only six sightings of blue whales have occurred on the east coast of Australia in the last hundred years, and
- (g) one of these sightings was off the coast of Terrigal on 6 May 2023.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that:
 - (a) science clearly states that not enough is known about the effect of wind farms on whales,
 - (b) scientists believe noise pollution and vibrations from the proposed wind farms around Australia could interfere with the migration of blue whales, which are the largest and most endangered species of whale in the world,
 - (c) current whale migration patterns have them travelling through proposed offshore wind farm locations off the New South Wales coast, and
 - (d) The Greens have been quiet on the topic, despite animal preservation supposedly being one of their core values.

- (1) That this House recognises:
 - (a) the enormous economic, social, security and environmental threats that climate change poses to Australia, as outlined in the Office of National Intelligence Climate Security Risk Report,
 - (b) that the United Nations Special Advisor to the Secretary-General on Climate Action warned Australia was facing sea levels that are rising faster than the global average,
 - (c) the warming climate is resulting in more flooding, placing the lives and livelihoods of coastal communities at greater risk, and longer, more intense bushfire seasons, and
 - (d) climate change disasters have already occurred this July in the Northern Hemisphere, including record heat waves across Europe, the current Maui wildfires, mass wildfires in Italy and Greece, extreme floods and landslides in China and South Korea, that have killed hundreds of people and caused widespread damage.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Australia must prepare for "devastating" climate-fuelled disruption in the Asia Pacific region, including failed states, forced migration and regional conflicts over water shortages,

- (b) the world is dangerously off track to meet the Paris Agreement to keep global warming to no more than 1.5 degrees celsius by reducing emissions 45 per cent by 2030 and to reach net zero by 2050,
- (c) 2023 is currently the third warmest year to date at 0.43 degrees celsius above the recent average, with the average global temperature in July at 1.5 degrees celsius above preindustrial levels, in breach of the Paris Agreement,
- (d) New South Wales has already experienced the impact of climate change, including the Black Summer Bushfires of 2019-2020, where 25 people lost their lives and 60 per cent of New South Wales forests were destroyed, and the record flooding in the Northern Rivers region in 2022 which caused food insecurity and destroyed livelihoods, with that area facing an upcoming bushfire season predicted to be abnormally destructive and intense, and
- (e) without action, concentrations of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere, long-term warming, temperature records and the severity and frequency of devastating weather events, will all continue to increase.

(3) That this House notes that:

- (a) the Office of National Intelligence prepared a threat assessment which examined security threats posed by the climate crisis and remains classified,
- (b) the National Centre for Climate Restoration or Breakthrough has summarised the findings of the report which found Australia should prepare for climate-fuelled disruption in the Asia Pacific, including failed states, forced migration and regional conflicts over water shortages, and
- (c) Breakthrough advocates for the public release of the report, and political debate on the findings of the report and on the scale of the challenges that climate change poses.

(4) That this House calls on the Government to:

- (a) request that the Commonwealth provide the Office of National Intelligence Risk Report to the Government,
- (b) publicly release the findings of the report prepared by the Office of National Intelligence or release sections which do not compromise national security in the public interest,
- (c) recognise the importance of the findings of the Office of National Intelligence Risk Report,
- (d) commit to integrating the findings of the Office of National Intelligence Risk Report into the NSW Government's policy to prepare for disaster mitigation and prevention, and
- (e) lead an intergovernmental agreement between all states and territories and the Commonwealth that works beyond bilateral emissions reductions and establishes a cohesive, integrated national plan for climate change.

(Notice given 24 August 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 40)

372. Ms Higginson to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to set 2035 as the target year for net zero greenhouse gas emissions in New South Wales; and to establish the Net Zero Commission to monitor and report on progress towards the 2035 target; and for related purposes.

(Climate Change (Net Zero Emissions) Bill 2023)

(Notice given 24 August 2023)

376. Mr Tudehope to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created since 25 March 2023 in the possession, custody or control of the Premier, the Treasurer, the Minister for Industrial Relations and Minister for Work Health and Safety, the Premier's Department, The Cabinet Office, or the Treasury relating to the impact on New South Wales of the Commonwealth Government's proposed "tranche 2" industrial relations reforms, as set out in the Fair Work Legislation Amendment (Closing Loopholes) Bill 2023, and any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

378. Mr Ruddick to move—

That leave be given to bring in the following cognate Bills:

(a) A bill for an Act to amend the Constitution Act 1902 to limit the power of the Legislature to make laws restricting certain rights and freedoms.

(Constitution Amendment (Rights and Freedoms) Bill)

(b) A bill for an Act to provide for the holding of a referendum on the Bill entitled "A Bill for an Act to amend the Constitution Act 1902 to limit the power of the Legislature to make laws restricting certain rights and freedoms".

(Constitution Amendment (Rights and Freedoms-Referendum) Bill)

(Notice given 12 September 2023)

379. Mr Ruddick to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created or published since 1 April 2021, in electronic format if possible, in the possession, custody or control of the Minister for Health, Minister for Regional Health, and Minister for the Illawarra and the South Coast or the Ministry of Health relating to Covid-19 weekly reports:

(a) all documents produced as part of the analysis of Covid-related infections, hospitalisations, intensive care unit admissions and deaths, categorised by the number of vaccination doses received, that were reported in the Covid-19 Weekly Surveillance in NSW, NSW Covid-19 Weekly Data Overview or NSW Respiratory Surveillance weekly reports,

- (b) all final and draft versions of the following weekly reports:
 - (i) Covid-19 Weekly Surveillance in NSW,
 - (ii) NSW Covid-19 Weekly Data Overview,
 - (iii) NSW Respiratory Surveillance,
- (c) all documents relating to the quality assurance of the Covid-19 Weekly Surveillance in NSW, NSW Covid-19 Weekly Data Overview or NSW Respiratory Surveillance weekly reports, including but not limited to, policies, documents, briefing notes, meeting notes, emails or any other form of written records that cover matters such as workflow, record keeping, data validation and assurance, and audit trails in the production of the weekly reports since 1 April 2021,
- (d) all role or position descriptions of all persons involved in the production of the Covid-19 Weekly Surveillance in NSW, NSW Covid-19 Weekly Data Overview or NSW Respiratory Surveillance weekly reports, and
- (e) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

- (1) That this House notes that the former Coalition Government released its Future of Gas Statement in July 2021, which forecast that:
 - (a) "Without investment in additional gas supply, there is a risk of a supply shortage in the East Coast gas market as early as 2023",
 - (b) investment in a range of supply sources, including the Narrabri Gas Project will work to mitigate the risk to supply disruptions, help push down energy prices and support industry development and investment,
 - (c) further, it will help secure energy supply by ensuring sufficient gas supply to support gasfired electricity generation at the Tallawarra B and proposed Kurri Kurri plants,
 - (d) the Narrabri Gas Project is critical to drive regional economic development and support supply security,
 - (e) the recently approved Narrabri Gas Project would make a significant contribution to unlocking gas supply and improving energy security for New South Wales, and
 - (f) the project, once confirmed and operational, is projected to inject up to 70 petajoules of gas each year across its 25-year life.
- (2) That this House notes that in the 2023 year to date there have been no significant disruptions to the East Coast gas market caused by a lack of supply.
- (3) That this House notes that in 2023 NSW Treasury's Office of Energy and Climate Change (OECC) commissioned and received the Electricity Supply and Reliability Check Up (the Check Up) by Marsden Jacob and Associates, and that:
 - (a) the terms of reference for the Check Up include a "consideration of the current overall policy and program approach to delivering a timely and cost-effective sector transition, given the main developments that have occurred since the Electricity Infrastructure Investment Act 2020 was passed.",

- (b) the Check Up identified "a need for alternative forms of energy infrastructure than those currently being pursued under the Roadmap.",
- (c) the Check Up found "The issue is not one of the quantity of gas throughout the year, but the unpredictable nature of demand requiring high volumes of gas to be transported at short notice. That means the capacity of the gas system to deliver the required gas becomes a problem.",
- (d) the Check Up noted the view of consulted stakeholders that "The issue of the role of gas generation is also contentious in a Net Zero scenario, but for the time being it was recognised it would be part of the generation mix. There were differing views about whether gas supply for New South Wales would be problematic, but few believed Narrabri could address forecast shortfalls in the required time.",
- (e) the Check Up found "The most likely solution to this problem would be more stored gas that increases daily supply capacity. Unlike Victoria, New South Wales has limited gas storage infrastructure. As this gas capacity problem could impact other New South Wales gas users, and the ability of gas generators to provide necessary support to the New South Wales electricity market, it will need to be addressed. The problem is likely to persist even if Narrabri proceeds to full production.",
- (f) the Check Up recommendation 34 is "That given NSW will have seven gas plants by the end of 2024, AEMO be commissioned to undertake a NSW gas infrastructure review to advise whether additional storage will be required for those generators given an impending supply gap in east coast gas markets", and
- (g) that the Government has responded to and accepted recommendation 34.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) expedite the implementation of recommendation 34 of the Check Up for the Australian Energy Market Operator to conduct a gas infrastructure review, and
 - (b) acknowledge that according to the Check Up, even at "full production" the proposed Narrabri Gas Project will not resolve forecast gas supply issues in New South Wales.

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) International Overdose Awareness Day is on 31 August and was started in Australia by the Salvation Army in 2001,
 - (b) since that date, there have been 37,000 unintentional drug-induced deaths,
 - (c) since 2014, the number of Australians who die from unintentional drug overdoses has exceeded the national road toll,
 - (d) the stigma associated with drug-induced deaths has caused neglect by governments and isolation for families of victims,
 - (e) in New South Wales, regional and rural areas have a higher rate of unintentional druginduced deaths than Greater Sydney,

- (f) in Greater Sydney, the rate of unintentional drug-induced deaths is currently highest for stimulants including the drug 'ice' and cocaine, followed by 'other pharmaceuticals' and benzodiazepines such as the drug Valium,
- (g) overdose rates are higher in regional and rural areas for all types of drugs except heroin,
 and
- (h) despite this fact and the long-running success of harm minimisation and a needle syringe program in New South Wales, we still only have one medically supervised injecting room at Kings Cross in Sydney.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) note that deaths from unintentional drug overdoses are avoidable given the correct medical supervision,
 - note that there has never been an overdose death associated with the medically supervised injecting room at Kings Cross,
 - note that there is an urgent need for more medically supervised injecting rooms across New South Wales,
 - (d) investigate the creation of further medically supervised injecting rooms across New South Wales, using existing hospital and other medical facilities, and
 - (e) make this a priority for the Government's planned drug summit in 2024.

- (1) That this House notes the Government's commitment to hold a drug summit in early 2024.
- (2) That this House notes Uniting NSW.ACT recommends that the summit should:
 - (a) be at least five days in duration, during a non-sitting week,
 - (b) be open to all members of Parliament and a diverse range of stakeholders, including people with lived experience and their families, experts from overseas and influential media players,
 - (c) focus on youth, harm reduction, treatment, prevention, stigma and legal frameworks and systems,
 - (d) provide delegates the opportunity to do site-visits to observe alcohol and other drug treatment and harm reduction services and programs in action,
 - (e) have clear commitments to action within agreed timeframes with an accountability framework,
 - (f) acknowledge the harm caused by stigma,
 - (g) involve the alcohol and other drug sector and key stakeholders in th event's planning, execution, and evaluation, and
 - (h) expand the conversation beyond the results of the Special Commission of Inquiry into the Drug Ice.

- (3) That this House calls on the Government ahead of the drug summit to:
 - (a) commit to and implement its response to the Ice Inquiry, including increased diversion mechanisms, and
 - (b) accelerate roll out of the announced \$358 million investment in harm reduction and alcohol and drug treatment services, including:
 - (i) fast-tracking Dubbo rehabilitation services,
 - (ii) diversifying needle and syringe programs to include onsite supervised injecting facilities,
 - (iii) piloting drug checking for clients of the Medically Supervised Injection Centre at Kings Cross,
 - (iv) creating drug amnesty and drug checking at music festivals, including funding for evaluation,
 - (v) funding a mobile and community-based front-of-house drug safety checking trial,
 - (vi) establishing culturally appropriate alcohol and other drug services in Tamworth, including mental health, wellness centre, residential rehabilitation and detox and peer mentoring service.

- (1) That this House notes that the Office of the NSW Chief Scientist and Engineer conducted an independent review into the 2023 mass fish deaths in the Darling-Baaka River at Menindee.
- (2) That this House notes that the review found that:
 - (a) the 2023 event was symptomatic of broader degradation of ecosystem health and long-term pressure on the Darling-Baaka river system,
 - (b) environmental protections in existing water management legislation are neither enforced nor reflected in current policy and operations,
 - (c) water policy and operations focus largely on water volume, not water quality,
 - (d) data limitations of water quality and biomass have hindered timely decision making,
 - (e) there is a disconnect between agencies involved in river operations and those responsible for emergency management,
 - (f) local and Traditional knowledge and experience was rarely used by agencies to inform management actions,
 - (g) reduced flows with a drying climate trend and high spring/summer temperatures exacerbate risk,
 - (h) without substantive change to our regulatory approach there will be further environmental degradation and recurrence of such events, and
 - (i) further mass fish deaths are likely.
- (3) That this House notes that the recommendations of the report include:
 - (a) an upgrade to the regulatory framework to include legally enforceable powers to give effect to environmental protections,

- (b) improving real-time data and monitoring of the whole river system,
- (c) creating an effective emergency management framework,
- (d) focusing on maintaining dissolved oxygen in the Menindee weir pool,
- (e) constructing fishways to maximise fish mobility above the Menindee weir pool, and
- (f) restoring flow regimes and connectivity across the catchment.
- (4) That this House notes and congratulates the Government for its work which is already underway addressing the report's recommendations including:
 - (a) the active management of flows from the Menindee Lakes to maintain dissolved oxygen at good levels for fish,
 - (b) upgrading water quality monitoring including additional remote dissolved oxygen sensors,
 - (c) exploring funding options with the Commonwealth for fish passage projects,
 - (d) improving river connectivity through actions identified in the Western Regional Water Strategy,
 - (e) updated water sharing plans, and
 - (f) the establishment of an expert panel on connectivity in the Barwon Darling River.

390. Mr Buttigieg to move—

That this House notes that:

- (a) 6 September 2023 was National TAFE Day, a day championing the important work and wins of TAFE students, teachers, support staff and trainers who contribute so much to Australia,
- (b) TAFE plays an essential role in Australia's vocational training and education system,
- (c) over 430,000 students enrol in TAFE NSW programs annually, and
- (d) as a direct product of the TAFE system, the Honourable Mark Buttigieg MLC is honoured to be part of a Minns Labor Government that is 100 per cent committed to rebuilding TAFE in New South Wales and maintaining its rightful place as the preeminent vocational education provider in this State.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

392. Mrs Carter to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Coalition's Shared Equity Home Buyer Helper acknowledges the importance of home ownership and makes home ownership more achievable for key workers such as teachers buying their first home in New South Wales,

- (b) through the scheme the Government will contribute up to 30 per cent of the purchase price of a property for a teacher buying in a metropolitan area,
- (c) to be eligible for the scheme a key worker must not have a gross household income in excess of \$93,200,
- (d) under current pay rates a New South Wales teacher in their third year qualifies for Home Buyer Helper, and has a reasonable maximum borrowing capacity of \$472,400, according to the Commonwealth Bank Borrowing Estimator, and
- (e) this borrowing capacity, in addition to the available 30 per cent shared equity from Home Buyer Helper, would allow a third year teacher to afford a home of up to \$650,000 in metropolitan areas, enough for a one bedroom apartment in Alexandria or a two bedroom apartment in Summer Hill.

(2) That this House notes that:

- (a) under the Government's proposed pay rate rise for teachers within New South Wales a teacher's eligibility to participate in the Home Buyer Helper scheme reduces so only teachers in their first two years of work will be eligible, instead of the first four years under current pay rates,
- (b) under the proposed pay rates a teacher in their third year of work, after a 4.3 per cent pay increase, will have a new maximum borrowing capacity of \$498,300 but will be above the income threshold for Home Buyer Helper and will no longer be eligible for 30 per cent in shared equity,
- (c) a third year teacher in New South Wales gains \$3,886 in annual salary but loses over \$150,000 in borrowing capacity when buying a home and instead of being able to afford a home valued at \$650,000, will have less than \$500,000, which is no longer enough to buy even a one bedroom apartment in Summer Hill, let alone in Alexandria, and
- (d) the pay rates implemented by this Government make it harder for a teacher to find and buy a home which is near their workplace, within their community, or any larger than a studio in the majority of Sydney suburbs.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to raise the income threshold for the Shared Equity Home Buyer Helper in order to maintain housing affordability for New South Wales teachers and ensure that they are still able to achieve home ownership.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 3 to 8 September 2023 the 65th Symposium of the International Association of Vegetation Science was held in Coffs Harbour with the theme of 'the future of vegetation in the 22nd Century',
 - (b) the symposium is an important opportunity for the world's vegetation scientists to meet, take stock of recent events and recalibrate predictions about the prospects for the world's vegetation by the 22nd century,
 - (c) conference participant undertook extensive field trips to forested locations on the mid north coast, and

- (d) at the conclusion of the symposium the International Association of Vegetation Science released a statement that said, "during field visits, conference participants were shocked to see the recent degradation of this biodiversity hotspot by industrial logging, including areas in the proposed Great Koala National Park. The International Association for Vegetation Science praises the local authorities for the ambitious plan to establish the Great Koala National Park, but also calls on them to take immediate conservation measures to halt the destruction by ongoing industrial logging of the remaining ecologically fragile and globally significant biodiversity hotspots in New South Wales".
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to listen to the call of the International Association of Vegetation Science and halt all logging in the Great Koala National Park.

- (1) That this House notes that the NSW BioNet is the repository for biodiversity data for the Government and is supposed to collect data collections including:
 - (a) species sightings,
 - (b) systematic flora and fauna data,
 - (c) threatened biodiversity profiles, and
 - (d) species names.
- (2) That this House notes that BioNet is managed by the NSW Department of Planning and Environment and is a tool used to measure biodiversity impacts from:
 - (a) development applications,
 - (b) private native forestry operations,
 - (c) harvest plans prepared by the NSW Forestry Corporation in public native forests, and
 - (d) site specific conditions for logging operations by the Forestry Corporation.
- (3) That this House notes that:
 - (a) work by the Sydney Basin Koala Network has discovered that Bionet has failed to update more than 400,000 records since 2019,
 - (b) the consequences of this data failure are:
 - developments that have been given consent since 2019 will have likely failed to recognise the actual biodiversity loss and costs associated with the proposal,
 - (ii) forestry operations that have been undertaken on private and public land will have likely failed to recognise critical habitat areas for threatened species and areas of biodiversity value,
 - (iii) countless hours of dedicated work by wildlife carers and other volunteers have not been included in assessments of projects despite the data recording being a legal requirement, and
 - (c) the failure to correctly keep data records up to date is putting the environment and areas of biodiversity value at risk of inappropriate developments and logging operations.

(4) That this House calls on the Government to urgently update the records from wildlife carers since 2019 and review all approvals, forestry work plans and site specific conditions for forestry operations that have been issued since the data failure in 2019.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

395. Ms Higginson to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution all documents created since 26 March 2023, in electronic format if possible, in the possession, custody or control of the Minister for Climate Change, Minister for Energy, Minister for the Environment, and Minister for Heritage, the Treasurer, the Premier, the Department of Planning and Environment, the Environment Protection Authority, the Premier's Department, The Cabinet Office or the Treasury, relating to the Global Nature Positive Summit, and any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

398. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) local Port Stephens residents expressed serious concerns after it was revealed that late last year the Government issued a 'licence to harm native animals' in respect of ten kookaburras in Salamander Bay,
 - (b) a 'licence to harm' authorises the killing of Australian native animals that are otherwise protected by the law, and that they are shockingly easy to obtain—a quick call to NSW Parks and Wildlife Service and the submission of a short form, and the fate of an animal, or group of animals, is sealed,
 - (c) an investigation found that between August 2017 and February 2023, the former Government issued over 2,500 licences to harm native animals, authorising the deaths of over 200,000 native Australian birds and mammals,
 - (d) between August 2017 and February 2023, the Government issued over 17,000 licences to harm kangaroos, which authorised the killing of almost 1.9 million kangaroos for non-commercial purposes, and
 - (e) the people of New South Wales care deeply about the protection of native and wild animals, and the enormous number of native animals being killed is an outrage.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government:
 - (a) to do better than the previous Government on wildlife protection, and
 - (b) to urgently review the 'licence to harm native animals' program, and look at ways to reduce human-wildlife conflict that do not result in unnecessary deaths.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

399. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges that:
 - (a) in 2021, the NSW Portfolio Committee No.2 Health conducted an inquiry into the use of primates and other animals in medical research, chaired by the Honourable Greg Donnelly MLC,
 - (b) during the inquiry, the Committee received overwhelming evidence about two cruel and controversial experiments the forced swim test and forced smoking experiments,
 - (c) in forced swim tests, animals are dropped in inescapable beakers of water and timed to see how long they swim for survival, as part of a scientific methodology that has been widely criticised and is now banned at many universities and research institutions in Australia,
 - (d) in forced smoking experiments, animals are placed into tiny plastic tubes where cigarette smoke is pumped directly into their nostrils in addition to the suffering caused, this procedure has been associated with many adverse incidents and deaths including from asphyxiation and hypothermia;
 - (e) the final inquiry report, tabled in January this year, recommended that the Government take steps to ensure the forced swim test and smoking tower test are rapidly phased out in New South Wales, and
 - (f) the Labor Government now has the opportunity to act on this urgent recommendation, which its members supported during the inquiry.
- (2) That this House calls on the Minns Labor Government to take urgent action towards implementing the recommendations of the inquiry report, and phase out the use of the outdated and cruel forced swim test and forced smoking experiments.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

401. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) animal protection has historically been overlooked and ignored in New South Wales state budgets,
 - (b) towards the end of their term, the former Liberal-National Government made some major investments in animal protection, including \$26 million for animal cruelty enforcement, \$7 million for alternatives to animal research and rehoming animals used in research, \$5 million for a companion animal rescue grants program, \$2.8 million to fight wombat mange, \$1.5 million for cat desexing, \$750,000 for work on the link between animals and domestic violence and \$350,000 for greyhound rescue,
 - (c) while these one-off funding grants were very welcome, there is so much more needed to ensure the animal protection sector is properly funded, given that right now, most of the work caring for animals in this state, and preventing animal suffering and cruelty, is carried out by struggling animal charities and volunteers, and
 - (d) next week, the Minns Labor Government will deliver their first budget, where they have the opportunity to show they are taking animal protection seriously, to fulfil their election commitments, and make some record investments in animal protection.

(2) That this House calls on the Minns Labor Government to make the 2023 NSW Budget the most animal-friendly budget to date.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

402. Ms Munro to move—

- (1) That this House recognises that:
 - (a) Monday 11 September 2023 marked 22 years since the terrorist attacks on the World Trade Centre and The Pentagon in the United States of America, and
 - (b) the unprecedented terrorist attacks changed the global geopolitical landscape and led to the first invocation of the ANZUS Treaty by Prime Minister John Howard.
- (2) That this House thanks Rabbi Dr Dovid Slavin and Lava Slavin for commemorating the event at Our Big Kitchen with members of the emergency services community, Australian armed forces and United States security forces.
- (3) That this House notes the attendance of:
 - (a) Christine Elder, US Consul General,
 - (b) the Honourable Philip Ruddock AO, mayor of Hornsby Shire Council and former Attorney General of Australia,
 - (c) Rabbi Mendel Kastel, Chief Executive Officer of Jewish House,
 - (d) April Palmerlee, Chief Executive Officer of The American Chamber of Commerce in Australia (AmCham),
 - (e) Matt Cross MP, Member for Davidson,
 - (f) the Honourable Jacqui Munro MLC, and
 - (g) Councillors from Waverley Council.
- (4) That this House endorses:
 - (a) the ANZUS Treaty, signed in 1951 under the Menzies Government to promote security in the Pacific and strengthen the military alliance between Australian, New Zealand and the United States, and
 - (b) Australia's ongoing strategic alliance with the United States of America.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

403. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created since 1 September 2022 in the possession, custody or control of the Premier, the Attorney-General, the Minister for Police and Counter-terrorism and Minister for the Hunter, the Minister for Health, Minister for Regional Health and Minister for the Illawarra and the South Coast, the Premier's Department, The Cabinet Office, the Ministry of Health, NSW Police Force or the Department of Communities and Justice relating to drug-related justice initiatives:

- (a) all documents relating to the NSW Chief Health Officer and NSW Police Commissioner's consideration of the rollout of services and supports under the Government's \$500 million investment of rehabilitation services and justice initiatives in response to the Special Commission of Inquiry into the Drug 'Ice',
- (b) all documents relating to decriminalisation, depenalisation or a pre-court diversion scheme for drugs other than cannabis, and
- (c) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the United Nations special rapporteur on toxics and human rights, Marcos Orellana, visited the community of Chain Valley Bay on 29 August 2023 as part of a ten day visit to Australia to examine the human rights related to the environmentally-sound management and disposal of hazardous substances and waste in Australia, and
 - (b) local residents strongly expressed their concerns about the effects of coal ash from Vales Point power station, perceived shortcomings from the NSW Environment Protection Agency, and the lack of action from the government on the recommendations of the Public Works Committee inquiry into costs for remediation of sites containing coal ash repositories.
- (2) That this House also notes Mr Orellana's findings that:
 - (a) a deep divide between government and community narratives on toxics fuels anger and distrust,
 - (b) communities and civil society denounce the capture of the state for the benefit of mining, oil, gas, agrochemical and other corporate interests,
 - (c) draconian restrictions on the right to peaceful protest in several states aggravate the distance between state and society,
 - (d) toxic releases from coal mines and coal-fired power plants, uranium mines, and the spraying of highly hazardous pesticides are imposing heavy burdens on communities,
 - (e) proposed petrochemical, offshore oil and gas, hydraulic fracking, and waste incineration projects pose serious health, water, agricultural and climate concerns,
 - (f) air quality standards in Australia are less protective than in other member countries of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD),
 - (g) certain facilities have received exemptions from compliance with relevant standards, and communities pay the price,
 - (h) a similar disconnect is apparent in the relations between companies and workers, with current regulations not allowing effective access to justice in cases of breaches of occupational health and safety standards, and
 - (i) there is a particularly acute distance between the Government and Indigenous Peoples.

(3) That this House calls on the Government to urgently implement the recommendations contained in the March 2021 report of the inquiry into costs for remediation of sites containing coal ash repositories.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

407. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that, according to a NSW Racing Stewards report:
 - (a) former Sky Racing presenter Chynna Marston and former jockey Alex Kean have been banned from involvement with thoroughbreds until 2030 after a ruling on fourteen charges by Racing NSW,
 - (b) on a welfare visit on 10 June 2023 by Racing NSW, a horse named Real Real Gone could not be located and it was found that Alex Kean had shot Real Real Gone and incinerated its body in a bonfire in an attempt to dispose of the horse,
 - (c) Kean and Marston became aware of a Salmonella outbreak at their property and were advised by Racing NSW to contact veterinarians if any of their horses' temperatures exceeded 38.5 degrees celsius, but they made no attempt to seek veterinary care and upon inspection, all six horses at the property recorded extremely high temperatures and were unwell with diarrhea,
 - (d) Kean and Marston were ordered to comply with stewards' instructions to conduct urgent veterinarian examinations and implement a prescribed feeding diet for 12 horses, however they failed to do so and the horses suffered in a poor state for multiple years before this final ruling,
 - (e) on multiple occasions Kean and Marston refused access to their property for welfare checks by Racing NSW, and
 - (f) two horses in their care scored 1.5 out of 5 for body condition and were regarded as emaciated for over 12 months.
- (2) This House also notes that:
 - (a) the charges and ruling reflect the severity of the suffering of over a dozen horses, including the shooting and incineration of a horse's body by Alex Kean, and
 - (b) regardless of supposed welfare standards, the ongoing existence of horse racing in New South Wales means the ongoing pain, neglect and cruelty inflicted against horses.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to review the racing industry and worsening allegations of cruelty in an effort to work towards banning horse racing in New South Wales.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) between August and September 2022, over 15,000 fish and whitespotted eagle rays in Lake Macquarie were killed due to pollution from Vales Point power station into waterways,

- (b) in September 2023, the NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) prosecuted Delta Electricity for failing to maintain the chlorine dosing plant at Vales Point power station in a proper and efficient condition, which caused a discharge of concentrated sodium hypochlorite directly into waterways leading to Wyee Bay,
- (c) the EPA's investigation found that Delta could have prevented the fish kill if it had adequate equipment and processes in place, and if this was regulated and ensured,
- (d) the EPA's investigation found that Delta breached its environment protection licence as well as Section 64 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 (POEO ACT),
- (e) the EPA only began investigating this matter after months of immense community pressure and lobbying of non-government organisations like Keep Lake Macquarie Clean and the Hunter Community Environment Centre,
- (f) despite many significant pollution allegations against Vales Point power station from the surrounding community and local groups including for toxic air pollution causing serious health conditions and contamination of groundwater from coal ash wastage, Delta Electricity has not been prosecuted since 2009, nor has any coal-fired power station in New South Wales been prosecuted since this instance, and
- (g) Seven Energy AG, the company that purchased Delta Electricity including Vales Point power station in December 2022 and which is owned by billionaires Pavel Tykač and Jan Dienstl, have had serious allegations against them in regards to avoiding pollution controls, failing to publish group consolidated annual reports and accounts and lacking transparency in their actions.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) commit to holding all coal-fired power stations to account, not only in a reactive manner but proactively, by enforcing tighter restrictions and ordering regular and comprehensive investigations into the activity of all power stations until their respective closures, and
 - (b) set a clear schedule for the urgent closure of all coal-fired power stations, in accordance with their risk to the health of local communities and the environment and the quickest way for New South Wales to reduce its collective greenhouse gas emissions.

- (1) That this House recognises that:
 - (a) on Wednesday 23 August 2023, an event was held to mark the 100 year anniversary of the Lausanne Treaty, which as the longest-lasting of the post-First World War peace settlements has had lasting and ongoing impacts in denying Kurdish people their legitimate self-determination and forcibly excluding Kurdish people across the globe from exercising their political and cultural rights, and
 - (b) the event was attended by many individuals of the Kurdish community, organisations, representative and advocates, including:
 - (i) Dr Vicki Sentas, Senior Lecturer at University of New South Wales,
 - (ii) Peter Boyle, Rojava Solidarity Sydney,
 - (iii) Baran Sogut and Zanin Aeiveri, Co-Chairs of the Sydney Kurdish Youth Association,
 - (iv) the Democratic Kurdish Community Centre NSW,

- (v) Reverend Bill Crews,
- (vi) Xanemir, the well-known Kurdish singer,
- (vii) Abigail Boyd, MLC,
- (viii) Kobi Shetty, Member for Balmain,
- (ix) Anthony D'Adam MLC,
- (x) Nathan Hagarty, Member for Leppington,
- (xi) Charishma Kaliyanda, Member for Liverpool,
- (xii) Julia Finn, Member for Granville,
- (xiii) Jacqui Munro MLC.

(2) That this House notes that:

- (a) the United Nations Resolution 45/130 "reaffirms the legitimacy of the struggle of peoples for independence, territorial integrity, national unity and liberation from colonial domination, apartheid and foreign occupation by all available means, including armed struggle",
- (b) since the Lausanne Treaty was signed 100 years ago at the Lausanne Conference, Kurdish people in Turkey, Iraq, Iran, Syria and across the globe have faced political persecution, discrimination, unjust imprisonment and have been prevented from expressing their national culture, and countless Kurdish people and Kurdish-owned businesses have been victims of violent attacks,
- (c) the Kurdistan Workers' Party (PKK) is a secular party that advocates for grassroots democracy, peace, religious freedom, gender equality, LGBTQI+ rights and environmental sustainability, and
- (d) many Kurdish political leaders have been killed or imprisoned, including the leader of the PKK, Abdullah Ocalan, who has been held in a Turkish prison in solitary confinement for the past 23 years.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government and all members in this place to stand with the Kurdish community in their fight for an independent Kurdistan, self-determination, decolonisation, justice and restoration of cultural and civil rights.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Domestic Violence NSW (DVNSW) has made a series of recommendations for law reform in a letter to the Government and Opposition, and
 - (b) these recommendations include:
 - (i) the appointment of an independent Commissioner of Victims' Rights,
 - (ii) legislative amendments to address misidentification of the predominant aggressor, including a timely review of the Crimes (Domestic and Personal Violence) Act 2017.
 - (iii) the opportunity to continue discussions about the coercive control legislation and implementation, including slowing the process down through an extended proclamation period and expansion of the membership of the implementation and evaluation taskforce,
 - (iv) ensuring that all courts have appropriate safe rooms and safe access as a part of the NSW Women's Alliance policy platform, as in many cases people attending court for gendered violence matters experience intimidation, abuse and physical violence by the perpetrator and their supporters while waiting for their case to be called,

- during the court hearing, or when leaving the court, and many regional and remote courts still have no meeting rooms for lawyers to speak with their clients privately or no safe rooms, while other courts have inappropriate safe rooms, where the victim may encounter the perpetrator,
- (v) repealing section 229 of the Criminal Procedure Act 1986, which currently allows a magistrate to issue an arrest warrant for a victim of domestic and family violence if they do not attend court as required by a subpoena,
- (vi) reinstating the Order 6 Working Group and Department of Communities and Justice Domestic Violence Justice Reforms Committee, as its two year delay and unresolved position has meant that there are daily issues for victim-survivors and their children who are relying on Order 6 in their apprehended domestic violence orders.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to implement all recommendations put forward by DVNSW and to prioritise policy commitments to end gendered violence across New South Wales.

413. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Select Committee into Victoria's Recreational Native Bird Hunting Arrangements has recommended that the Victorian Government end the annual recreational native bird hunting season opening on all public and private land in 2024,
 - (b) the committee found that up to 40 per cent of ducks are wounded each year, which accounts for over 100,000 birds during the 2022 season, and
 - (c) over 84 per cent of Victorian shooters did not know how to kill ducks once they had been injured, leaving thousands of ducks to die slowly and in agony.
- (2) That this House congratulates the committee and urges the Victorian Government to implement its recommendations and ban this practice in line with New South Wales, Queensland, the Northern Territory and Western Australia.

(Notice given 12 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 41)

414. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) September 2023 is 'Save the Koala' month,
 - (b) koalas are an endangered species in New South Wales,
 - (c) an Upper House inquiry found that koalas will become extinct in this state before 2050 without urgent government intervention,
 - (d) decades of excessive land clearing for agriculture, logging of native forests and urban development has meant a catastrophic decline and fragmentation of koala habitat, which in turn has made koalas more vulnerable to being hit by cars and diseases such as chlamydia,
 - (e) even the last chlamydia-free koala population in greater Sydney, the Campbelltown koalas, is under enormous threat from development, with major concerns from advocates that

- current development plans do not include adequate koala crossings and corridors and will lead to the decimation of the local population,
- (f) it is encouraging to hear that the Government will cease logging in 106 koala "hubs" across more than 8.400 hectares of forest, and
- (g) congratulates the Environment Minister Penny Sharpe for taking this first step, however, we know there is so much more that needs to quickly be done if we are going to save the koala and other threatened and endangered native animals.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to take urgent action to protect koalas from land clearing and overdevelopment, ensure adequate koala crossings and corridors, end native forest logging and urgently set up the Great Koala National Park.

416. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

- (1) That this House notes that 2023 marks the 60th anniversary of Lifeline Australia supporting Australians in times of crisis.
- (2) That this House further notes that:
 - (a) there are 41 Lifeline centres across Australia supported by over 10,000 volunteers and 1,000 employees and Lifeline Harbour to Hawkesbury Sydney is one of 14 Lifeline centres in New South Wales,
 - (b) for over 55 years Lifeline Harbour to Hawkesbury Sydney has been providing telephone and face-to-face crisis support and suicide prevention services and programs to people in the local government areas of Hornsby, Ku-ring-gai, North Sydney, Ryde and Willoughby,
 - (c) Lifeline Harbour to Hawkesbury Sydney is managed by a small number of staff and around 700 skilled volunteers, who provide support across a range of areas within the charity and work in partnership with Lifeline Northern Beaches to provide psychological treatment groups sessions and telephone support, and
 - (d) on Saturday 9 September 2023, Lifeline Harbour to Hawkesbury Sydney held their annual Sapphire Gala Ball to raise funds to continue supporting the local community, which was attended by:
 - (i) the Honorable Natasha Maclaren-Jones MLC, Shadow Minister for Families and Communities, Disability Inclusion, Homelessness and Youth,
 - (ii) Ms Felicity Wilson MP, Member for North Sydney,
 - (iii) Mr Rory Amon MP, Member for Pittwater and Shadow Assistant Minister for Planning and Public Spaces, Housing and Youth,
 - (iv) Mr Matt Cross MP, Member for Davidson and Shadow Assistant Minister for Transport, Roads and Infrastructure,
 - (v) Mr Julian Leeser MP, Federal Member for Berowra,
 - (vi) Cr Barbara Ward, Ku-ring-gai Deputy Mayor, who is also a volunteer with Lifeline.
- (3) That this House acknowledges:
 - (a) suicide is the leading cause of death for Australians between the ages of 15 and 44,
 - (b) the suicide rate among in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people is twice that of non-Indigenous people,

- (c) people living in rural communities are twice as likely to take their life than those living in metropolitan areas, and
- (d) each year over one million Australians contact Lifeline for support.
- (4) That this House extends its heartfelt appreciation to the staff and volunteers of Lifeline Australia for their service and commitment to supporting Australians in times of need.

417. Mrs Maclaren-Jones to move—

- (1) That this House notes that the Police Citizens Youth Club (PCYC) Newcastle has been providing life changing programs and support to young people in the region since 1939.
- (2) That this House further notes that:
 - (a) PCYC Newcastle is one of the oldest clubs in New South Wales, first operating in Newcastle's Civic Wintergarden, before moving to the former Wickham School of Arts building in 1952 and then to the current, purpose-built club at Broadmeadow in 1965, and
 - (b) for over 84 years PCYC Newcastle has been empowering vulnerable and at-risk young people by providing practical life skills and programs, including:
 - (i) the Rise Up Programs, delivered in partnership with the NSW Police Force Youth Command, which work to break the cycle of disadvantage through crime prevention and which include the Fit for Work and Fit for Life early intervention programs,
 - (ii) out of school hours (OOSH) activities,
 - (iii) safer drivers courses, and
 - (iv) vocational education.
- (3) That this House commends the NSW Police Force Youth Engagement Officers and youth case managers for their collaboration and support in fostering positive outcomes for young people, which have contributed to reducing re-offending rates by 60 to 70 per cent.
- (4) That this House acknowledges the vital assistance volunteers provide at all PCYCs, including Ruth Mitchell, the longest serving volunteer from PCYC Newcastle, who for over 32 years has been supporting The Duke of Edinburgh's Award at the Club.
- (5) That this House recognises the efforts and dedication of PCYC Newcastle staff, including the Club Manager Paula Rowlett and her team for their unwavering dedication and commitment to the betterment of the Newcastle community.

(Notice given 13 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 42)

420. Dr Cohn to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) gas appliances produce a range of pollutants, including carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, volatile organic compounds including formaldehyde, and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, and
 - (b) if not adequately maintained, gas appliances can release high levels of carbon monoxide which can cause death within minutes, while low levels can cause flu-like symptoms, sleep disturbance, problems with memory, and permanent brain and nerve damage, even at levels too low to be detected by carbon monoxide alarms.

- (2) That this House notes that peer-reviewed research has shown that:
 - (a) a child living in a house with a gas stove faces an approximate 30 per cent increased risk of asthma, which is comparable to a child living with household cigarette smoke,
 - (b) indoor air pollution from gas stoves has been estimated to account for 12 per cent of childhood asthma in Australia,
 - (c) schools that have removed open-fueled gas space heaters have seen a decrease in both children's asthma symptoms and school absences, and
 - (d) carbon monoxide poisoning from gas appliances is a preventable cause of hospital attendance and deaths.
- (3) The House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) join Victoria and the Australian Capital Territory in banning new gas connections to homes and residential subdivisions,
 - (b) provide incentives for households to replace gas appliances with electric alternatives,
 - (c) protect the health of renters by legislating an obligation for gas appliances in rental properties to be regularly inspected and maintained,
 - (d) replace gas with electricity in all public and government buildings, including public housing, hospitals and schools,
 - (e) abolish gas disconnection fees for individuals, and
 - (f) undertake public health education on minimising exposure to toxic air pollution in homes still using gas.

421. Dr Cohn to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution the following documents created since 1 January 2019, in the possession, custody or control of the Premier, the Premier's Department, The Cabinet Office, the Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales and Minister for Western New South Wales, the Department of Regional NSW, the Department of Planning and Environment, the Minister for Climate Change, Minister for Energy, Minister for the Environment and Minister for Heritage, or the Environment Protection Authority relating to the NSW Energy From Waste Infrastructure Plan:

- (a) all documents relating to analysis of potential locations for inclusion as priority infrastructure areas in the NSW Energy From Waste Infrastructure Plan,
- (b) all documents relating to consultation with, or requests to, government departments, agencies, local councils, businesses, other entities or Mrs Wendy Tuckerman, Member for Goulburn, for input and feedback on potential priority infrastructure area locations,
- (c) all briefings provided to the Minister for Climate Change, Minister for Energy, Minister for the Environment and Minister for Heritage on the development of the NSW Energy From Waste Infrastructure Plan which included analysis and advice on potential priority infrastructure area locations,

- (d) all environmental assessments, studies and reference information used in the process to assess and analyse potential priority infrastructure area locations,
- (e) all correspondence relating to consultation conducted by the Environment Protection Authority during the policy development process and consideration of potential infrastructure area locations, with:
 - (i) the waste management industry and related entities,
 - (ii) local authorities and local councils,
 - (iii) members of local councils, or state or federal governments, and
- (f) any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

422. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Augusto Deoliveira, known as 'The Dog Daddy' on social media, is a dog trainer based in the United States who is coming to Sydney at the end of September to conduct a series of dog-training sessions,
 - (b) the Animal Justice Party has received concerns about the aversive, fear-based training techniques allegedly used by The Dog Daddy, as well as his use of equipment such as prong collars which is a cruel training device designed to tighten around a dog's neck whenever pressure is applied, risking significant pain and injury,
 - (c) it is concerning to think that The Dog Daddy may have chosen to hold his training sessions in New South Wales due to our lax animal cruelty laws, noting that unlike other states such as Victoria, prong collars are legal in New South Wales, we have no restrictions on training a dog to be dangerous and our animal cruelty laws remain woefully out of date, and
 - (d) New South Wales should not be promoting or endorsing the use of aversive, fear-based training techniques, or cruel training tools like prong collars, both of which are opposed by the RSPCA.
- (2) That this House expresses concern about the use of aversive training techniques on dogs, and calls on the Government to urgently update our laws to better protect animals, including by banning prong collars and making it an offence to train a dog to attack.

(Notice given 14 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 43)

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Friday 25 August 2023 was Equal Pay Day, which is 56 days from the end of the financial year and marks the number of additional days women in Australia must work on average to earn the same as men did in the last financial year,
 - (b) this figure is calculated using ABS average weekly earnings data, and does not come close to addressing the full spectrum of the gender pay gap including the way it impacts part-time, casual and gig economy employees, First Nations people and people with disability,

- as well as figures like bonuses, superannuation and overtime, which men are more likely to earn.
- (c) the calculated Equal Pay Day for New South Wales in 2023 is 16 August, which represents the 47 days from the end of the financial year that women in the state must work on average to earn the same as men in the state,
- (d) the gender pay gap in Australia is currently 13.3 per cent, and the gap for precarious workers is 22 per cent,
- (e) according to calculations from the Workplace Gender Equality Agency (WEGA), the impact of the gender pay gap on the Australian economy is \$51.8 billion every year,
- (f) the call to action by WEGA in light of this year's Equal Pay Day is to employers, calling on them to take direct action to reduce their gender pay gap and eliminate the barriers of bias, discrimination and entrenched gender stereotypes that devalue women and their work and perpetuate the gender pay gap,
- (g) closing the gender pay gap will not be achieved by leaving it up to employers, individuals and industry, which is why governments and policy makers must take charge and drive change from the top down, and
- (h) according to the NSW Public Service Commission, the gender pay gap in the New South Wales public sector is increasing exponentially and is currently the highest it has been in 10 years.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to take direct action to close the gender pay gap at a state level across all sectors, by conducting targeted pay gap analysis, supporting gender-neutral parental leave policies, enforcing transparency and accountability mechanisms across all sectors and paving the way for cultural and systemic change, bounded in equal participation, opportunity and pay for women in the workforce.

- (1) That this House recognises that, according to the University of Sydney inaugural report on sexual misconduct:
 - (a) more than 100 staff and students at the University of Sydney were victims of sexual violence and harassment in 2022, including 74 cases of sexual assault,
 - (b) every week 275 students are sexually assaulted in university settings, and
 - (c) these figures are likely to be hugely underreported, as the National University Student Survey on Sexual Assault and Sexual Harassment by the Human Rights Commission confirmed that more than half of all university students experience sexual violence.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the University of Sydney is one of just a few institutions who are reporting on these statistics, in an attempt to destignatise reporting,
 - (b) only a quarter of universities who have committed to reporting sexual violence are doing so adequately, and

- (c) it has been two and a half years since the March for Justice and yet sexual violence at universities is increasing.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government and all members in this place to commit to eliminating sexual violence at university campuses and across New South Wales.

427. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that on 7 September 2023, Children and Young People with Disability Australia, Disability Advocacy Network Australia, First Peoples Disability Network Australia, Inclusion Australia, National Ethnic Disability Alliance, People with Disability Australia, and Women with Disabilities Australia launched the "End the Violence" campaign, a crossorganisation action plan to end violence against people with disability, which:
 - (a) outlines some of the urgent actions government can take to demonstrate their commitment to people with disability,
 - (b) notes that violence, harassment and abuse affects people with disability at a far higher rate than people without disability, and is significantly underreported by people with disability,
 - (c) recognises that this abuse often is perpetrated through health and disability services, dealing with government organisations and engaging with the criminal justice system,
 - (d) notes that urgent and widespread government action is needed to ensure that people with disability are able to live with dignity and safety in their everyday lives and when accessing services and supports,
 - (e) calls for system reform to ensure accessible, responsive and accountable protocols and procedures to investigate, respond to and act on instances of violence, harassment and abuse,
 - (f) calls for funding for frontline support to make sure people with disability are aware of their rights and supported to take action and report violence, harassment and abuse when it happens to them, and
 - (g) calls for programs to be established to tackle the sources of violence and address the practices that allow this systematic violence to occur.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to enforce this action plan and support the calls to action in full.

(Notice given 14 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 43)

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) following the enormous success of the Women's World Cup, the celebration of women's sport and skill as well as the international conversations the event sparked around gender equality, the final match, ending in victory for the Spanish team, was marred by Spanish Soccer Federation president Luis Rubiales forcibly kissing World Cup winner Jenni Hermoso,

- (b) in response, on 26 August 2023, the entire coaching staff, consisting of eleven members of the Spanish national women's soccer program, jointly announced their resignation,
- (c) 79 Spanish women's football players signed a letter refusing to play for their country until Luis Rubiales resigned as president, and
- (d) following Hermoso's statement and condemnation of Rubiales' actions, the Spanish football Federation threatened Hermoso with legal action, accusing her of 'lying about being kissed.'

(2) That this House notes that:

- (a) in a moment of celebration for women's achievement, an act of sexual violence was perpetrated against Jenni Hermoso by one of the most powerful men in Spanish football,
- (b) even when an act of violence is televised internationally, the dignity and testimony put forward by Hermoso has been the subject of ridicule and a potential lawsuit, and
- (c) this is a cogent example of the way in which these matters are handled by politicians, the media and others that deter women from speaking out when they are subjected to sexual and gendered violence.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government and all members in this place to:
 - (a) give their support to Jenni Hermoso, the footballers who are refusing to play in solidarity and all coaching staff who have resigned, and
 - (b) commit to stamping out sexual assault, harrassment and all forms of gendered abuse across sporting codes in New South Wales.

(Notice given 14 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 43)

429. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) protestors gathered in Circular Quay on 14 September 2023 and marched to NSW Parliament House calling for fossil fuel corporation, Santos, to get out of the Pilliga and off the Liverpool Plains,
 - (b) the Liverpool Plains are some of the most important agricultural lands in the country and that farmers from across the region are under pressure from Santos who have been empowered by the Government to undertake coal seam gas exploration activities and survey for the potential construction of the Hunter Gas Pipeline across the region,
 - (c) the Pilliga forest is the last remaining substantial intact temperate forest in Australia, is a recharge for the Great Artesian Basin and is sacred to Gomeroi and Wailwan First Nations peoples,
 - (d) the Pilliga contains burial sites, stone arrangements and earthen circles, curved trees, rock shelters, rock art, grinding grooves, quarries, mounds, scar trees, hearths and ovens, and sites of cultural significance,
 - (e) Santos was required to seek agreement from Gomeroi to build 850 coal seam gas wells in the Pilliga forest, Gomeroi voted 162-2 to reject the agreement, but the Native Title Tribunal ruled in favour of Santos, and Gomeroi have appealed this ruling which is presently under consideration in the Federal Court, and

- (f) The Greens stand in solidarity with First Nations people and farmers calling for the Pilliga Narrabri Gas Project to be scrapped.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) listen to Gomeroi and the farmers of the Liverpool Plains, and
 - (b) stop the development of the Narrabri Pilliga Gas project and all of its associated infrastructure.

432. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes recent comments by CEO of luxury building company Gurner Group, Tim Gurner, that:
 - (a) in Tim Gurner's opinion people need to be reminded they work for the employer, not the other way around,
 - (b) parasitic millionaire CEO Tim Gurner believes that "tradies are paid a lot to do not much",
 - (c) Tim Gurner wishes to see "pain in the economy", and
 - (d) Tim Gurner hopes to see a "40 to 50 per cent rise in unemployment", in order to see what he characterises as less "arrogance" by working people in the employment market.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Gurner Group is a build-to-rent property developer, and
 - (b) Gurner Group has begun moving into projects in Sydney, including a recent acquisition of a tower block in Barangaroo, with plans to expand further.
- (3) That this House:
 - (a) condemns the reprehensible and arrogant comments of this fledgling build-to-rent property mogul as outdated relics from a bygone era, and
 - (b) calls on the Government to refuse to do any business with the Gurner Group on the basis of not being a fit and proper employer.

(Notice given 14 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 43)

435. Mrs Taylor to move—

That this House:

- (a) notes that 19 September 2023 is Dietitians Day,
- (b) acknowledges this is a day where we recognise all dietitians who elevate the health and well-being of not just those in New South Wales, but right across the country,
- (c) notes that dietitians are the leaders in our community we can turn to when we need evidence-based advice on diet and nutrition.

- (d) acknowledges dietitian's work supports people across the life span to achieve their nutrition needs to live healthy and nourished lives,
- (e) recognises the critical role dietitians play in New South Wales in improving food systems as well as the physical and mental health of our communities, and
- (f) thanks all New South Wales based dietitians for their hard work and dedication to improving the nutritional health of our state.

437. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Saturday, 23 September 2023, is Dogs in Politics Day,
 - (b) dogs are beloved, sentient animals, who share the lives and homes of many people across New South Wales,
 - (c) right now, thousands of dogs and puppies are suffering due to the failure of successive New South Wales' governments to outlaw puppy farming,
 - (d) puppy farming remains completely legal in New South Wales where female dogs can be forced to live in small barren pens for 23 hours and 40 minutes every day, endure an unlimited number of litters until she dies, and there is no cap on the number of dogs these breeders can have or staffing ratios to ensure their care,
 - (e) with a ban on puppy farming fully implemented in Victoria, and other states introducing reforms, dodgy breeders continue to move into New South Wales to take advantage of our lax animal cruelty laws,
 - (f) the Minns Labor Government made an election commitment to introduce legislation to ban puppy farming, however, so far no action has been taken,
 - (g) Strawberry the boxer died on a puppy farm with her puppies rotting inside her and her dead body was thrown over a fence as though she was nothing more than rubbish, and
 - (h) stories like Strawberry's will continue to happen as long as puppy farming remains legal in New South Wales, where currently someone can set up an intensive factory farm with 600 dogs living in tiny pens and to force them to give birth to as many litters as their body can cope with until they die.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to make good on their election commitment and take urgent action to ban puppy farming in New South Wales.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

438. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 14 September 2023, an ABC investigation exposed that Australian ex-racing greyhounds are being purchased for up to \$220,000 and exported to China, where they are being exploited as part of an illegal, underground racing industry,

- (b) the ABC article highlighted the fate of New South Wales greyhound Mickey Doo, who Ms Hurst has previously spoken about in this House, who was exported for illegal breeding and racing in February 2023,
- (c) the ABC article also highlighted the story of Katoby, a New South Wales greyhound who was exported to South Africa in 2020, but ultimately ended up in the illegal Chinese greyhound racing industry,
- (d) Katoby has since been rescued by amazing Australian not-for-profit, Free the Hounds, but there are so many more greyhounds who are not so lucky and whose welfare remains at risk, and
- (e) while the Government claims to have implemented 'whole of life' tracking for greyhounds, the reality is that nobody really knows where these animals are ending up and dogs are continuing to go missing and be killed by this profit-driven industry who sees retired dogs as 'wastage'.
- (2) That this House, once again, calls on the Government to address the systemic failures of the greyhound 'whole of life' tracking system and take urgent steps to ensure New South Wales greyhounds are not ending up overseas in illegal racing industries.

439. Ms Suvaal to move—

- (1) That this House notes with great sadness the sudden passing of trade unionist, social justice campaigner, and rank and file labor party member, Luis Alfredo Navarro.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the contributions Alfredo Navarro made over decades to the union movement:
 - (a) through his tireless efforts ensuring ethical practices as a care worker and trainer,
 - (b) his leadership on the memorable 'Your Rights at Work' campaign,
 - (c) as a lead organiser for United Voice NSW, now the United Workers Union, advocating for and organising community and childcare workers, aged care and disability workers, cleaners and maintenance personnel, and
 - (d) most recently, his advocacy and organising efforts for nurses and midwives in the private hospital and aged care sectors, at the Australian Nursing and Midwifery Federation NSW Branch.
- (3) That this House acknowledges Alfredo Navarro's vibrant campaign as the Country Labor candidate for Cowper at the 2013 election and his deep connection to rank and file members in that electorate.
- (4) That this House notes the larger-than-life personality, staunch labour values, kindness, compassion and empathy Alfredo maintained in all his interactions, earning him a deep respect from his colleagues and friends.
- (5) That this House sends it's sincere condolences to Alfredo Navarro's family and friends, in particular his beloved partner Bob Alarny, his siblings Ariel, Victor, Hedy and their children.
- (6) That this resolution be communicated by the President to the family of Alfredo Navarro.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

441. Mrs Mitchell to move—

- (1) That this House notes that Friday 22 September is 'Fiver for a Farmer' Day and the event encourages businesses, preschools and schools to dress up like farmers and donate \$5 to help our resilient Aussie farmers, who have heroically weathered relentless droughts, fires and floods.
- (2) That this House notes that founder Jack Berne has raised more than \$2 million since 2018 to help support farmers and congratulates Jack Berne for his tireless advocacy and support for farmers across the country.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

442. Dr Cohn to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) mifepristone and misoprostol are commonly, safely and legally prescribed for abortion of a pregnancy up to nine weeks' gestation,
 - (b) peer-reviewed Australian research has shown that the prescription of medical abortion by GPs in regional areas is as safe and effective as abortion metropolitan tertiary centres, and
 - (c) changes from the Therapeutic Goods Administration that came into effect on 1 August 2023 expanded access to medical abortion somewhat by removing additional certification and registration requirements for medical practitioners and dispensing pharmacists.
- (2) That this House further notes that:
 - (a) the May 2023 report of the Senate inquiry into universal access to reproductive healthcare stated that "access to sexual, reproductive and maternal healthcare is a fundamental human right which contributes to positive health, social and economic outcomes across the whole community. Australia's health system must enable all people to effectively exercise choice and control without fear of discrimination or disadvantage.",
 - (b) people who are not able to access medical abortion close to home within the nine week timeframe may unnecessarily undergo surgical abortion at a later gestation, serious health complications, or be forced to carry an unwanted pregnancy, and
 - (c) prior to the election in March 2023, an open letter from Australian Clinicians for Choice signed by 243 health professionals drew attention to the significant geographic and financial barriers limiting abortion access in New South Wales.
- (3) The House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) publicly release the findings of the audit of abortion services in New South Wales instigated by Minister for Health and Minister for Regional Health, Ryan Park in April of this year, and
 - (b) ensure safe and equitable access to abortion services across New South Wales, including facilitating increased access to medical abortion.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

443. Dr Kaine to move—

(1) That this House notes that:

- (a) our homeless community deserves our compassion, and vulnerable people seeking housing need support not arbitrary bureaucratic processes, and
- (b) the Minns Labor Government has reformed temporary accommodation by removing caps on temporary accommodation, meaning people experiencing homelessness and survivors of domestic violence can access safe and secure emergency accommodation.
- (2) That this House recognises the commitment of the Minns Labor Government to support temporary accommodation with an extra \$11 million in the 2023-2024 Budget as a first step and acknowledgement that we need to better fund emergency accommodation.

444. Dr Kaine to move—

That this House notes the Minns Labor Government's investment of \$1.8 billion to support the transition to renewable energy in New South Wales.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

446. Mr Banasiak to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) in a media release on 17 August 2023 the NSW's Anti-slavery Commissioner, Dr James Cockayne, said urgent action was needed to address "the severe modern slavery risks in Australian renewable energy supply chains and investments",
 - (b) the report of the Clean Energy Council states that about 2.6 million Uyghur and Kazakh people have been subjected to coercion, "re-education programs" and internment in the Xinjiang region of north-west China, which is the source of 40-45 percent of the world's solar-grade polysilicon which is used in the manufacture of solar panels, a report by the United Nations Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights found Xinjiang was home to "serious human rights violations", and we need to be aware that the US has listed polysilicon from China as a material likely to have been produced by child or forced labour.
 - (c) there are major issues with the mining of between 15 percent and 30 percent of the world's cobalt in the Democratic Republic of the Congo used for the Lithium-ion batteries, with Amnesty International having found that children, some as young as seven, were working in artisanal cobalt mines, often for less than \$2 a day, mining conditions are hazardous, and workers often did not have adequate or even the most basic of personal protective equipment, and as a result, people, including pregnant women and children working on the mining sites without any PPE whatsoever, are exposed to toxic dust that contribute to hard metal lung disease and expose unborn children to god knows what risk of foetal abnormalities, and
 - (d) there has been rapid growth in demand for balsa wood use in turbine blades, that had reportedly led to workers in Ecuador's Amazon region being subject to substandard labour conditions, including payment being made with alcohol or drugs, and while the use of balsa wood in turbine blades is predicted to slowly decline, there has been a significant uptake in other light-weight materials such as plastics.
- (2) That House acknowledges that:

- (a) the Government has a national and international responsibility to ensure the transition to renewable energy does not sacrifice the welfare of people engaged in the sourcing or supply of materials goods and services required,
- (b) New South Wales must be cognisant of its statutory and moral obligations to ensure that it is not sponsoring or promoting modern slavery or industrial cruelty both in the domestic and international supply chains when procuring the goods and services required in the transition to the supply of renewable energy in New South Wales, and
- (c) in New South Wales the Office of the Anti-slavery Commissioner has begun working on a code of practice that will not be developed until late 2024 regarding modern slavery in the renewable energy sector, leaving New South Wales exposed to substantial risk.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) ensure that ministers, government departments and the Anti-slavery Commissioner are thorough and vigilant in their assessment of procurement contracts for both government and private sector renewable energy developments and infrastructure to ensure that the suppliers and providers are not sourcing investment capital and goods and services where modern slavery or industrial cruelty is practised, and
 - (b) create a taskforce of government, industry, union and private sector representatives to develop a plan for Australia's clean energy supply chain where investment capital, goods and services are sourced ensure a reliable, cost-effective and modern slavery-free and industrial cruelty-free renewable energy sector in New South Wales.

451. Mr Primrose to move—

- (1) That this House notes that the Rural Fire Service "Get Ready Weekend" took place on 16 and 17 September 2023.
- (2) That this House further notes that 558 Brigades held more than 590 events and activities across New South Wales, providing an opportunity for community members to speak with local firefighting volunteers about what they can do to get ready for bush and grass fires.
- (3) That this House encourages community members to reduce their bushfire risk by:
 - (a) trimming overhanging trees and shrubs,
 - (b) mowing grass and removing cuttings,
 - (c) removing material that can burn around their home,
 - (d) clearing and removing all the debris and leaves from gutters, and
 - (e) preparing one or more sturdy hoses that will reach all around their home.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

453. Ms Munro to move—

(1) That this House notes that:

- (a) the Independent Commission Against Corruption Regulation 2017 Appendix, NSW Ministerial Code of Conduct, Part 4 Gifts and hospitality, Section 22(3) states, "If the hospitality has a market value of more than \$500, the Minister must promptly disclose in writing the receipt of the hospitality to the Secretary of the Department of Premier and Cabinet", and
- (b) the Daily Telegraph on 18 September 2023 stated that, "Ms Haylen was one of at least two ministers who had not declared their exclusive Qantas Chairman's Lounge membership to a gifts register designed to prevent potential conflicts of interest".
- (2) That this House calls on ministers to confirm they understand their requirements, as outlined by Premier Minns to the Parliament on 1 August 2023 when he stated, "I am advised Ministers and Parliamentary Secretaries are required to disclose certain gifts and hospitality".

454. Ms Munro to move—

That this House notes that:

- (a) the new Coalition government passed 46 pieces of legislation by 20 September 2011, including the:
 - (i) Payroll Tax Rebate Scheme (Jobs Action Plan) Bill 2011,
 - (ii) Destination NSW Bill 2011,
 - (iii) Infrastructure NSW Bill 2011,
 - (iv) Restart NSW Fund Bill 2011, and
- (b) the new Labor Government has passed just 19 pieces of legislation by 20 September 2023, including bills from the previous Parliament and no major reform.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

456. Ms Suvaal to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) regional New South Wales faces a unique set of challenges from workforce attraction, ageing facilitates and climate change, and
 - (b) rural, remote and regional communities require long-term investment in order to prosper and grow.
- (2) That this House congratulates the Minns Labor Government for its commitment to the future of regional communities with the establishment of the Regional Development Trust that will:
 - (a) ensure regional projects are sustainable, accountable and based on expert advice, with the support of the Regional Development Advisory Council,
 - (b) make a starting investment of \$350 million in the 2023-2024 Budget, and
 - (c) provide a framework that will enable people living in rural, regional and remote areas to have a say on the projects and programs that should be funded.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

- **1457. Impact of 2023-2024 Budget on regional New South Wales:** resumption of the interrupted debate (20 September 2023) of the question on the motion of Ms Suvaal, as by leave amended on 20 September 2023:
 - (1) That this House notes the Minns Labor Government's commitment to:
 - (a) addressing the cost-of-living concerns of regional communities, from the price of energy, growing regional economies and business opportunities,
 - (b) rebuilding essential services to ensure access to the best available level of service in every regional community, and
 - (c) improving the service delivery and quality of life of people living across rural and regional New South Wales.
 - (2) That this House calls on the Minns Labor Government to continue to find and fund new initiatives to go further on their commitment to regional New South Wales, outlined in the 2023-2024 Budget—Mrs Mitchell speaking. (1 minute remaining)

Debate: 16 minutes remaining.

458. Ms Suvaal to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges that the previous Liberal-National Government's wage cap suppressed wage growth and damaged trust between essential workers and government.
- (2) That this House condemns the previous Government for its refusal to negotiate a fair agreement with essential workers.
- (3) That this House further commends the Minns Government for:
 - (a) abolishing the wages cap,
 - (b) its commitment to addressing the recruitment and retention crisis, and
 - (c) delivering a pay rise for 3032 essential workers in the electorate of Ballina, 4272 essential workers in the electorate of Clarence, 1754 essential workers in the electorate of Lake Macquarie, 3507 essential workers in the electorate of Myall Lakes, and 3617 essential workers in the electorate of Tweed.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

461. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Krista Kach was a loving mother, artist, nature lover and surfer,
 - (b) at around 9:45 pm on 14 September 2023, NSW Police Force forced their way into Krista's home in Stockton, Newcastle and killed her with a gas fired bean bag and taser after relentlessly pursuing her at her home for some nine hours while she was inside alone, unarmed and vulnerable,
 - (c) as Krista video streamed the final four and half hours of her life, there is now a record of just how severely the state failed Krista and her family,

- (d) Krista is the fourth person in four months experiencing mental health distress that the NSW Police Force have killed,
- (e) on 17 May 2023, NSW Police Force tasered 95 year old dementia patient and great grandmother Clare Nowland to death in Cooma, on 25 May 2023, NSW Police Force shot dead Steve Pampalian in Willoughby whilst he was experiencing a mental health episode, on 19 July 2023, NSW Police tasered then shot dead Jesse in his apartment in Glebe after neighbours called them for a welfare check, and
- (f) the state has failed these people and their families in their most vulnerable moments.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) support the establishment of a select committee of inquiry into NSW Police Force responses to vulnerable people, and
 - (b) commit to systemic reforms that will prevent this from happening to anyone else.

462. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that since 22 June 2022, 45 Biosecurity (Varroa Mite) Emergency Orders have been issued by the Department of Primary Industries.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) since the varroa mite was first detected in New South Wales more than 14 months ago, more than 280,000 honey bee hives have been destroyed,
 - (b) the eradication zone now covers more than 1,683,000 hectares, or 2 per cent, of New South Wales, and
 - (c) recent detections at Balranald and Euston near the Victorian border have caused the emergency zone to extend into that state.
- (3) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Denille Banham of Costa Honey will have 780 bee hives destroyed after contracting the hives for pollination purposes in Griffith and Crescent Head,
 - (b) Karen and Colin Bull of Bull's Beekeeping have been ordered to destroy 55 hives in Kempsey, and
 - (c) the impact of destroying hives on commercial and hobby beekeepers is significant and includes:
 - (i) emotional distress,
 - (ii) psychological distress,
 - (iii) uncertainty about the future,
 - (iv) loss of income.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to consider expanding the compensation scheme for commercial beekeepers to include hobbyists and considerations for loss of income and medical treatment experienced by affected people.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

465. Mr Borsak to move—

- (1) That this House notes a recent research paper from the NSW Department Of Primary Industries Vertebrate Research Unit was published by CSIRO in Wildlife Research entitled "Cost-effectiveness of volunteer and contract ground-based shooting of sambar deer in Australia" by Comte et al and notes that:
 - (a) the research team involved evaluated the effectiveness and costs of volunteer and contract shooters for controlling deer in Australia,
 - (b) after accounting for all key expenses, the cost per hour for volunteer shooters was three to four times lower than contract shooters and across the 5 year program in the research area the cost per deer killed was higher for contract shooters than for volunteer shooters,
 - (c) the paper did report that contract shooters had a higher catch per unit effort (CPUE) and the key factor contributing to this was likely to be that only the contract shooters had access to sound suppressors on their firearms which reduces not only the recoil and noise of the firearms but also flight behaviours of non-targeted animals, thus creating more shooting opportunities when shooting individuals within a group,
 - (d) the paper also found that ground-based shooting is likely to be most effective when conducted at night with thermal-vision equipment, and in areas with a high density of roads and tracks,
 - (e) the shooting program was undertaken safely within the Alpine National Park in Victoria demonstrating that this type of program can indeed occur safely and effectively in a National Park, with shooting occurring from roads and tracks within a National Park, and
 - (f) the management implications noted in the paper stated that if there is a time-frame suited then involving local recreational conservation hunters could decrease costs and increase community support for the program.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the results from this research and acknowledges that:
 - (a) volunteer shooting is a more cost-effective option than contract shooting,
 - (b) volunteer shooting programs, including those operating at night and from roads and tracks can be undertaken safely and effectively in a National Park by volunteer shooters,
 - (c) sound suppressors on firearms increase the effectiveness of firearms in game and feral animal control, and
 - (d) volunteer shooting should be considered and incorporated by government departments and authorities in all game and feral animal control programs on all tenures of public land as well as private land in New South Wales.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

466. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) according to the Bureau of Meteorology, the state area averaged maximum temperature for winter 2023 was 2.33 degrees above the 1961–1990 average, the warmest on record (since records began in 1910) with the previous record being 1.98 degrees above average in 2002,

- (b) in the first few weeks of Spring, temperature records have been broken across the state with Ulladulla recording 32.6 degrees before midday on Monday, a September temperature record, while Bankstown had its warmest September day in 43 years at 35.4 degrees celsius,
- (c) for the first time since records began, Sydney is predicted to have a run of five days above 30 degrees in September,
- (d) according to the World Meteorological Organisation, average global temperatures over the northern hemisphere summer were their hottest in about 120,000 years, and
- (e) data from the World Meteorological Organisation also show that August recorded the highest global monthly average sea surface temperatures ever at 20.98 degrees, breaking the previous record set in March 2016.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to increase its climate targets to what science says is necessary to limit global heating to 1.5 degrees celsius and to reject all new coal and gas approvals.

467. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 14 September 2023, representatives from the Gomeroi nation, the Country Women's Association, Unions NSW, NSW Farmers, Knitting Nannas, Lock the Gate and their supporters rallied outside Santos' Sydney office and Parliament House demanding an end to Santos proposed Narrabri/Pilliga forest coal seam gas project and Hunter gas pipeline,
 - (b) contrary to gas industry spin, gas is not clean and it is not a transition fuel, with methane being about 80 times more potent a greenhouse gas than carbon dioxide,
 - (c) methane has been found to be leaking out of the majority of Santos' pilot coal seam gas wells in the Pilliga forest,
 - (d) Santos plans to drill up to 850 coal seam gas wells in the Pilliga forest as well as a pipeline through the Liverpool Plains food bowl and Gomeroi country, and
 - (e) the Santos Narrabri Gas Project has faced sustained backlash from local farmers, conservationists, traditional owners and other community and environmental groups.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to reject the Santos Narrabri Gas Project and prioritise getting households and businesses off gas and onto renewables.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

468. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of the passing of this resolution, all documents created since 1 January 2020 in the possession, custody or control of the Premier, the Minister for Planning and Public Spaces, the Minister for Finance and Minister for Natural Resources, or the Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales and Minister for Western New South Wales, relating to the development, consultation, or release of the NSW Critical Minerals and High-Tech Metals Strategy, and any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

470. Ms Munro to move—

That the Minns Labor Government is delivering a 2023-24 budget that is bad for enterprise, investment and trade in New South Wales.

(Notice given 19 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 44)

*471. Surveillance Devices Amendment (Public Interest Exemptions) Bill 2023: resumption of the adjourned debate of the question on the motion of Ms Hurst: That this bill be now read a second time (5 calendar days from 11 October 2023)—Mr Nanva. (20 minutes)

474. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That a select committee be established to inquire into and report on the responses of the NSW Police Force to vulnerable people in New South Wales, and in particular:
 - (a) responses to the elderly, First Nations people, people living with a disability, those experiencing poverty, people experiencing mental illness, young people, those experiencing substance dependency, and individuals from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds,
 - (b) how police responses to vulnerable people impact employees of the NSW Police Force, families and communities,
 - (c) the effectiveness of NSW Police Force policies, procedures and training,
 - (d) the use and regulation of force in police responses to vulnerable people, including without weapons, and the implementation of previous reports and recommendations relating to the use of force by the NSW Police Force,
 - (e) formal and informal mechanisms within the NSW Police Force to support employees, promote best practice policing, and encourage the reporting of negligence or misconduct,
 - (f) alternative strategies to having police as first responders to incidents involving vulnerable people, including resource considerations,
 - (g) the effectiveness of the Police, Ambulance, Clinical, Early, Response (PACER) program,
 - (h) data collection, use and accessibility, including the recording of information in the Computerised Operational Policing System (COPS),
 - (i) the effectiveness of various accountability and integrity mechanisms, including the referral and investigation of complaints under Part 8A of the Police Act 1990 and the investigation

of matters by the Law Enforcement Conduct Commission and the New South Wales Ombudsman, and

- (j) any other related matter.
- (2) That, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the standing orders, the committee consist of six members comprising:
 - (a) two government members,
 - (b) two opposition members, and
 - (c) two crossbench members.
- (3) That the Chair of the committee be Ms Higginson.
- (4) That, unless the committee decides otherwise:
 - (a) all inquiries are to be advertised via social media, stakeholder emails and a media release distributed to all media outlets in New South Wales,
 - (b) submissions to inquiries are to be published, subject to the Committee Clerk checking for confidentiality and adverse mention and, where those issues arise, bringing them to the attention of the committee for consideration,
 - (c) attachments to submissions are to remain confidential,
 - (d) the Chair's proposed witness list is to be circulated to provide members with an opportunity to amend the list, with the witness list agreed to by email, unless a member requests the Chair to convene a meeting to resolve any disagreement,
 - (e) the sequence of questions to be asked at hearings alternate between opposition, crossbench and government members, in that order, with equal time allocated to each,
 - (f) transcripts of evidence taken at public hearings are to be published,
 - (g) supplementary questions are to be lodged with the Committee Clerk within two business days following the receipt of the hearing transcript, with witnesses requested to return answers to questions on notice and supplementary questions within 21 calendar days of the date on which questions are forwarded to the witness,
 - (h) answers to questions on notice and supplementary questions are to be published, subject to the Committee Clerk checking for confidentiality and adverse mention and, where those issues arise, bringing them to the attention of the committee for consideration, and
 - (i) media statements on behalf of the committee are to be made only by the Chair.
- (5) That the committee report by 1 April 2024.

(Notice given 21 September 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 46)

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Australian Bureau of Statistics released Tranche 2 of the Personal Safety Survey in August 2023, which found that:

- (i) one in five women have experienced sexual violence since the age of 15,
- (ii) women with disability, university aged women, single mothers, LGBTQIA+ people and people experiencing financial stress were at highest risk of physical and sexual violence,
- (iii) approximately 2 million women have experienced sexual violence by a man they knew and around 600,000 women have experienced sexual violence by a male stranger, with these figures demonstrating that there are a huge number of assaults that are going unreported,
- (iv) perpetrators of physical and sexual assaults against women were most often an intimate partner and the violence most often happened at home, with 63 per cent of women physically assaulted by an intimate partner, 53 per cent of women sexually assaulted by an intimate partner, 70 per cent of physical assaults occurring at home and 69 per cent of sexual assaults occurring at home,
- (v) in all three categories of physical violence, sexual violence and sexual harassment, young women between ages 18 and 24 years old experienced the highest rates of violence,
- (vi) women were more likely to seek support from an informal source (46 per cent) such as a friend or family than a formal source (27 per cent),
- (vii) women who experienced sexual assault by a male and did not contact the police listed reasons including that they felt ashamed or embarrassed, they did not think there was anything the police could do, they felt they would not be believed, they felt they could deal with it themselves, they did not regard the incident as a serious offence, they were fearful of the person responsible, they lacked trust in the police, or they had a fear of legal processes and cultural or language reasons, and
- (b) according to the Australia's National Research Organisation for Women's Safety (ANROWS) chief executive, the results of the survey are deeply concerning, but not surprising.
- (2) That this House calls upon the Government, following their notable underspend on the gendered violence sector in the 2023-2024 Budget, to act urgently to prioritise legislation and initiatives that end this growing crisis.

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) it has been over 15 years since Bangladesh has had an election that was legitimate, according to the United States Institute of Peace,
 - (b) Sheikh Hasina presided over two rigged and controversial elections in Bangladesh in 2014 and 2018 and failed to 'advocate' for free and fair elections,
 - (c) the European Union found that the national election held in Bangladesh in 2018 was marred by violence,
 - (d) Capital Punishment Justice Project, R. Kennedy Human Rights and other human rights groups are gravely concerned over the number of enforced disappearances in Bangladesh and the denial of access to justice for the victims,
 - (e) Human Rights Watch has found that the Bangladeshi government continues to be linked to enforced disappearances,

- (f) US Secretary of State Antony Blinken has noted that the United States is adopting a policy to restrict visas for Bangladeshis who undermine the democratic election process in their home country,
- (g) in 2021 the Biden administration levied sanctions against the Bangladeshi Rapid Action Battalion, and
- (h) the British Parliament has discussed the politically biased imprisonment of Bangladeshi leader Khaleda Zia and expressed its concern about how the 2018 general election was conducted.
- (2) That this House calls on the Australian Government to:
 - (a) appeal to the Bangladeshi Government to accept independent oversight of the coming national election in order to ensure that the election is fair and free of unlawful practices and interference.
 - (b) advocate for all political prisoners, including the opposition leader Khaleda Zia, to be immediately released,
 - support the introduction of a judicial system that is accessible and fair for all Bangladeshis,
 and
 - (d) impose Magnitsky style sanctions against Sheikh Hasina, members of the Rapid Action Battalion (RAB) and the Detective Branch (DB) of police for their ongoing failure to uphold human and democratic rights in Bangladesh.

482. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 22 September 2023, Ms Hurst travelled to Washington DC to meet with various members of the United States Federal Government to discuss the Kangaroo Protection Act, which is soon to be considered by Congress,
 - (b) the Kangaroo Protection Bill, co-sponsored by Republicans and Democrats, seeks to ban the importation of kangaroo skin and body parts into the United States, and in doing so, takes an important step towards ending the world's largest massacre of land-based wildlife,
 - (c) Ms Hurst met with the original co-sponsors of the Kangaroo Protection Act, Democrat congresswoman Jan Schakowsky and Republican congressman Brian Fitzpatrick,
 - (d) both lawmakers expressed deep concern for the ways kangaroos are being brutally killed in the Australian kangaroo killing industry,
 - (e) Ms Hurst spent three full days in back-to-back meetings both in the Senate and the House of Representatives, and every single person and group she met with was horrified by the cruelty of the commercial kangaroo killing industry, and particularly by the Code of Practice that actually requires kangaroo shooters to bash in the heads of orphaned joeys,
 - (f) many years ago, the United States banned the importation of koala skins and furs, an act that may have stopped the koala from going extinct, and hence a ban on the importation of kangaroo body parts into the United States may also be what is needed to stop kangaroos from ending up on the threatened species list,

- (g) the Australian Consulate has been aggressively lobbying in the United States to protect the commercial kangaroo killing industry's profits which apparently takes priority over the protection of our own native animals, including sending letters to United States lawmakers that contain misleading information,
- (h) Australia has failed to protect kangaroos from cruelty, Ms Hurst is confident that the United States will take action to protect this iconic species, and
- public support for the Kangaroo Protection Act was demonstrated at a protest in New York at which the Animal Justice Party spoke out against the use of kangaroo skin for soccer boots.
- (2) That this House calls on the NSW Government to acknowledge the international disapproval of the cruel kangaroo killing industry, and take all necessary steps to end this brutal wildlife trade and global embarrassment.

483. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) over the October long weekend, members of the public were shocked to enter Kosciuszko National Park and discover that hundreds of brumbies had been shot and killed,
 - (b) so far, local residents have counted approximately 280 dead horses, all of which have been left behind to rot in the Park, including near campgrounds and in waterways,
 - (c) this mass killing has absolutely devastated the local community and brumby advocates, many of whom have called my office in distress and confusion as to why the Government would order this shooting especially while the brumby population methodology remains under serious scrutiny, and while an independent recount is meant to be underway,
 - (d) one local described the scene as "like a battlefield"; another said she would "never forget the smell" of the dead bodies,
 - (e) the Honourable Emma Hurst has been advised that many of the horses do not appear to have died instantly, with bullet wounds found in the lungs, chest and neck that would have produced painful, slow deaths,
 - (f) several foals were also found dead, likely either killed as part of the shooting spree or aborted while mothers attempted to flee for their lives, and
 - (g) images that have been sent to the Honourable Emma Hurst's office expose this as yet another blood bath which has been commissioned by the Government, and again warrant calls for a cease fire on this obvious animal cruelty.
- (2) That this House, once again, calls on the Government to urgently implement a moratorium on killing and removing brumbies from Kosciuszko National Park while an accurate, independent recount is undertaken.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

484. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges that:
 - (a) Monday, 2nd of October was "World Day for Farmed Animals",
 - (b) World Day for Farmed Animals is an international day of recognition founded in 1983, intended to shed light on the abuse and maltreatment of animals used in farming, and to advocate for compassionate law reform,
 - (c) it is currently estimated that 31 billion terrestrial animals and more than 215 billion aquatic animals are being farmed globally, with over 90 per cent of these individuals living and suffering in factory farms,
 - (d) animals in factory farms endure whole-of-life artificial conditions, mutilation practices, restrictive confinement, overcrowding, injury, disease, fear and familial separation, and
 - (e) in New South Wales, this day is dedicated to all animals used in farming each year, including:
 - (i) the 4.4 million cows who will likely suffer from painful husbandry practices including disbudding, dehorning, unnatural feed, chronic stress, and if in the dairy industry, the cruel cycle of forced impregnation, mother-calf separation, early death, infection and mastitis,
 - (ii) the 24.7 million sheep who will likely suffer from tail docking, mulesing, dehorning and open wounds from intensive shearing,
 - (iii) the 6 million laying hens who will likely suffer from debeaking, osteoporosis, overcrowding and the inability to express even basic nesting behaviours,
 - (iv) the 6 million baby male chicks who will be gassed or blended alive within hours or days of birth,
 - (v) the 200 million chickens who will be bred to grow at such freakish rates that they suffer organ failure and broken bones,
 - (vi) the 90,000 mother pigs who will give birth to piglets in farrowing crates before they are sent to the gas chambers,
 - (vii) the millions upon millions of fish and crustraceans who will likely suffer disease and overcrowding, be mutilated while alive, and ultimately be crushed or suffocated to death.
 - (viii) each of the countless unnamed or unnumbered individuals who live a traumatic life, only to be used and killed for human consumption.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to acknowledge the immense suffering of these animals, and undertake every opportunity to enact compassionate law reform.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

485. Ms Hurst to move—

That this House notes that:

- (a) in 2015, Rudie the reindeer was found in a field with a severely injured leg wrapped in duct-tape,
- (b) Rudie was only two days old and at risk of euthanasia, but thankfully he was saved by New South Wales woman Miranda Petts, who agreed to look after him if he survived the surgery to amputate his leg,
- (c) following his operation, Miranda nursed Rudie back to health and he quickly learned to walk, run, jump and thrive on three-legs,

- (d) Rudie's journey was shared in videos online, and was viewed by millions around the world who were inspired by his story,
- (e) tragically, on 6 August 2023, Rudie was missing from his paddock, with only a trail of blood left behind, it was later reported that Rudie had been allegedly shot and killed,
- (f) following an investigation into Rudie's disappearance, a man was charged by NSW Police with 'stock theft', 'firing a firearm into a building or onto enclosed lands' and 'entering enclosed lands without a lawful excuse',
- (g) the man has pleaded not guilty and the proceedings are ongoing, and
- (h) Rudie's family are devastated by his death, and he is deeply missed by all those who loved him.

493. Mr Roberts to move—

- (1) That this House notes the contents of an article in the Cootamundra Times dated 4 October 2023 relating to a press conference held by the Minister for Local Government Ron Hoenig at Gundagai Cootamundra Council Chambers on Tuesday 3 October 2023.
- (2) That this House raises concerns that:
 - (a) the Minister is not supportive of the demerger plan approved by the Boundaries Commission in 2022, commenced by the previous Government, and
 - (b) the Minister now requires the Council to submit a further plan to the Boundaries Commission for consideration which will place an unfair financial strain on an already burdened Council.
- (3) That this House raises further concerns at the statement made by the Minister at the press conference "Cootamundra-Gundagai never voted Labor anyway".
- (4) That this House calls on the Minns Labor Government and Local Government Minister, Ron Hoenig, to continue the demerger process commenced by the previous government as recommended by the Boundaries Commission.
- (5) That this House calls on the Government to honour its commitments given before the 2023 election to demerge councils.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

494. Mr Roberts to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 14 September 2023, 47 year old Stockton woman Krista Kach threatened her landlord with an axe after receiving an eviction notice, before threatening police officers with the same axe,
 - (b) highly trained Police Negotiators and Tactical Operations Regional Support were called and subsequently spent eight hours trying to negotiate with Ms Kach to get her to peacefully exit the premises to ensure nobody, including herself, was hurt,

- (c) Ms Kach unfortunately refused police direction and was combative throughout the negotiations, insulting police and calling them "illegal" and "terrorists", while referring to herself as a "sovereign individual",
- (d) after eight hours of protracted negotiations, Specialist Police entered the premises, where Ms Kach confronted police, who then deployed their taser and one less-than-lethal bean bag round to reduce the threat of Ms Kach harming herself or anybody else,
- (e) Ms Kach was then taken into custody and examined by highly trained specialist paramedics who returned Ms Kach to the police,
- (f) Ms Kach was reportedly verbal and alert at the time and continued to be abusive towards the treating ambulance officers,
- (g) a short time later Ms Kach lost consciousness, ambulance officers commenced CPR and ventilated her at the scene and they transported her to John Hunter hospital where tragically she passed away,
- (h) such tragic circumstances should not be used to score points against the police force for ideological reasons,
- (i) the use of hyperbolic language to purposefully misconstrue, mislead or obfuscate events is wrong and unparliamentary,
- (j) portraying highly trained, highly experienced police, who spent several hours trying to help Ms Kach, as 'killers' is both factually wrong and grossly offensive, and
- (k) the trauma that afflicted those at the scene extends to the police officers and paramedics who were there.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that policing is a difficult, challenging, and dangerous role undertaken in the best interest of the citizens of New South Wales.
- (3) That this House affirms its support of the men and women of the NSW Police Force.

495. Ms Suvaal to move—

- (1) That this House notes:
 - (a) that the United Nations International Day of Rural Women is on 15 October 2023, and
 - (b) the 2023 theme focuses on how rural women are confronting the global cost-of-living crisis.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the important role government must play to support women in in regional, rural and remote areas.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

496. Ms Suvaal to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) "Gone Fishing Day" was held on 8 October 2023, to celebrate recreational fishing, and

- (b) funding of up to \$2,000 and fishing packages were made available to local fishing organisations and clubs who successfully applied, to assist with events that encourage people to get involved in recreational fishing.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that one million people participate in recreational fishing across New South Wales each year, improving wellbeing and contributing \$3.4 billion to the state's economy, including 14,000 jobs.
- (3) That this House further notes the Government's commitment to recreational fishing in New South Wales.

497. Ms Suvaal to move—

- (1) This House notes that October is Mental Health Month and encourages all of us to think about mental health and wellbeing.
- (2) This House encourages everyone to get involved and help promote activities and ideas that can have a positive impact on our daily lives and the lives of others.
- (3) This House acknowledges people with lived experience of mental ill-health and recovery, and the experience of people who are or have been carers, families, or supporters.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

498. Mrs Ward to move—

- (1) That this House unequivocally condemns the terrorist attack on Israel which included the indiscriminate targeting of Israeli civilians by Hamas.
- (2) That this House reaffirms its support for Israel and its right to defend itself.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

500. Mr Primrose to move—

That this House notes that:

- (a) the Walcha Fire Station is 57 years old and still serves the local community,
- (b) an assessment of the Walcha Fire Station was undertaken in February 2023, when The Nationals were still in Government, that indicated it would benefit from future modernisation to reflect the diverse fire and rescue service,
- (c) in the entire 12 years that The Nationals were in Government no significant upgrade of the Walcha Fire Station was undertaken, and
- (d) it has taken a Labor Government to accept the assessment provided by Fire and Rescue NSW and to work with the agency to ensure that the Walcha Fire Station is part of its ongoing capital works programme.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

501. Mrs Taylor to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) October marks Breast Cancer Awareness Month in Australia,
 - (b) breast cancer remains one of the most common cancers among Australian women, and
 - (c) while nearly three quarters of Australian women believe they are breast aware, only 16 per cent have the appropriate knowledge and skills.
- (2) That this House acknowledges the hardship faced by those affected by breast cancer, including those diagnosed, their families and their medical teams.
- (3) That this House thanks all those involved in raising awareness and funds this October, and ensure others continue to spread the word.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

502. Mrs Taylor to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) October marks Wool Month and is a time to celebrate all things wool, and
 - (b) wool is a natural fibre that is clean and green.
- (2) That this House recognises the contribution that graziers make to ensuring New South Wales produces some of the highest quality wool in Australia.
- (3) That this House thanks all who support and are involved is this important industry.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

503. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) a substantial number of regional First Nations women are being charged with making false accusations when they make and then retract allegations of domestic violence,
 - (b) the circumstances leading to the retraction of complaints are often complex, including fear of future violence, attempts to move on from abusive relationships, and reconciliation attempts, but these circumstances are often not considered by police,
 - (c) police often use the retraction as the only evidence of false accusation and carry out no further investigation, despite women often presenting with physical injuries and their partner having previous convictions for violent crimes,
 - (d) this results in women who are victims of domestic violence serving custodial sentences and community correctional orders while the perpetrator of the abuse is let off,
 - (e) this makes it more difficult for women to report domestic abuse as they risk being charged if they don't go through with the complaint, further trapping women in violent relationships, and

- (t) the Honourable Stephen Lawrence described police charging women who retract domestic violence complaints as "contradictory, opportunistic and punitive".
- (2) That this House notes that former Chief Justice Tom Bathurst has said this issue is "another example where the justice system fails to come to grips with the particular problems facing Indigenous people in this country".
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) reduce the powers of police prosecutors to make charges of false accusation or other related charges in regard to complaints of domestic violence,
 - (b) ensure all matters relating to false accusation in regards to domestic violence are carried by the Director of Public Prosecution,
 - (c) inquire into the police policies, procedures and training that have resulted in hundreds of the most vulnerable women in the state being charged with false accusation when they report domestic violence, and
 - (d) take immediate steps to develop cultural change within the NSW Police Force in relation to these matters.

504. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Oakes State Forest sits at the headwaters of the Kalang and Bellinger Rivers, which are some of the last pristine rivers on the New South Wales coast,
 - (b) the former Government and former Minister for the Environment identified the Kalang Headwaters and Oakes State Forest as the highest priority conservation areas in the State,
 - (c) Oakes State Forest is a biodiverse and remnant area where rainforest, temperate forest and threatened species have been sheltered from the worst impacts of the 2019/20 bushfires,
 - (d) critical areas of Oakes State Forest are currently subject to plans for logging and roading operations that contain fragile dispersible soils and threatened flora and fauna,
 - (e) roading operations that have already taken place have caused significant environmental harm and pollution,
 - (f) broad area surveys that have been undertaken prior to the logging plan being approved required no surveying for nocturnal species including the threatened Greater Glider,
 - (g) the last ecological survey that was undertaken in Oakes was conducted more than 2 years ago, and
 - (h) the Forestry Corporation of NSW has disregarded advice from the Environment Protection Authority that an exemption under protocol 5 of the Coastal Integrated Forestry Approvals is required to damage habitat for the Rufous Scrub Bird.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to immediately halt all plans for logging in Oakes State Forest and require that comprehensive ecological surveys are undertaken state wide before any logging in any state forest commences or logging plan is approved.

505. Ms Higginson to move—

That, under standing order 52, there be laid upon the table of the House within 21 days of the date of passing of this resolution all documents, excluding any documents previously returned under an order of the House, created since 1 January 2022, in electronic format if possible, in the possession, custody or control of the Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales, and Minister for Western New South Wales, the Minister for Water, Minister for Housing, Minister for Homelessness, Minister for Mental Health, Minister for Youth, and Minister for the North Coast, the Minister for Local Government, Department of Regional NSW or Department of Planning and Environment relating to a report prepared by John Cullerton regarding the Richmond River and Richmond River Flood Plain, and any legal or other advice regarding the scope or validity of this order of the House created as a result of this order of the House.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

506. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House recognises that:
 - (a) ecological surveys have not been undertaken in the Clouds Creek State Forest since 2017,
 - (b) the forest is being logged without the condition to retain 'H' classified hollow-bearing trees for Greater Glider habitat, despite many of the logged trees being prime habitat for Greater Gliders, because the 2017 ecological survey did not identify any Greater Gliders in the area, and
 - (c) no ecological surveys have been undertaken since and there is no requirement for the Forestry Corporation of NSW to protect hollow-bearing trees suitable for Greater Glider dens.
- (2) That this House further recognises that:
 - (a) industrial logging currently occurring in Clouds Creeks is destroying forests identified to be a part of the Great Koala National Park,
 - (b) the last six years of drought, bushfires and floods have caused large-scale dislocation of wildlife from their habitat, and forced wildlife to seek refuge in other suitable nearby habitat,
 - (c) due to this, it is highly likely that Greater Gliders, among other endangered species, have settled into habitat located within the area currently being logged in Clouds Creek State Forest by Forestry Corporation NSW, and
 - (d) local residents have in fact now reported sightings of Greater Gliders.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to immediately halt logging operations in Clouds Creek State Forest until a comprehensive adequate ecological survey is undertaken and completed in this area.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

507. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that the members from ten different nations of the Tactical Advisory Committee to the Montréal Process Working Group held their 32nd meeting in Sydney on 5 to 7 October 2023.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that:
 - (a) Australia is a signatory to the international but non-binding Montréal Process,
 - (b) the Montréal Process serves as a comprehensive framework, offering criteria and indicators that enable participating nations to report their progress in achieving sustainable forest ecosystem management within temperate and boreal forests, and
 - (c) the seven criteria characterised as the essential components of sustainable forest management are:
 - (i) conservation of biological diversity,
 - (ii) maintenance of productive capacity of forest ecosystems,
 - (iii) maintenance of forest ecosystem health and vitality,
 - (iv) conservation and maintenance of soil and water resources,
 - (v) maintenance of forest contribution to global carbon cycles,
 - (vi) maintenance and enhancement of long-term multiple socio-economic benefits to meet the needs of societies,
 - (vii) legal, institutional, and economic framework for forest conservation and sustainable management.
- (3) That this House notes that:
 - (a) New South Wales is failing all seven of the criteria identified in the Montréal Process,
 - (b) evidence of the failures include that:
 - (i) since 2000 over 435,000 hectares of public native forest have been degraded through logging in New South Wales affecting over 244 threatened species, including our iconic koalas, greater gliders, south-eastern glossy black-cockatoos, southern brown bandicoots and many more forest dependent species,
 - (ii) industrial and harmful logging activities are continuing within the areas promised to be the Great Koala National Park,
 - (iii) over 90 per cent of native forests logged in New South Wales are used for products with a lifespan of less than 10 years and the sequestered carbon of logged forests is either burnt on site or exported for energy generation in other nations, and
 - (c) the failure to meet the criteria is shameful and that logging of primary forests in New South Wales is unsustainable, contributing to the extinction crisis and the climate crisis, and that it is not ecologically, socially, or economically sustainable or sound.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to urgently end public native forest logging in New South Wales and meet international, domestic and community obligations to protect forest ecosystems through:
 - (a) funding the restoration needed so our precious public native forest estate can reach its fullest possible ecological function, once again,
 - (b) supporting a just transition for workers and communities and create new, sustainable green jobs in these areas, and
 - (c) ensuring the carbon value of ending logging helps us in our efforts to deal with the worst impacts of climate breakdown.

508. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) policing with consent is a fundamental concept of law enforcement that emphasises the relationship between the police and the community they serve, and that it is based on the idea that the power and legitimacy of law enforcement agencies are derived from the consent and cooperation of the public,
 - (b) policing with consent relies on the voluntary cooperation and support of the community, and it emphasizes that law enforcement officers are there to serve and protect the public, not to control or oppress them,
 - (c) policing with consent is built on trust and confidence between law enforcement agencies and the community, and this trust is crucial for effective policing because it encourages individuals to report crimes, cooperate with investigations, and engage with law enforcement in a positive manner,
 - (d) policing with consent requires that law enforcement officers respect and protect the civil liberties and rights of individuals and communities, including the right to privacy, the right to life and the right of political expression,
 - (e) policing with consent involves transparency in law enforcement operations, where police departments are expected to be open and accountable to the public, providing information about their activities and actions,
 - (f) policing with consent relies on the existence of mechanisms to hold law enforcement accountable for any misconduct or abuses of power, and these may include internal affairs units, civilian oversight boards, and independent investigations,
 - (g) policing with consent is a dynamic concept that encourages law enforcement agencies to continually improve their practices, adapt to changing societal needs, and learn from past experiences,
 - (h) the concept of policing with consent was developed by Metropolitan Police and underpins policing in the United Kingdom (UK), where of a more that 135,000 person police force, only 6000 are licensed to carry a firearm, which is just 4 per cent,
 - (i) in the UK in the year 2022/2023 there were 23 deaths in or following police custody, with three fatal police shootings, and
 - (j) in New South Wales, with a population of just 12 per cent of the UK, there were 24 deaths in or following police custody and more deaths by police shooting in the last four months than the entirety of last year in the UK.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) acknowledge the way we approach policing in New South Wales is wrongfully killing and harming people and is breaching community trust,
 - (b) establish principles of policing with consent across the NSW Police Force to begin rebuilding trust with communities, and
 - (c) limit the carrying of weapons by non specialised police.

518. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) extreme heat kills more people in Australia than all other natural disasters combined,
 - (b) temperatures in Western Sydney can be up to 10 degrees hotter than in the Eastern Suburbs during a heatwave,
 - (c) growth areas in Western Sydney are more prone to high heat impacts and heat island effects due to poor urban design determined by the Growth Centre Housing state environmental planning policy (SEPP) which has allowed black tile roofs, dense housing on small blocks, no tree canopy and narrow streets with no room for shade trees, and
 - (d) Western Sydney suffers additional impacts of high heat through poor health, increased energy costs, damaged infrastructure and lost productivity.
- (2) That this House commends the Western Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils' work to provide councils with the tools to create a cooler, more liveable and heat resilient Western Sydney through its Turn Down the Heat Project, including additions to councils' planning controls, which attempt to mitigate the impacts of growth centre planning failures.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to urgently:
 - increase funds for Western Sydney councils to plant and maintain more urban street trees, and
 - (b) review and amend New South Wales planning controls, including the Growth Centre SEPP, to stop heat islands and urban sprawl, and incorporate the Western Sydney Regional Organisation of Councils' Turn Down the Heat provisions into planning controls at local and state levels.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

519. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) according to the most recent CoreLogic Quarterly Rental Review, Sydney continues to suffer record low vacancy rates, with rental vacancy rates in Sydney at 1.2 per cent in September 2023,
 - (b) Sydney maintained its position as the most expensive capital city rental market, with median dwelling rent at \$801 per week, representing an increase of 17.5 per cent since October 2023, and
 - (c) the CoreLogic data shows the price of asking rents is no longer increasing as sharply as previously, however only because households simply cannot afford to pay any more.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to prioritise the development of public and affordable housing, ensuring that all dwellings constructed on publicly-owned land be 100 per cent public housing.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

520. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) in 2020, the NSW Police Force introduced two new initiatives to improve police officers' compliance with law and policy when strip searching people at music festivals, and
 - (b) on 25 September 2023, the Law Enforcement Conduct Commission published its review into the NSW Police Force's compliance with these two initiatives.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that the review found that:
 - (a) only 35 per cent of records kept by officers were "clear, complete and consistent" to the standard required by the NSW Police Force Person Search Manual,
 - (b) only 68 per cent of strip search records showed that officers had considered the legal threshold for suspicion on reasonable grounds required to justify a search under the law,
 - (c) only 30 per cent of strip search records reflected adequate consideration of the seriousness and urgency threshold which officers must meet in order to justify a strip search under the law,
 - (d) only 27 per cent of strip search records contained information indicating police followed the rules for protecting privacy and dignity in strip searches required by the law,
 - (e) only 47 per cent of officers completed the mandatory "Music Festivals Fundamentals" preevent training within the required timeframe, and
 - (f) 28 per cent of officers did not complete the training at all.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to urgently implement all of the recommendations from the Coronial Inquest into the Death of Six Patrons at NSW Music Festivals, including ending the use of drug detection dogs and providing pill testing services at music festivals.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

521. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) 16 to 22 October 2023 is Gamble Aware Week in New South Wales,
 - (b) on 17 October 2019, this House passed a motion calling on the Government to change the name of 'Responsible Gambling Awareness Week' to 'Gambling Harm Awareness Week',
 - (c) 'Gambling Harm Awareness Week' is the same name given to similar initiatives in South Australia, Victoria, Tasmania, the Australian Capital Territory and New Zealand, and
 - (d) instead of changing the name to Gambling Harm Awareness Week, the Government changed the name to 'GambleAware Week'.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) GambleAware is the name of a bookmaker funded charity in the United Kingdom, and
 - (b) on 18 February 2022 the United Kingdom's National Health Service severed relations with the United Kingdom GambleAware because of its direct links to gambling organisations.

(3) That this House calls on the Minister for Gaming and Racing to rename GambleAware Week 'Gambling Harm Awareness Week' as resolved by this House in 2019.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

522. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that on 19 September 2023, the Sydney Anglican Synod endorsed:
 - (a) a motion calling for the implementation of the bipartisan recommendations of the Commonwealth inquiry into online gambling and its impacts on those experiencing gambling harm, including appointing a dedicated minister, banning inducements and stopping online gambling advertisements, and
 - (b) a motion calling on the Government to implement a trial of a mandatory cashless gambling card system as swiftly as possible and to consider a royal commission into the gambling industry.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) advocate for the full implementation of the online gambling inquiry's recommendations with their Commonwealth counterparts, and
 - (b) establish a royal commission into the gambling industry.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

524. Ms Boyd move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Greyhound Racing Act 2017 to provide for whole-of-life tracking of greyhounds, including greyhounds that are re-homed and no longer owned by a greyhound racing industry participant.

(Greyhound Racing Amendment (Whole-of-life Tracking) Bill)

(Notice given 10 October 2023)

- (1) That the Procedure Committee inquire into and report on the appropriateness of and alternatives to the recitation of the prayers under standing order 28 (the Lord's prayer) at the commencement of proceedings each day, including the appropriateness and suitability of alternatives including:
 - (a) replacing the Lord's prayer with a minute's silence for prayer and reflection,
 - (b) replacing the Lord's prayer with prayers from a number of different religions, to be recited either together each day or in turn on separate days,
 - (c) replacing the Lord's prayer with a secular reflection on members' responsibility to the people of New South Wales, and
 - (d) the abolition of the Lord's Prayer, without replacing the reading of the Lord's Prayer with an alternative practice.

(2) That the committee report by 30 June 2024.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

526. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the climate risks that impact on state agency assets and services include flooding, bushfires and extreme temperatures, which can result in damage to tranport, communications, energy and social infrastructure, increases in hospital admissions and making social housing and schools no longer suitable for use,
 - (b) adaptation responses than can be planned for include controlling development in floodprone locations, proactive asset maintenance to reduce disruption of essential services, ensuring demand for health services can be met during heatwaves, improving thermal comfort in schools to support student engagement, and safeguarding infrastructure from more frequent and intense natural disasters,
 - (c) climate risk requires a coordinated government response and each agency needs to be supported by NSW Treasury to manage the physical risks to assets and services associated with climate change,
 - (d) the previous Liberal-National Government pledged in 2016 to create a statewide climate change adaptation play by 2017 but never completed it,
 - (e) the NSW Audit Office released a scathing report in September 2021 entitled "Managing climate risks to assets and services", stating that key agencies wth critical assets and services had not even conducted climate change risk assessment, yet alone developed adaptation plans,
 - (f) as at the date of the Audit Office report, many state agencies that own or manage assets and provide services did not have climate risk management in place, and at least one-third of physical assets by government entities had not been included in climate risk assessments,
 - (g) New South Wales is behind the rest of Australia in relation to climate adaptation risk assessment and adaptation, and
 - (h) despite repeated calls from The Greens NSW and independents, the previous Liberal-National Government had not released a climate adaptation plan by the end of its term, releasing only a strategy in 2022 to have a plan by some later time.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to implement the recommendations in the Audit Office report, including urgently delivering a climate change adaptation action plan for the State.

(Notice given 10 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 47)

529. Ms Boyd to move—

(1) That this House expresses its profound sadness for the lives lost in the most recent escalation of conflict between Israel and Palestine, and the lives lost over the last several decades as a result of the illegal Israeli occupation of Palestinian land.

- (2) That this House acknowledges that the context of this escalating conflict cannot be ignored and for there to be peace there must be an end to the illegal occupation of Palestinian territories by the State of Israel.
- (3) That this House condemns all forms of violence, especially against civilians.
- (4) That this House acknowledges that the right to resist occupation must be in accordance with international law and the premeditated targeting of civilians by Hamas, as well as the bombing of Palestinian civilians in response by the State of Israel which violates these laws.
- (5) That this House calls on the Australian Government to work towards a de-escalation of the conflict, including an immediate ceasefire between the State of Israel and Hamas and a redoubling of international efforts to end the occupation and establish just and lasting peace.
- (6) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the comments by Israeli officials referring to Palestinian people as 'human animals' and that cutting off their supply of essential services such as food and electricity, are shockingly genocidal and should be condemned,
 - (b) assertions by Israeli officials that the actions of Hamas justify a 'complete siege of the Gaza Strip' are a blatant attempt by the Israeli government to occupy more of the Gaza Strip in breach of international law and should be condemned,
 - (c) statements about recent events in this conflict by much of the Australian and international media and politicians has:
 - (i) needlessly conflated the actions of the State of Israel and actions of Hamas as being actions of Israeli people or Palestinian people respectively, as well as dangerously conflating criticisms of the actions of the State of Israel with criticisms of Jewish people,
 - (ii) contributed to ongoing misinformation about the history of the conflict in Gaza and the ongoing persecution and violence towards Palestinian people,
 - (iii) highlighted the lack of empathy that many Australians have for people in countries with different cultural, political or religious settings to our own,
 - (d) the decision to light up the Opera House in the colours of the Israeli flag is misguided and represents a trend of continuously ignoring the plight of the Palestinian people and the historical context of the conflict in Gaza, and
 - (e) the historical failure of the Government to support the decolonisation of Palestine represents a clear failure to challenge all forms of settler colonialism, including the rights of First Nations peoples in this country.

531. Ms Munro to move—

- (1) That this House notes:
 - (a) that the Minns Labor Government's proposed "Innovation Blueprint" has a delivery deadline in nine months time,
 - (b) the ongoing confusion surrounding grants and other support programs for innovation and entrepreneurs in New South Wales due to Government indecision,
 - (c) that world-changing start-up businesses are relocating out of New South Wales because interstate governments are providing better support for entrepreneurs, and

- (d) that the Government's Comprehensive Expenditure Review process has not resulted in the delivery of comprehensive information about the State's expenditure for the people of New South Wales.
- (2) That this House recognises the foundational work undertaken by the Coalition Government to foster economic growth and entrepreneurship in New South Wales, including:
 - (a) the creation of and funding for the Sydney Start Up Hub and Western Sydney Start Up Hub.
 - (b) delivering and acting upon detailed reports and recommendations by departmental and industry experts, including,
 - (i) Bringing Big Ideas to Life, NSW Innovation Strategy (November 2016),
 - (ii) Innovation and Productivity Council scorecard (2018 2022),
 - (iii) Let's collaborate: SMEs Using Research to Drive Innovation (December 2020),
 - (iv) Turning ideas into jobs: Accelerating R&D in NSW Action Plan (January 2021),
 - (v) Global talent wars: learning from locations that attract the best (March 2022),
 - (vi) NSW 20-year R&D Roadmap (May 2022),
 - (vii) Adaptive NSW: How Embracing Tech Could Recharge Our Prosperity (November 2022),
 - (viii) Emerging Digital Technologies Strategy (January 2023), and
 - (c) the identification of technology priorities in New South Wales including:
 - (i) Fintech,
 - (ii) Cybersecurity,
 - (iii) VR, AR and digital games,
 - (iv) Quantum computing,
 - (v) Artificial intelligence and data services,
 - (vi) Blockchain and web3,
 - (vii) Enterprise application and online platforms.
- (3) That this House condemns the Minns Labor Government for failing to provide meaningful support and leadership for the innovation sector and entrepreneurs in New South Wales.

534. Mr Roberts to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges that a 27 year old woman, Brook Hayden, alleged that she was strip searched by two female police officers on 30 September 2023 at the Knockout Music Festival in Sydney.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Ms Cate Faehrmann MLC posted to social media platform X, formerly known as Twitter, on 3 October 2023 alleging that the woman was "subjected to a degrading, and probably illegal, strip search", and
 - (b) The Greens shared this allegation on social media the same day.
- (3) That this House further notes that:
 - (a) the police officers' body worn video device was recording at the time of the strip search, and

- (b) the recording showed that the search was conducted in accordance with the law, thereby dispelling allegations made by the Ms Faehrmann, and that policing rules, guidelines and procedures were strictly adhered to.
- (4) That this House calls on Ms Faehrmann and The Greens to issue an apology for disseminating false and misleading allegations which subjected police officers to undue stress and undermined public confidence in the NSW Police Force.
- (5) That this House affirms its support for the hardworking men and women of the NSW Police Force.

540. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the world's richest greyhound race, the "Million Dollar Chase", will take place at Wentworth Park on Friday 13 October 2023,
 - (b) Wentworth Park has already been the sight of track deaths of two greyhounds in 2023 and each year it is one of the leading sites for greyhound injuries and deaths in the country,
 - (c) communities are being asked to foot the bill for cruelty, with the Government funding the million dollar prize from public money,
 - (d) this prize money, and the millions in taxpayer dollars poured into the greyhound racing industry each year, does not contribute to caring for the welfare of greyhounds, rehoming efforts or ending disappearances,
 - (e) the sustainability of the greyhound racing industry is based on gambling profits, and
 - (f) the public subsidisation of racing allows the continuation of a dying industry and incentivises cruelty which results in the disappearance of retired greyhounds every year.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to no longer endorse the Million Dollar Chase, end the public subsidisation of the greyhound racing industry and cease the endorsement of the gambling industry.

(Notice given 12 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 49)

541. Mr Banasiak to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) there is a rich legacy of traditional indigenous spearfishing practices and culture, both here and around the world,
 - (b) Australia's ties to spearfishing are central to those wanting to reconnect with their culture,
 - (c) spearfishing as we now know it today, was first introduced to Sydney by Mr Alick Wickham in 1917 and has grown to 40,000 active enthusiasts state-wide,
 - (d) in 1948 Mr Dick Charles phoned the chief-of-staff for the Sydney Morning Herald, advising of a meeting for those interested in spearfishing, with the announcement making front page news,

- (e) 4 April 1948 was a cold, rain drenched day but by 3.00 pm, hundreds gathered upon Long Reef to hear Dick Charles' address, where it was decided that the Underwater Skindivers and Fisherman's Association (USFA) be formed with Dick Charles elected president, 15 committee members and thirty-two members signing up, and that following the meeting 50 men descended upon the shark infested waters,
- (f) on Saturday 7 October 2023 the USFA celebrated their 75th Anniversary at Watsons Bay in Sydney Harbour, and
- (g) responsible spearfishing practices, when managed sustainably and ethically, as they are here in New South Wales and the rest of Australia, contribute significantly to the social, economic and environmental benefits of New South Wales and are significant contributors to the health and wellbeing of spearfishers.
- (2) That this House acknowledges:
 - (a) the important role of spearfishing and its' contribution to the environmental, economic, cultural and social fabric of New South Wales for both Indigenous and non-indigenous fishers, and
 - (b) the significant milestone of the 75th anniversary of the USFA.
- (3) That this House supports Government sponsorship of an annual "Gone Spearfishing Day" in New South Wales to acknowledge this healthy outdoor activity, engage with spearfishers, and educate spearfishers and the community on the benefits of cultural, ethical and sustainable spearfishing.

542. Mr Banasiak to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on Saturday 7 October 2023, the Honourable Tania Mihailuk and the Honourable Mark Banasiak joined Barnaby Joyce and other guest speakers at the inaugural rally against offshore wind projects in Nelson Bay,
 - (b) the rally was hailed a great success, with a well organised committee, large turnout, and support by members of the public from the Illawarra and Albury regions, and everywhere in between,
 - (c) the span of the Port Stephens wind project affects residents across six Labor electorates,
 - (d) not one of the elected local Labor members from any of the six electorates were sighted at the rally on the day,
 - (e) residents of Port Stephens were speculating over the whereabouts of their local member, with rumours running rife, including suggestions that the member may have been hiding behind a stack of Tip Top sandwich loaves at the nearby Bunnings,
 - (f) whilst the nourishment of a sausage has fast become an excepted staple of a Saturday morning trip to the hardware store, the Honourable Mark Banasiak was not sure residents quite agreed that its importance was greater than hearing their concerns, but commends the member's public service nonetheless, and
 - (g) a further rally is proposed in Wollongong on Sunday 29 October 2023, and again at Federal Parliament in Canberra on 13 February 2024, with busloads of local residents expected to make the pilgrimage so that their voice will be heard.

- (2) That this House acknowledges:
 - (a) the organising committee of the Port Stephens rally against offshore wind, for their hard work and dedication in organising a successfully rally, and
 - (b) members of the public both local and those who travelled long distances, who gave up their morning to express their views and stand against the impacts of the proposed wind project.
- (3) That this House calls on:
 - (a) the Member for Wollongong, Member for Shellharbour and the Member for Shoalhaven to join the Honourable Mark Banasiak and residents of the Illawarra and the South Coast of New South Wales at the next rally on 29 October 2023, and
 - (b) the Federal Energy Minister, Chris Bowen, to front local residents in Canberra on 13 February 2023 and listen to their concerns.

544. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) there are peaceful assemblies and marches ongoing and planned across the state as the horrors in Gaza and Israel continue,
 - (b) communities across the state are suffering and all have the right to assemble to grieve to walk and express themselves,
 - (c) Ms Sue Higginson commends the Acting Police Commissioner for his statements of 11 October 2023 on the legal position of public assembly and the fact that assemblies in public places do not need an authorisation to be lawful,
 - (d) it is disconcerting that so many leaders in Parliament, including the Premier have attempted to mislead the public by saying that any planned protest without police approval is unlawful,
 - (e) the role of the police regarding protest is to keep people safe, not to stifle assembly and peaceful protest, and
 - (f) peaceful assembly and protest is something to be celebrated and encouraged not feared or discouraged in a mature democracy, particularly at times like these.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to urge the NSW Police Force to approve all applications made for protests and to operate peacefully, strategically and with gentle hands in response to all public assemblies and peaceful protest.

(Notice given 12 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 49)

545. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change noted in:
 - (a) 2014 that they had elevated concerns about the causes and consequences of human induced global warming,

- (b) 2018 that the impacts of climate change are drastically different between 1.5 degrees and 2 degrees temperature increases and that emissions need to be halved from 2010 levels by 2030, and
- (c) 2023 that global temperatures could warm by 3.2 degrees by the end of the century, leading to global flood damage four times higher than if we limited warming to 1.5 degrees.
- (2) That this House notes that the Paris Agreement is the first of its kind and is an international treaty on addressing climate change that:
 - (a) aims to limit global warming in this century to 2 degrees above pre-industrial levels, and attempt to limit the increase to 1.5 degrees,
 - (b) included countries' commitments to cut their domestic emissions, including reaching net zero mid century,
 - (c) increases transparency and accountability surrounding climate change,
 - (d) plans for climate change mitigation and adaptation for particularly developing countries,
 - (e) the agreement requires that nations amend their targets every five years to ensure that climate action is sufficiently ambitious,
 - (f) Australia signed in 2015 with a target to reduce emissions by 26 to 28 per cent by 2030, and
 - (g) Australia updated its target in 2021 to be a 50 per cent reduction by 2030.
- (3) That this House notes that:
 - (a) in September of this year, at the time of the United Nations Climate Ambition Summit in New York, the Australian Academy of Technological Sciences and Engineering (ATSE) which represents nearly 900 distinguished engineers and scientists, calls on the Australian Government to commit to net zero emissions by 2035, and
 - (b) ATSE President Dr Woodthorpe said "meeting this target will be a monumental challenge, but with immediate and large-scale action to invest in skills and infrastructure, as well as political, policy and regulatory support at all levels, it is achievable".
- (4) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Government is set to legislate a net zero by 2050 target that will keep Australia on track to contribute to a catastrophic 3.2 degree increase in global temperatures,
 - (b) Scott Morrison and the Coalition committed to a 50 per cent reduction by 2030 in 2021,
 - (c) the Victorian Labor Government has committed to net-zero by 2045, and
 - (d) The Greens will work hard with the Government to enact responsible net zero targets in accordance with science and survival.
- (5) That this House calls on the Government to recognise the science and set more ambitious short, mid and long term goals to guide the Net Zero Commission in the exercise of their responsibilities.

549. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) in a great shame to our state, on 13 and 14 October 2023, New South Wales hosted both the Million Dollar Chase and Everest Race in Sydney,
 - (b) these two races, which are advertised as the "world's richest race" in greyhound and horse racing respectively, are funded by sponsorship deals with Australia's biggest gambling service providers and have historically been supported by the Government,
 - (c) at the Million Dollar Chase on 13 October 2023, three greyhounds suffered serious injuries, including a foreleg fracture, neck laceration and a hock fracture,
 - (d) these greyhounds were reportedly transported to an industry veterinary hospital 45 minutes away, unnecessarily extending their suffering and delaying treatment for their injuries,
 - (e) this tragic outcome from the Million Dollar Chase is not surprising, given that Wentworth Park is one of Australia's most dangerous racetracks and, throughout New South Wales, serious injuries to greyhounds are up 40 per cent from last year, and 34 greyhounds have died on track in New South Wales this year alone,
 - (f) at the Everest horse race on 14 October 2023, three riders exceeded the number of 'permitted strikes of the whip' under the Australian Rules of Racing, and a number of riders were fined for careless riding,
 - (g) this outcome could have been much worst, in 2022, 54 racehorses died in New South Wales, the highest death toll in the country, and one horse is killed every two days on Australian race tracks, and
 - (h) it is irresponsible for the Government to support these events and foster a culture of problem gambling on the suffering of animals, given these industries have proven that they are unable to operate without consistent and extreme animal cruelty.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to cease using taxpayer money to fund industries that cause animal suffering and death and destroy the lives of families through problem gambling, and to instead invest into protecting animals and humans from harm.

(Notice given 17 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 50)

550. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Kiwarrak State Forest is fortunate to have a high density of koalas, and has been declared an area of regional koala significance,
 - (b) the 2019 Black Summer bushfires, however, had a devastating impact on Kiwarrak State Forest and saw a 50 to 80 per cent reduction of its koala population,
 - (c) this koala population has not yet recovered from the fires, and has faced additional stressors from loss of mature trees for a road widening project,
 - (d) Kiwarrak State Forest has not been logged since 1994, however, it has recently been announced that on 13 November 2023, NSW Forestry Corporation plans to log 947 hectares across four adjoining compartments of Kiwarrak State Forest,

- (e) the local community has expressed distress at this shocking decision, having dedicated years of time and resources to the rehabilitation of local koala populations, and
- (f) community members have formed a protest group called "The Friends of Kiwarrak", to raise awareness of this precious area of regional koala significance and halt plans to proceed with logging operations in the area.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to reverse the decision to commence logging in Kiwarrak State Forest and urgently ban native forest logging throughout New South Wales.

551. Dr Kaine to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) there have been two deaths of delivery drivers in New South Wales this year, and six others since 2019, and
 - (b) that SafeWork NSW has fined a food delivery company for not adequately training more than 1,000 food delivery riders in hazard and fatigue management, road safety, the use of personal protective equipment and work health and safety duties and obligations.
- (2) That this House acknowledges:
 - (a) the importance of work by Safework inspectors in New South Wales to identify food delivery platforms that aren't complying with work health and safety regulations, and
 - (b) that the Minns Labor Government is committed to better labour market outcomes in the gig economy and is committed to complementing Federal Government efforts in this area.

(Notice given 17 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 50)

553. Mr Banasiak to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) at around 11.30 am on Sunday 15 October 2023, a disabled vessel with two men and a child made a distress call off the coast of Jervis Bay, sighting engine failure and were drifting quickly toward rocks,
 - (b) two Marine Rescue NSW vessels, Jervis Bay 20 (JB-20) and Jervis Bay 41, were undertaking on-water training exercises nearby when they received the operator call,
 - (c) the nature of the incident was critical due to the stricken vessel's proximity to rocks, its inability to drop anchor and a substantial, uneven swell and that despite treacherous seas of up to three metres, the crew aboard JB-20 were somehow able to reach the vessel tow the vessel and pull it to safety just meters from the rocks,
 - (d) Unit Commander Keven Hill noted that this was without a doubt, the most challenging rescue he had ever attempted within the last decade, and
 - (e) had the crew taken seconds longer to react, the outcome of this rescue could have been catastrophic, or even fatal.
- (2) That this House acknowledges:

- (a) the hard work and dedication of over 3,200 volunteers of Marine Rescue NSW who risk their lives every day to keep our waterways safe,
- (b) the rapid response of Unit Commander Keven Hill, Senior Crew member John Dawson, as well as Radio operators Martin Miksosch and Julie Carter which ultimately resulted in the saving of three lives,
- (c) that the Police Minster's response to the Honourable Mark Banasiak's question in the House, cited no work has presently been done to investigate the likely impact proposed offshore turbines would have on radio transmissions and rescue services, and
- (d) that boating communities rely heavily on the rapid response of rescue teams and hope that the addition of proposed offshore wind farms along our coastline will not impact the effectiveness of communication or ability for teams to respond.
- (3) That this House calls on the NSW Government to:
 - (a) recognise the potentially catastrophic impact the proposed offshore wind farm projects could have on marine rescue operations, and consult with state-based industry stakeholders, and
 - (b) launch an independent investigation into the effects that wind turbines have on RF transmissions, radar systems and marine rescue effectiveness.

554. Ms Suvaal to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) this year marks 120 years of research work at Cowra Agricultural Research and Advisory Station,
 - (b) William Farrer, known as the Father of the Australian wheat industry was instrumental in the establishment of the station, first known as an 'experimental farm' in 1903, and
 - (c) in its 120 year history, the Cowra Agricultural Research and Advisory Station has conducted research across broadacre cropping, pastures, livestock and meat science.
- (2) That this House congratulates Cowra Agricultural Research and Advisory Station contribution to research and agricultural technology.
- (3) This House acknowledges the contribution of farmers to research and innovation to build resilience in the agriculture sector.

(Notice given 17 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 50)

555. Ms Suvaal to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the NSW Department of Primary Industries (DPI) Narrandera Fisheries Centre is a worldclass fish research and aquaculture facility specialising in native fish breeding, conservation, environmental surveys, New South Wales rivers management and community education,

- (b) the NSW DPI Narrandera Fisheries Centre hosted an open day on Saturday 14 October 2023 for the community to see first-hand the important work being undertaken to research, enhance, and protect native fish and fisheries in New South Wales, and
- (c) each year, up to 2 million native fish are stocked into New South Wales waterways after being produced at the NSW DPI Narrandera Fisheries Centre, including murray cod and golden perch.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that trout cod are a threatened species, however, a breakthrough in pond spawning of this species, is an exciting step forward in the potential to produce higher numbers of trout cod in the future to repopulate our waterways.
- (3) That this House notes the Government's election commitment to help recover trout cod in New South Wales.

556. Mr Fang to move—

That this House notes that:

- (a) the NSW Government has scrapped the Resources for Regions Program in the 2023-2024 Budget,
- (b) the abolition of this fund will negatively impact the 26 mining LGAs in regional New South Wales depriving them of much needed funding for infrastructure and services.
- (c) since 2012 the Resources for Regions program has delivered 355 projects worth \$560 million to mining communities, stimulating local economies, and delivering critical infrastructure, and
- (d) the \$560 million Resources for Regions program is part of the former Coalition Government's \$3.3 billion Regional Growth Fund was designed to support growing regional centres, activate local economies and improve services and infrastructure for regional communities.

(Notice given 17 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 50)

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 11 October 2023 the Federation of Democratic Kurdish Society Australia launched the international campaign "Freedom for Öcalan, A Political Solution for the Kurdish Question" outside of NSW Parliament House, which was attended among others by:
 - (i) the Federation of Democratic Kurdish Society Australia,
 - (ii) the Democratic Kurdish Community Centre of NSW,
 - (iii) the Sydney Kurdish Youth Association,
 - (iv) many members of the Kurdish diaspora,
 - (v) Abigail Boyd, Greens MLC,
 - (vi) Kobi Shetty, Greens MP for Balmain,
 - (vii) Nathan Hagarty, Labor MP for Leppington,
 - (viii) Lee Rhiannon, former Greens Senator,
 - (ix) Reverend Bill Crews,
 - (x) Socialist Alliance,
 - (b) Abdullah Öcalan has been held in near-complete isolation in solitary confinement for almost three years, and has been banned from any communication with his family, lawyers or the rest of the world,

- (c) Öcalan's last meeting with his lawyers occurred in August 2019, and his last contact with his family, a short phone call with his brother, occurred in March 2021,
- (d) the recent treatment of Öcalan is in violation of Turkish law and international law,
- (e) Öcalan and the Kurdish Workers' Party (PKK) have been key players in fighting for justice for Kurdish people through decades of political and violent conflict inflicted by the Turkish government,
- (f) Öcalan is a beacon of hope for Kurdish people across the globe including the Kurdish diaspora in Australia, and a symbol of 100 years of Kurdish resistance against an oppressive Turkish state, and
- (g) the campaign calls for Öcalan to be allowed to meet with his lawyers and family, and to ultimately be freed under conditions that allow him to play a role in finding a just and democratic solution to the Turkish-Kurdish conflict.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to stand in solidarity with the Kurdish community and support the calls for freedom of Abdullah Öcalan.

559. Mr Buttigieg to move—

That this House notes that:

- (a) on 25 August 2023 the Honourable. Sophie Cotsis MP, Minister for Industrial Relations and Minister for Work Health and Safety announced that the Minns Labor Government is starting consultations around expanding portable long service leave for community service workers, a key commitment taken to the election, and
- (b) the expansion will contribute to the Minns Labor Government's key goal of attracting and keeping more essential workers and is critical to address the inequalities in core workplace entitlements existing between different classes of employees, an area which the previous Government chose to neglect.

(Notice given 17 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 50)

561. Ms Mihailuk to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Education Act 1990 and Teacher Accreditation Act 2004 to prohibit teachers from disclosing personal political beliefs to students except in certain circumstances; and for related purposes.

(Education Legislation Amendment (Personal Political Beliefs) Bill)

(Notice given 17 October 2023)

563. Mr Primrose to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Department of Regional NSW and the New South Wales men's cricket team, the NSW Blues, have joined forces for the domestic 2023/2024 cricket season,

- (b) the NSW Blues squad has a number of professional cricket players who come from regional New South Wales, this includes Daniel Hughes, Chris Tremain, Matt Gilkes, Janson Sangha, Blake Nikitaras, and Hayden Kerr,
- (c) Cricket NSW has a long standing affinity with regional New South Wales, with:
 - (i) more than 250 cricketers aged 13 to 19 in the Cricket NSW pathway system,
 - (ii) regional New South Wales cricketers making up around 50 per cent of New South Wales contracted professional cricketers, and
- (d) this partnership strengthens the relationship between Cricket NSW and the Department of Regional NSW.
- (2) That this House expresses its continued strong support for the NSW Blues.

565. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the Honourable Jeremy Buckingham MLC had the pleasure of hosting a hemp industry roundtable at Parliament on 5 October 2023,
 - (b) hemp industry representatives made presentations to the Honourable Tara Moriarty MLC and Department of Primary Industries representatives on ways to move the hemp industry forward in New South Wales, and
 - (c) the following hemp industry representatives attended:
 - Ms Crystal White, Northern Rivers Hemp Growers Cooperative, farmer and board member.
 - (ii) Mr Matthew Middlemiss, Northern Rivers Hemp Growers Cooperative farmer and board member,
 - (iii) Mr Christopher Lord, owner of hemp/CBD online businesses,
 - (iv) Mr Nicholas Jouin, owner of Permastructure Pty Ltd, a builder of hemp and sustainable houses,
 - (v) Mr Tim Schmidt President of the Australian Hemp Council,
 - (vi) Mr Jaimie Milling, NSW representative on the Australian Hemp Council and president of iHemp NSW,
 - (vii) Mr Andrew Kavasilas, Vitahemp,
 - (viii) Mr Kevin Wortes, Australian Industrial Hemp Alliance Board Member, Medicinal Cannabis Licence Holder,
 - (ix) Mr James Vosper, President Australian Industrial Hemp Alliance AIHA and NSW Industrial Hemp Association,
 - (x) Mr Kieren Brown, Managing Director of Ananda Foods, selling hemp food and hemp products,
 - (xi) Mr Adam Cantwell, Vice President Global Operations Ananda Hemp,
 - (xii) Mr Bob Doyle of Hunter Valley Hemp Seed & Grain, a hemp grower and processor,
 - (xiii) Mr Rangi Faulder, a NSW hemp license holder since 2015,
 - (xiv) Ms Catherine Cowan, NSW Industrial Hemp Association Treasurer, representative of Botanic Wellness Medicinal Cannabis.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) constraints to New South Wales hemp farmers and sellers were identified in State and Federal legislation, and

- (b) the Australian Hemp Council are currently working on a business case detailing how the Australian hemp industry can grow into a \$500 million industry for Australian farmers, if there is research support and regulatory reformation.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to establish a taskforce of relevant agencies and representatives of the hemp industry with a view to exploring areas in which the government can assist in terms of industry policy, regulatory reform and other assistance measures.

566. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 7 October, Hamas launched a horrifying attack on Israel and its people, killing more than 1,400 Israeli civilians and soldiers, including in their homes, on the streets and at a music festival, and taking at least 199 people hostage, including babies and children,
 - (b) Hamas has said this was in response to Israeli attacks on women, the desecration of the al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem and the ongoing siege of Gaza,
 - (c) since the attacks, the Israeli Defence Force has carried out a full-scale assault on Gaza, launching 6,000 bombs in six days destroying homes, hospitals and a mosque, reportedly killing at least 2,808 people and wounding almost 10,000 others,
 - (d) Israeli Defense Minister Yoav Gallant has announced a complete blockade of Gaza saying "There will be no electricity, no food, no fuel, everything is closed. We are fighting human animals and we act accordingly",
 - (e) Amnesty International and Human Rights Watch allege that on 10 and 11 October 2023, the Israeli Defence Force used white phosphorus munitions during aerial assaults on Gaza in response to the Hamas attack,
 - (f) the Israeli Defence Force has called for all residents of Gaza City to "evacuate their homes" and "move south for their protection" in a series of posts on X, in anticipation of an expected ground invasion,
 - (g) the United Nations has stated that it is "impossible for such a movement to take place without devastating humanitarian consequences" and that it "strongly appeals for any such order to be rescinded avoiding what could transform what is already a tragedy into a calamitous situation", and
 - (h) at least 45 Australians are trapped in Gaza.
- (2) That this House further notes that a joint statement dated 12 October 2023 from 41 groups in Australia, including the Alliance of Australian Muslims, Lebanese Muslim Association, and Muslim Women Australia:
 - (a) condemned "all calls and incitement to violence and hatred of any people", including "anti-Semitic, anti-Muslim or Islamophobic attitudes and expressions of hatred", stating that "there is never a justification for any loss of innocent civilian lives.",
 - (b) further stated that "this must be a universal constant and hold true for every life, including the lives of Palestinians who continue to suffer and experience the worsening humanitarian crisis they are about to endure. This cannot be overlooked or ignored. Regrettably, it has", and

(c) noted that the Australian Muslim Community, nearly one million strong, is dismayed by the one-sided narrative allowing the Zionist lobby to sway Government decisions on Palestine, and called on the Government to acknowledge the plight and suffering of the Palestinians and avoid one-sided statements and support which ignore the Palestinian people.

(3) That this House:

- (a) condemns the brutal killings of Israeli and Palestinian civilians, including the war crimes of Hamas and the Israeli Defence Force, and urges no further bloodshed,
- (b) calls on the NSW and Commonwealth Governments to acknowledge the plight and suffering of the Palestinians and avoid one-sided statements and support, and
- (c) calls on the Commonwealth Government to work with their international counterparts to pursue peace and de-escalation in the region, including an immediate ceasefire and end to the invasion of Gaza, the safe release of hostages and the urgent provision of humanitarian aid to Gaza.

(Notice given 17 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 50)

567. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Australians lost more than \$14.5 billion on poker machines in pubs and clubs alone last financial year,
 - (b) this is a 13.7 per cent increase on the 2018-19 financial year, the last financial year uninterrupted by COVID-19 restrictions,
 - (c) this equates to \$4,417 per poker machine user lost per year, and
 - (d) in New South Wales, poker machine users lost an average \$6,725 last financial year, \$2,308 more than the national average.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to urgently implement a mandatory state-wide cashless gambling card with player-set time and spending limits on all cards.

(Notice given 17 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 50)

568. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) an investigation undertaken by the Guardian has revealed an increasing number of young people are entering adulthood with depression and anxiety, alongside debt and relationship breakdowns, because of gambling in their youth,
 - (b) data provided by Gambling Help Online revealed a 16 per cent increase in the number of people aged 24 and under contacting the help service in the 2022-23 financial year,
 - (c) those experts have called for comprehensive bans on all forms of marketing for gambling products and say that trusting industries to self-regulate doesn't work, and

- (d) a joint study between Federation University and the coroner's court of Victoria, released in September 2023, found that between 2009 and 2016, 184 of 4,788 suicide deaths in the state were gambling related, with fourteen of those being 17 to 24 year olds.
- (2) That this House acknowledges that:
 - (a) according to the Growing Up In Australia: The Longitudinal Study of Australian Children, about 9,000 teenagers who took part in the study reported having spent money on poker machines, casino table games and Keno, and
 - (b) the NSW Office of Responsible Gambling has said the primary mode of gambling reported by under 25s who reached out for help were poker machines and sports betting.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to invest greater resources into gambling harm reduction measures catered to children and young people and impose greater penalties on betting companies failing to adequately age verify users.

569. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) in June 2023, the Commonwealth inquiry into online gambling and its impacts on those experiencing gambling harm handed down its recommendations, and
 - (b) recommendation 26 of the inquiry recommended that the Australian Government, with the cooperation of the States and Territories, implement a comprehensive ban on all forms of advertising for online gambling, to be introduced over three years.
- (2) That this House notes that gambling advertising laws are governed at both the Commonwealth and State government levels.
- (3) That this House calls on the Government to support the recommendation of the Commonwealth inquiry on gambling advertising and adopt the roadmap it provided in implementing a comprehensive ban on all forms of advertising for online gambling.

(Notice given 17 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 50)

570. Ms Faehrmann to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) data obtained by Redfern Legal Centre shows that from July 2021 to June 2023, the NSW Police Force strip searched 107 children, including three 12 year old girls, six 13 year old girls, and the youngest boy being 14 years old,
 - (b) more than 20 per cent of the 107 children searched were First Nations, and
 - (c) the number of strip searches on girls aged 17 and under increased from seven in 2021-22 to 25 in 2022-23.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to end the use of strip searches and drug detection dogs by the NSW Police Force.

(Notice given 17 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 50)

571. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) a treaty is a formal agreement between First Nations people and the Government that acknowledges First Nations sovereignty, protects rights and sets the underlying terms for First Nations people to negotiate with the Government moving forward,
 - (b) the Uluru Statement from the Heart describes the Makarrata or Treaty as a "coming together after struggle" and calls for the establishment of a Makarrata Commission to supervise a process of agreement-making between governments and First Nations and truth-telling about our history,
 - (c) New South Wales has the largest population of First Nations people in the country, but is the last state to have committed to a treaty process, which it has not yet begun,
 - (d) in the 2023 NSW State Election campaign, both The Greens and Labor committed to the commencement of a treaty process,
 - (e) any treaty processes must be guided by the framework of the United Nations Declaration of the Rights of Indigenous Peoples which establishes a universal framework of minimum standards for the survival, dignity and well-being of the indigenous peoples of the world and it elaborates on existing human rights standards and fundamental freedoms as they apply to indigenous peoples, and
 - (f) the principle of Free Prior, Informed and Ongoing Consent are core to treaty making processes being meaningful, legitimate and successful,
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) work with all within the parliament to ensure there is support across the political spectrum for treaties with First Nations peoples so the processes are not undermined by the election cycle,
 - (b) guarantee Free Prior, Informed and Ongoing Consent is prioritised at all stages of treaty making, with particular emphasis on empowering First Nations communities with the knowledge and resources to engage in treaty making processes and addressing the power imbalance between communities and government agencies in discussions and negotiations, and
 - (c) recognise the sovereignty of First Nations people.

(Notice given 17 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 50)

572. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) last week the Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales and Minister for Western New South Wales representing the Minister for Police and Counterterrorism responded to a question during Question time saying the protest held on Monday 9 October 2023 in front of the Opera House was not lawful,
 - (b) last week the Honourable Rod Roberts was quoted in the media saying the protest was an unlawful gathering because it had not received what is referred to as a Form 1 authorisation,

- (c) this was reported across multiple media outlets, including 2GB which reported that the protest was "illegal from start to finish",
- (d) multiple elected members made reference to the protest held in front of the Opera House as being unlawful over the course of last week, in the House and to the media,
- (e) in written answers to supplementary questions the Minister for Police and Counterterrorism conceded that the protest was only "unauthorised" not "not lawful",
- (f) those members, including the Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales and Minister for Western New South Wales, misled the House, the media and the public when they said the protest was unlawful or illegal,
- (g) members of the community have a right to protest, and a Form 1 authorisation merely protects protestors from being charged with obstruction offences but is not a legal requirement to peacefully assemble and protest, and
- (h) the subsequent peaceful protest organised by the Palestine Action Group held on Sunday 15 October 2023 was attended by some 6,000 people and was a peaceful demonstration of solidarity with Palestinian people and calling for an end to ongoing violence against Palestinian people and Israel's illegal occupation of Palestinian Territories.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to:
 - (a) stop weaponising the Form 1 authorisation process by misleading the public to believe that a protest without a Form 1 is unlawful, and
 - (b) acknowledge, respect and protect the right to peaceful protest in New South Wales.
- (3) That this House takes the opportunity to remind members of their responsibility not to mislead the House, and ministers of their obligation to provide factually correct answers to questions.

573. Ms Higginson to move—

- (1) That this House affirms its support for Truth, Treaty and Voice for First Nations communities as outlined by the Uluru Statement from the Heart.
- (2) That this House acts in accordance with the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples during all engagement and actions involving First Nations people to ensure that Free, Prior and Informed Consent is given and that free and informed consent is ongoing in all instances.
- (3) That this House notes that:
 - (a) New South Wales is the only jurisdiction in Australia that has not passed stand-alone Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation,
 - (b) the Western Australian Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2021 was repealed just six weeks after it had commenced and was replaced with an amended version of the Aboriginal Heritage Act 1972,
 - (c) the Minister for Aboriginal Affairs and Treaty has stated that stand-alone aboriginal cultural heritage protection legislation will be put before the parliament as soon as possible and that a statutory body will be established that will:
 - (i) be responsible for culture and heritage,

- (ii) have discretion over fines and approvals for interference with and removal of cultural heritage,
- (iii) be constituted by Aboriginal people, and
- (d) there is a wealth of knowledge from multiple consultations, prior bills and committee activities concerning the needs and requirements for a First Nations statutory body that is responsible for cultural heritage.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to urgently commence consultation with First Nations people, Traditional Owners, Native Title holders, organisations and peak bodies to establish and draft legislation to ensure that the protection of and responsibility for Aboriginal cultural heritage is vested in a First Nations established and constituted statutory authority.

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) October 2023 is Down Syndrome Awareness Month, which celebrates the strengths, achievements and contributions of people with down syndrome in our community, and calls on all levels of society to break down barriers that people with down syndrome face in education, employment, accessing health services and other areas of society,
 - (b) people with down syndrome face significant and disproportionate barriers in society which are driven by successive governments' choices to put people with disability last, as an afterthought or not at all in public policy, such as the continued failures of the former Coalition Government to create any policy that delivers real outcomes in the lives of people with disability,
 - (c) there is an overwhelming lack of data collected by governments in relation to the experiences of people with disability including people with Down syndrome and the barriers they face,
 - (d) a common key recommendation called for by several peak disability organisations, inquiries and groups, including Down Syndrome Australia, the Royal Commission into Violence, Abuse, Neglect and Exploitation of People with Disability and the Australian Human Rights Commission, is for governments to ensure all policies, programs and legislation are in full alignment with the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD),
 - (e) education is a key area of life where people with Down syndrome face discrimination, segregation and exclusion early in life, and in order to reform our education system to be one which provides truly inclusive education we must appropriately fund and resource our schools and enforce robust and nuanced policy, and
 - (f) according to Down Syndrome Australia in their first ever annual survey conducted in March 2017:
 - (i) 46 per cent of students were attending mainstream schools,
 - (ii) 46 per cent were attending special schools or a special unit within a mainstream school,
 - (iii) the remaining 8 per cent were in other settings, including mixes of mainstream and special schools,
 - (iv) 25 per cent of parents who had children in a segregated setting, felt that this was not their preferred setting and that they would prefer their child to be in a mainstream school environment,

- (v) a key barrier experienced by people with Down syndrome is dealing with health professionals who have a lack of understanding of Down syndrome, with nearly a third of respondents having concerns about the safety and well-being of the person with Down syndrome within the health system,
- (vi) 77 per cent of respondents felt that health professionals would benefit from workshops or webinars on Down syndrome,
- (vii) 70 per cent of families indicated that the biggest health system barrier that they experience is lack of up-to-date understanding about Down syndrome, and families described experiences where doctors did not include the person with Down syndrome in discussions, or made incorrect presumptions about their capabilities.
- (2) That this House calls on the NSW Labor Government to continue taking direct action to improve the lives of people with Down syndrome in New South Wales by creating policy that is truly inclusive and appropriately resourcing services and programs.

577. Mr Buckingham to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to amend the Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002 to prohibit strip searches on certain young persons for drug possession offences; and for related purposes.

(Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Amendment (Prohibition on Youth Strip Searches for Drug Offences) Bill)

(Notice given 18 October 2023)

578. Mr Farlow to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Gaecheonjeol, also known as National Foundation Day, is celebrated in the Republic of Korea on 3 October annually, and celebrates the formation of the first Korean state of Gojoseon in 2333 BC,
 - (b) in 2021-22, the Republic of Korea was Australia's third largest export market and fourth largest trading partner, forming 6.5 per cent of Australia's total trade at a valuation of AUD \$68.7 billion,
 - (c) New South Wales is home to 72,476 people with Korean ancestry, including 53,046 people who were born in the Republic of Korea, according to the 2021 Census, and
 - (d) Korean culture is a significant addition to the vibrant, diverse, multicultural fabric of our society and establishes greater understanding and people-to-people links between New South Wales and the Republic of Korea.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on Tuesday 17 October 2023, the Consulate General of the Republic of Korea held a reception on the occasion of the Korean National Day Celebration at the North Building of the Art Gallery of New South Wales, and
 - (b) the event was attended by many individuals representing a diverse array of the New South Wales community, including the following dignitaries:
 - (i) Mr Taewoo Lee, Consul General of the Republic of Korea, and Mrs Mihyun Chang,

- (ii) the Honourable Andrew Bell, Lieutenant-Governor and Chief Justice of New South Wales.
- (iii) Ms Lynda Voltz MP, Member for Auburn, representing the Hon Chris Minns MP, Premier of New South Wales,
- (iv) the Honourable Mark Speakman SC MP, Leader of the Liberal Party, Member for Cronulla,
- (v) the Honourable Greg Piper MP, Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, Member for Lake Macquarie,
- (vi) the Honourable Ben Franklin MLC, President of the Legislative Council,
- (vii) the Honourable Natalie Ward MLC, Deputy Leader of the Liberal Party,
- (viii) the Honourable Scott Farlow MLC,
- (ix) the Honourable Susan Carter MLC,
- (x) the Honourable Chris Rath MLC,
- (xi) Mr Mark Coure MP, Member for Oatley,
- (xii) Mr Matt Cross MP, Member for Davidson.

579. Ms Hurst to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Greyhound Rescue is a charitable organisation that rescues, rehabilitates and rehomes greyhounds from the New South Wales racing industry, primarily relying on charitable donations and dedicated volunteers to perform this vital work,
 - (b) Greyhound Rescue is currently running their #Noodles4Noodles fundraising campaign, 'Noodles' being the affectionate nickname given to the characteristically long limbed dogs they rescue,
 - (c) the funds raised by Greyhound Rescue will be used to purchase a new rescue van, "The Noodle Wagon", which will replace the 20-year-old van they currently use to transport greyhounds, and
 - (d) Greyhound Rescue held a 'Noodle Day' event between 12.00 pm and 2.00 pm on Thursday, 19 October 2024 in the NSW Parliament Level 9 Garden, and hosted a 'Noodle Festival' on Saturday, 21 October in Marrickville, which the Honourable Emma Hurst encouraged all honourable members to attend.
- (2) That this House congratulates Greyhound Rescue for their critical work saving and changing the lives of greyhounds in New South Wales.

(Notice given 19 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 52)

580. Mr Buttigieg to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) on 26 September 2023, the Chinese Australian Services Society (CASS) held a Volunteers Thanksgiving Luncheon and Moon Festival celebration in Rhodes, and the Honouable Mark Buttigieg MLC was honoured to attend and make a speech representing the Premier, the Honourable Chris Minns MP and the Minister for Multiculturalism, the Honourable Stephen Kamper MP,

- (b) for 42 years, CASS has worked hard to support multicultural communities around Sydney and Wollongong, providing services such as childcare, aged care, disability services, settlement services, vocational and training support, and
- (c) the event included great performances, awards presentations and many speeches from guests showing gratitude for the important work of CASS and its fantastic volunteers, and guests attending the event included:
 - (i) the Honourable Sophie Cotsis MP, Minister for Industrial Relations, Minister for Work Health and Safety, Member for Canterbury,
 - (ii) the Honourable Mark Speakman SC MP, Leader of the New South Wales Opposition, Member for Cronulla,
 - (iii) Ms Sally Sitou MP, Federal Member for Reid,
 - (iv) Mr Jerome Laxale MP, Federal Member for Bennelong,
 - (v) the Honourable David Coleman MP, Federal Member for Banks,
 - (vi) Councillor Karen Pensabene, Mayor of Strathfield Council,
 - (vii) Councillor Anthony Bazouni, City of Canada Bay,
 - (viii) Councilor Nancy Liu, Georges River Council.
- (2) That this House congratulates CASS, including Dr Bo Zhou, Chairperson of CASS, Mr Henry Pan OAM, Founder of CASS, Mr Ivan Wong, General Manager of CASS Care and its volunteers, for serving multicultural communities of Sydney and Wollongong for 42 years.

581. Mr Borsak to move—

- (1) That this House acknowledges the significant and lifelong contribution to New South Wales and world karate of Hanshi John Taylor who died on 27 September 2023.
- (2) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Mr John Taylor was born on 6 June 1941, he emigrated to Australia in 1963 and settled in Burwood, Sydney,
 - (b) Mr Taylor commenced karate training in Sydney in 1963, and continued his training at the World Headquarters in Japan in 1970-1971 where he trained as an uchi-deshi (live-in student) for an incredible and challenging 395 days, and upon returning to Australia he was elected Chairman of the Australian Kyokushin Karate Association, a position that he held until his death,
 - (c) in 1974 Mr Taylor was a founding member of the Australian Kyokushin Karate Association when it was established,
 - (d) in 1975 Mr Taylor was a founding member of the Federation of Australian Karate-Do (FAKO), now known as the Australian Karate Federation, a government-sponsored group, and Mr Taylor:
 - (i) was elected President of the New South Wales branch,
 - (ii) was one of the foundation members of the Federation of the Australian Karate-Do Organisation and was elected the New South Wales President in 1977,
 - (iii) was responsible for organising the first Australian Full-Contact Karate Championships in 1977,
 - (iv) in 1977 he was elected as the coach of the Australian team for the World Kyokushin Open Karate Championships and held the position until retiring from the post in 1987,
 - (v) by 1977 he had obtained the rank of 7th Dan, making him one of the five highest grades in the world in this karate system,

- (e) in 1988, as part of the Australian Bicentenary, Mr Taylor organised the first Commonwealth Kyokushin Championships in Sydney,
- (f) in 1988 he was elected the Vice President of the World International Kyokushin Karate Organization, and
 - (i) in 1999 he was promoted to 8th Dan Hanshi,
 - (ii) in 2000 he was awarded the Australian Sport Medal for Karate by Queen Elizabeth II.
 - (iii) in 2004 he was nominated for "Australian of the Year",
 - (iv) in 2007 he was promoted to 9th Dan by the International Karate Organization. Kyokushinkaikan Matsushima which today has 160 branches in 60 countries, in which Mr Taylor was the second highest grade master in this significant world organisation,
- (g) despite his very high grade and position with all its demands Hanshi Taylor always made time to attend and support training, gradings for all levels and tournaments from elite level world championships to kids AMAC tournaments here in Sydney, and
- (h) Hanshi John Taylor was a family man, a karate master, a teacher and mentor to many in the martial arts world from beginners to Senseis and even Kanchos or martial arts grand masters here in New South Wales, Australia and around the world, including Kancho Ino Maquirang of Jin Sei Ryu Karate International who drew Hanshi Taylor's significant achievements and contribution to the attention of the Honourable Robert Borsak.
- (3) That this House acknowledges that Mr John Taylor, a Hanshi 9th Dan karate master, made a significant contribution to New South Wales, Australia and world karate over 60 years, and that Hanshi John Taylor's spirit will forever dwell in the shinzens of the dojos fortunate enough to have him visit or train in—gassho and OSU!
- (4) That this House extends condolences for the significant loss to Mr Taylor's family, extended budo family and karate community here and around the world from his passing on 27 September 2023.

582. Mr Buckingham to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) silicosis is a permanent lung condition linked to the inhalation of tiny particles of silica,
 - (b) silicosis has been labelled "the next asbestosis",
 - (c) full page advertisements appeared in papers on 18 October 2023 by engineered stone manufacturers lobbying against a possible ban to their dangerous product,
 - (d) the boom in countertops made of engineered stone, which has much higher concentrations of silica then many kinds of natural stone, has driven a silicosis epidemic,
 - (e) experts are warning that, unless there's a change, up to 100,000 Australians working in the building, quarrying, mining and engineering sectors could contract silicosis in the next ten years, and
 - (f) the Australian Institute of Occupational Hygienists submit:
 - (i) while a cut-off of 10 per cent crystalline silica can be expected to keep average exposures below the Workplace Exposure Standard, there are also other products in engineered stone that can cause health issues,

- (ii) amorphous silica from recycled glass can also be present which is also harmful when inhaled,
- (iii) a precautionary approach is warranted.
- (2) That this House further notes that:
 - (a) Master Builders Australia said it would support a ban on kitchen slabs with more than 40 per cent silica but only if tradesmen tasked with removing or modifying already installed benchtops were not subjected to additional red tape,
 - (b) 2 to 3 million Australian households have engineered stone benchtops,
 - (c) there is a significant legacy issue, when those homes are renovated or demolished in coming decades more people will be exposed to the dangerous silica dust, and
 - (d) red tape is needed requiring specialists to remove, dispose of and repair this silica containing material.
- (3) That this House further notes that:
 - (a) until a few short years ago, this killer product didn't exist in the marketplace, and
 - (b) there are better, cheaper, and completely safe alternatives, like timber.
- (4) That this House calls on the Government to ban engineered stone.

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) October is Sexual Violence Awareness Month, which demands greater action from policymakers and raises awareness of the long-lasting impacts of sexual violence on the health and wellbeing of victim-survivors, the majority of whom are young women, with one in five women having experienced sexual violence since the age of 15 in Australia, and
 - (b) according to the Youth Action report entitled "The voices of young people in NSW on sexual violence" published in September 2023:
 - (i) current policies and programs do not have a strong enough focus on the inclusion of voices and experiences of young people from socially excluded groups whose experiences are not always highlighted in policy-making such as First Nations young people, young people from culturally diverse communities, young people from regional communities, young people with disability, LGBTQIA+ young people, and young people doing it tough,
 - (ii) young people want a clearer understanding amongst society that sexual violence is more nuanced and complex than obvious concepts like rape, including non-consent and non-autonomy, coercion and manipulation, emotional, verbal and physical abuse and harassment and aggression,
 - (iii) young people want urgent and direct action from government, through consent and sexual violence education and prevention, awareness and culture, funding and support, law and systems change, inclusion and voice and harsher penalties for perpetrators,
 - (iv) generational differences in the understandings of sexual violence have implications on both the responses received by young people when they report sexual violence as well as policymakers in relation to addressing sexual violence,

- (v) sexual violence has wide-ranging and lasting impacts on both victim-survivors and those connected to them such as friends, families and other supporters,
- (vi) the culture of victim-survivor blaming and stigma about sexual violence in society which is especially prevalent in the media continues to prevent young people from seeking support, particularly those who live in regional NSW for fear that there is little confidential support in a small town,
- (vii) recent changes to New South Wales laws including affirmative consent legislation are positive steps forward and examples of how government can lead the way in relation to legal reform to improve outcomes for victim-survivors of sexual violence, however there is a need for clearer messaging directed at improving young people's understanding about the details of this legislation and its implications,
- (viii) there is urgent need for youth and community specific services to receive increased resourcing to expand services and programs, to meet the demand for more accessible services that have stronger capacity to support young people across the full spectrum of service provision from prevention and education through to victimsurvivor support,
- (ix) young people are deeply disappointed in the way institutions such as schools, universities and workplaces deal with reports of sexual violence, and believe that they had a role in ensuring their safety,
- (x) there is urgent need for trauma informed training for first responders such as police, hospital staff and other professions working with victim-survivors like courts, health and legal professionals, specifically in relation to supporting victim-survivors but also systemic reform to address policies and processes within these contexts that are re-traumatising for victim-survivors.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to commit to supporting victim-survivors through increased resourcing for frontline services, including, youth and community services, improving messaging of legislative reform and targeted funding to support First Nations young people, young people from culturally diverse communities, young people from regional communities, young people with disability, LGBTQIA+ young people, and young people doing it tough.

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) Dr Niko Tiliopoulos, a Senior Lecturer in the University of Sydney's (USYD) School of Psychology, is seriously immunocompromised and has multiple severe respiratory conditions,
 - (b) Dr Tiliopoulos, like almost all staff in the higher education sector, has worked and taught remotely very successfully over the past three years during the Coronavirus pandemic, receiving exceptional student evaluations of his remote teaching,
 - (c) Dr Tiliopoulos' medical practitioners and the USYD Independent Medical Examiner have recommended that he continue to work remotely to protect his health,
 - (d) after Dr Tiliopoulos sought a flexible working arrangement, the University of Sydney proposed to terminate his employment on the grounds that his disability is preventing him from working in person, despite the success to date of his classes being held online,
 - (e) the National Tertiary Education Union has made efforts to protect Dr Tiliopoulos' employment, including petitioning the Vice-Chancellor Professor Mark Scott via an online petition entitled "I stand with Niko" which has to date received over 1,000 signatures from students and staff,

- (f) USYD's Disability Inclusion Action Plan includes objectives of "providing leadership to the community in developing an inclusive Australian society" and being "an employer of choice for people with disability", and
- (g) the decision by USYD to terminate Dr Tiliopoulos' employment directly violates not only their own Disability Action Plan but also the Disability Discrimination Act 1992.
- (2) That this House calls on the University of Sydney to uphold its Disability Inclusion Action Plan and meet its objectives by making all reasonable efforts to protect the employment of all University of Sydney workers with disability, including Dr Tiliopoulos.

585. Ms Boyd to move—

- (1) That this House notes that:
 - (a) the fortnight beginning Sunday 15 October 2023 is Anti-Poverty Week and Tuesday 17 October is the International Day for the Eradication of Poverty, which serves as a national week of action calling on all Australians but especially state and federal levels of government to take action to end poverty through evidence-based solutions,
 - (b) this year's Anti-Poverty Week theme is calling on all levels of government to make legislative change to end child poverty, and emphasising the need for all children to have all of their fundamental human rights fulfilled,
 - (c) an estimated 1 in 6 Australians and more than 760,000 children live in poverty, and 1.3 million children live in households experiencing hunger, with children of single mothers at the highest risk of poverty,
 - (d) according to the NSW Council of Social Service (NCOSS), 15 per cent of children under the age of 15 in New South Wales are living in poverty, with the highest rates in Western Sydney including 48 per cent in South Granville and 38 per cent in Auburn, and
 - (e) poverty is a product of capitalist greed and inadequate government policy that prioritises profit over people's wellbeing and creates widening wealth inequality and disproportionately affects the most vulnerable people in our society such as children, First Nations peoples, people with disability, single parents, migrants, older people and people who are fleeing or who have fled domestic and family violence.
- (2) That this House calls on the Government to take bolder action to lift people out of poverty by prioritising the people in our communities and not corporations through increased funding of public education, domestic violence frontline services, housing, crisis services and social policies.

(Notice given 19 October 2023—expires Notice Paper No. 52)

- (1) That this House:
 - (a) acknowledges that a number of Councils across New South Wales have been calling for legislative changes to be made to provide Councils with additional flexibility to introduce cat containment policies,
 - (b) thanks Councillors for their commitment to protecting native wildlife from roaming cats as well as ensuring the safety of domestic cats, and

- (c) notes that these calls from Councils come in the context of a vacuum of leadership from the State government when it comes to both wildlife protection and ensuring the welfare of all animals across New South Wales.
- (2) That this House notes that the introduction of cat containment policies, either in individual local government areas or statewide, will have devastating consequences for many cats and humans without making any significant difference to the number of wildlife being killed or injured by cats unless such policies are accompanied by at least the following:
 - (a) a statewide education campaign to ensure responsible cat ownership, including the need to microchip, desex and register pet cats as well as to keep cats indoors,
 - (b) an end to kitten farms and irresponsible mass breeding of cats which currently discourages the adoption of the thousands of cats in pounds and shelters waiting for their forever homes.
 - a large-scale and well-resourced program of subsidised desexing and microchipping for domestic cats,
 - (d) reforms to the regulations governing the Companion Animals Register to ensure that the register is accurate and fit for purpose,
 - (e) a temporary amnesty on cat registration for those people who failed to register their cats within required time periods and at reduced or no cost for those unable to pay registration,
 - (f) reform to our rental laws to enable many more people to house cats safely in their homes,
 - (g) updates to our outdated laws and codes of practice relating to companion animals,
 - (h) funding for specialist animal shelters to temporarily house companion animals of those fleeing domestic and family violence, and
 - (i) significant funding and reforms to animal welfare codes of practice to ensure that pounds and shelters across our State are working towards a policy of zero-kill.

(3) That this House:

- (a) notes that the ACT Greens-Labor government has brought in a nation-leading 10-year cat containment plan that the NSW Government should take inspiration from,
- (b) notes that giving Councils the flexibility to introduce their own cat containment policies should be a last resort, and
- (c) calls on the Government to urgently prepare and fund an evidence-based plan similar to that implemented in the Australian Capital Territory, creating a consistent cat containment policy across the State that takes into account the need to address the factors stated in paragraph (2) and also including:
 - (i) different approaches for owned cats, semi-owned or community cats, and wild cats based on evidence of what is most effective at genuinely reducing the risk to wildlife while maximising animal welfare outcomes in all three groups,
 - (ii) a requirement for 24-hour per day cat containment for newly-homed cats, with older cats required to be contained at least at night,
 - (iii) a delayed implementation of cat containment laws to ensure all other necessary elements of the plan can be put in place first, but with the implementation date being specified within legislation and being at least 12 months from the date of passing that legislation.

587. Ms Faehrmann to move—

That leave be given to bring in a bill for an Act to provide for the trial of pill testing services for the purposes of drug harm reduction; and for other purposes.

(Pill Testing Trial Bill)	
(Notice given 19 October 2023)	

BILL REFERRED TO SELECT OR STANDING COMMITTEES

*1. Climate Change (Net Zero Future) Bill 2023

(Item No. 375)

Referred on 12 October 2023 to Portfolio Committee No. 7 - Planning and Environment for inquiry and report by 17 November 2023. Standing orders suspended for remaining stages, Thursday 12 October 2023. Second reading of the bill to be moved again—Ms Sharpe.

*2. Parliamentary Evidence Amendment (Ministerial Accountability) Bill 2023

Referred on 20 September 2023 to Public Accountability and Works Committee for inquiry and report by 27 November 2023. Standing orders suspended for remaining stages, Wednesday 20 September 2023. Second reading of the bill to be moved again—Mr Tudehope.

CONTINGENT NOTICES OF MOTIONS

1. CENSURE OF MINISTER

Contingent on any Minister failing to table documents in accordance with an order of the House: That standing and sessional orders be suspended to allow a motion to be moved forthwith for censure of the Minister.

Given by:

Mrs Mitchell

Mr Tudehope

(Notice given 23 May 2023)

Ms Faehrmann

(Notice given 31 May 2023)

Ms Boyd

(Notice given 1 June 2023)

2. CONTEMPT OF HOUSE

Contingent on any Minister failing to table documents in accordance with an order of the House: That standing and sessional orders be suspended to allow a motion to be moved forthwith adjudging the Minister guilty of a contempt of the House for failure to comply with that order.

Given by:

Mrs Mitchell

Mr Tudehope

(Notice given 23 May 2023)

Ms Faehrmann

(Notice given 31 May 2023)

Ms Boyd

(Notice given 1 June 2023)

Dr Cohn

(Notice given 20 June 2023)

BILLS DISCHARGED, LAID ASIDE, NEGATIVED OR WITHDRAWN

§ Property Services Council Bill 2023 Second reading negatived 28 June 2023

David Blunt AM Clerk of the Parliaments

Authorised by the Parliament of New South Wales

- * Council bill
- § Private Members' Public Bill