

New South Wales

Marine Safety Amendment Bill 2024

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Marine Safety Act 1998* (*the Act*) to address miscellaneous recommendations arising from a discussion paper published by Transport for NSW in October 2022 on the *Marine Safety Regulation 2016*, including to—

- (a) expand the definitions of vessel, obstruction to navigation and unsafe vessel, and
- (b) insert new definitions, including for—
 - (i) the *relevant owner* of a vessel, to replace the definition of the *owner* of a vessel, and
 - (ii) the *person responsible* for a vessel or a former vessel, and
- (c) give the Minister responsible for administering the Act (the *Minister*) and authorised officers various powers in relation to—
 - (i) obstructions to navigation, and
 - (ii) unsafe vessels, including derelict vessels and certain former vessels, and
- (d) provide for the grant, suspension and cancellation of marine safety licences, and the transfer of vessel registration certificates, and
- (e) regulate certain activities conducted in or over navigable waters, and
- (f) create offences, including in relation to the registration of vessels, and
- (g) deal with the disturbance of, or interference with, the beds of certain ports, including the installation and removal of sea cables, and
- (h) provide for the declaration of, and giving of directions in relation to, offshore anchorages for a port, and

- (i) set out the requirements for the removal of disused sea cables from relevant ports, and
- (j) require Transport for NSW to establish and keep a public register of vessels to which certain statutory notices relate.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name, also called the short title, of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Marine Safety Act 1998 No 121

Vessels and former vessels generally

Schedule 1[2] extends the definition of *vessel* to a thing capable of being used on or in relation to water the Minister, in certain circumstances, declares to be a vessel for a period of up to 12 months

Schedule 1[3] omits the definition of an *owner* of a vessel and inserts a definition for the *relevant owner* of a vessel. Schedule 1[4], [19], [22], [23], [25]–[27], [49], [60], [63], [65], [67], [80] and [81] make consequential amendments.

Schedule 1[3] also inserts a new definition for the *person responsible* for a vessel or former vessel. Schedule 1[9] makes a consequential amendment.

Schedule 1[8] omits a definition that is being moved to the dictionary inserted by Schedule 1[83].

Schedule 1[35], [47] and [53]–[55] modify the application of certain provisions of the Act, Parts 4 and 5 to certain vessels. Schedule 1[5] makes a consequential amendment.

Schedule 1[47] also inserts proposed Part 5, Division 1A, which deals with unsafe vessels, including giving authorised officers powers in relation to the removal, detention and seizure of unsafe vessels.

Schedule 1[55] also requires Transport for NSW to establish and keep a public register of vessels to which an outstanding statutory notice relates if the Minister is satisfied the statutory notice relates to the current condition or safety of the vessel.

Schedule 1[56] provides an example of when the harbour master for a port may give approval for the movement of a vessel within the port before the vessel is moved.

Schedule 1[57] exempts a vessel from compulsory pilotage under the Act, Part 6 if the master of the vessel holds a special recreational vessel permit that applies to the vessel and the relevant pilotage port. **Schedule 1[59]** makes a consequential amendment.

Schedule 1[58] exempts vessels less than 35m in length, instead of 30m, from compulsory pilotage under the Act, Part 6.

Schedule 1[61] clarifies the ways in which harbour masters of ports may give directions in relation to vessels. **Schedule 1[62]** makes a consequential amendment.

Marine safety licences

Schedule 1[24], [28] and [40] replace references to the responsible licensing official for a marine safety licence with references to the responsible regulator.

Schedule 1[36] clarifies that the following are types of marine safety licence—

- (a) aquatic licence,
- (b) bar crossing licence,
- (c) special recreational vessel permit.

Schedule 1[37] provides for the circumstances in which a person is not a suitable person to hold a marine safety licence.

Schedule 1[38] provides for the grant of marine safety licences. Schedule 1[66] makes a consequential amendment. Schedule 1[39] clarifies conditions with which vessel registration

certificates for vessels may be granted. **Schedule 1[43]** provides for the suspension and cancellation of marine safety licences. **Schedule 1[44]** provides for the cancellation of a marine pilot's licence in certain circumstances, including the retirement of the holder of the licence. **Schedule 1[45]** provides for the disqualification of persons from holding or being granted marine safety licences. **Schedule 1[51]** sets out additional grounds on which the responsible regulator may refuse to grant or transfer, or may suspend or cancel, vessel registration certificates.

Schedule 1[41] clarifies that marine safety licences cannot be transferred, except as otherwise as provided by the Act or the regulations.

Schedule 1[42] makes an amendment relating to conditions of marine safety licences.

Schedule 1[48] makes it an offence for the owner or master of a vessel to allow the vessel to be in State waters if the vessel is not registered under the Act. The offence does not apply to a vessel that is exempt from registration. **Schedule 1[50]** makes a consequential amendment.

Schedule 1[52] inserts proposed Part 5, Division 3, which provides for the transfer of vessel registration certificates. **Schedule 1[46]** provides for applications to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for administrative review of certain decisions about the transfer of vessel registration certificates.

Aquatic activities and aquatic licences

Schedule 1[17] deals with aquatic activities and aquatic licences, including making it an offence for a person to conduct an aquatic activity unless the person—

- (a) holds an aquatic licence for the aquatic activity, and
- (b) conducts the aquatic activity in accordance with the conditions of the licence.

The proposed amendment also authorises the Minister to charge certain fees and amounts for certain activities, including certain aquatic activities, that require the exclusion of vessels and persons from specified areas. **Schedule 1**[7] makes a consequential amendment.

Obstructions to navigation and potential hazards

Schedule 1[11] extends the definition of *obstruction to navigation* to include a thing in or over navigable waters that—

- (a) is, or is likely to be, a danger to the safe navigation of vessels or otherwise unreasonably obstructs the navigation of vessels, or
- (b) restricts access to or from port facilities.

The proposed amendment also extends the definition to a vessel or former vessel that has sunk.

Schedule 1[15] clarifies the persons who may be responsible for an obstruction to navigation.

Schedule 1[16] authorises the Minister to take steps to reduce the danger of the obstruction to navigation to the safe navigation of vessels, whether or not the Minister has issued written notice to the owner or person responsible for the obstruction to navigation. **Schedule 1[10]** makes a consequential amendment.

Schedule 1[18] provides for additional regulation-making powers in relation to the safety of navigation.

Schedule 1[13] and [14] make minor amendments.

Offshore anchorages

Schedule 1[30] inserts proposed Part 2, Division 3, which authorises the Minister to—

- (a) declare an area of State waters as an offshore anchorage for a port, and
- (b) direct vessels to anchor at, or leave, an offshore anchorage.

Beds of relevant ports and sea cables

Schedule 1[30] also inserts proposed Part 2, Division 4, which makes provision for the beds of relevant ports, including by—

- (a) making it an offence for a person to disturb or interfere with the bed of a relevant port, except in certain circumstances, including with an approval granted by the harbour master of the port, and
- (b) setting out the requirements for the removal of disused sea cables from relevant ports.

Other amendments

Schedule 1[1] provides that a vessel is taken to be proceeding on a voyage from when the vessel gets underway for the voyage until the vessel is no longer underway, or is anchored, moored or berthed.

Schedule 1[6] provides that the Act is subject to the *Heritage Act 1977*.

Schedule 1[12], [20] and [21] are consequential on the new definition of *statutory notice* inserted by Schedule 1[83].

Schedule 1[29], [31], [32] and [74]–[79] make minor amendments.

Schedule 1[68] and [69] provide that notices or other instruments issued, made or given for the purposes of certain legislation, including the Act, may be served by electronic communication or another method authorised by the regulations.

Schedule 1[70] provides that a notice or direction may also be given under the Act in relation to an obstruction to navigation or an unsafe vessel by displaying the notice, or a notice containing the direction, on a conspicuous part of the obstruction or vessel for 7 days. It is an offence for a person to, without reasonable excuse, remove the notice.

Schedule 1[71] provides that, in the Act, a power to give a notice or direction includes a power to vary or withdraw the notice or direction.

Schedule 1[72] authorises the Minister to waive, reduce, postpone or refund, in whole or part, a fee payable or paid under the Act or the regulations made under the Act.

Schedule 1[73] removes a redundant section.

Schedule 1[82] inserts savings and transitional provisions.

Schedule 1[83] inserts proposed Schedule 5, which contains a dictionary that defines terms used in the Act. Schedule 1[1], [33], [34] and [64] make consequential amendments.

Schedule 2 Consequential amendments

Schedule 2 makes consequential amendments to various Acts.



New South Wales

Marine Safety Amendment Bill 2024

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This PUBLIC BILL, originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly

Legislative Assembly



New South Wales

Marine Safety Amendment Bill 2024

No , 2024

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Marine Safety Act 1998* to address miscellaneous recommendations arising from a discussion paper on the *Marine Safety Regulation 2016*; and for other purposes.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with/without amendment.

Clerk of the Parliaments

Legislative Council

The	Legislature of New South Wales enacts—	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Marine Safety Amendment Act 2024.	3
2	Commencement	4
	This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act.	5

Schedule 1		le 1	Amendment of Marine Safety Act 1998 No 121	1
[1]	Sect	ion 4		2
	Omit	the se	ection. Insert instead—	3
	4	Defir	initions	4
		(1)	The dictionary in Schedule 5 defines words used in this Act. Note— The <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> contains definitions and other provisions that affect the interpretation and application of this Act.	5 6 7
		(2)	For this Act, a vessel is taken to be proceeding on a voyage from when the vessel gets underway for the voyage until the vessel—	8
			(a) is no longer underway, or	10
			(b) is anchored, moored or berthed.	11
[2]	Sect	ion 5		12
	Omit	the se	ection. Insert instead—	13
	5	Mear	ining of "vessel"	14
		(1)	In this Act, vessel—	15
		(-)	(a) includes the following—	16
			(i) a water craft of any description capable of being used as a means of transportation on water,	17 18
			(ii) a thing prescribed by the regulations as a vessel,	19
			(iii) a thing subject to a temporary vessel order, but	20
			(b) does not include a water craft of a kind prescribed by the regulations as not being a vessel.	21 22
		(2)	Without limiting subsection (1)(a), a vessel includes—	23
			(a) a non-displacement craft, and	24
			(b) a seaplane, while the seaplane is on water.	25
		(3)	The Minister may, by written order (a <i>temporary vessel order</i>), declare a thing capable of being used in or in connection with water to be a vessel for a period of not more than 12 months if the Minister reasonably considers it necessary—	26 27 28
			(a) to assess the safety of the thing, or	29
			(b) in an emergency.	30
		(4)	The Minister must, as soon as practicable after making a temporary vessel order, ensure the order is published in the Gazette.	31 32
[3]	Sect	ions 7	7 and 7A	33
	Omit	sectio	on 7. Insert instead—	34
	7	Mear	ning of "relevant owner" of vessel	35
		(1)	In this Act, <i>relevant owner</i> of a vessel means—	36
		(-)	(a) for a registrable vessel that has been registered—	37
			(i) the person who holds the vessel registration certificate for the vessel, or	38 39
			(ii) if the vessel is no longer registered—the person who last held the vessel registration certificate for the vessel, or	40 41

		(b)	other	ise—the owner of the vessel.		1
	(2)		is secti wing—	n, a reference to the owner of a vessel	includes a reference to the	2
		(a)	a per	on who holds the relevant National lice of for the vessel,	ence or other certificate of	4 5
		(b)	the c	rterer of the vessel,		6
		(c)	a per	on who—		7
			(i)	exercises the functions of the owner of	f the vessel, or	8
			(ii)	publicly represents that the person has	the functions, or	9
			(iii)	accepts the obligation to exercise the f	unctions.	10
7A	Mea	ning o	f "per	n responsible" for vessel or former	vessel	11
		In th	is Act,	erson responsible for a vessel or form	er vessel means—	12
		(a)	for a	essel—		13
			(i)	the relevant owner of the vessel, or		14
			(ii)	the master of the vessel, or		15
			(iii)	the operator of the vessel, or		16
			(iv)	f the Minister is unable to identify or conster or operator—the last relevant of		17 18
			(v)	another person who has responsibility	for the vessel, or	19
		(b)	for a	ormer vessel—		20
			(i)	the owner of the former vessel, or		21
			(ii)	a person who—		22
				A) exercises the functions of the ovor	wner of the former vessel,	23 24
				(B) publicly represents that the pers	on has the functions, or	25
				(C) accepts the obligation to exercise	e the functions, or	26
			(iii)	another person who has responsibility	for the former vessel.	27
Sec	tion 8	Vesse	ls and	aters to which Act applies		28
Omi	it "(and	their	owners	nasters, crew and passengers)" from s	ection 8(1).	29
Inse	rt inste	ad "an	d the r	evant owners, masters, crew and passe	ingers of the vessels".	30
Sec	tion 8(2)				31
Omi	it the su	ıbsecti	on.			32
Sec	tion 9 <i>A</i>	AA				33
Inse	rt after	sectio	n 9—			34
9AA	Act	subjec	t to H	itage Act 1977		35
		This	Act is	bject to the Heritage Act 1977.		36
		Note	— See	so the <i>Underwater Cultural Heritage Act</i> 20	018 of the Commonwealth.	37
Sec eve		Resti	riction	on vessels and people in navigable	waters during special	38 39
Omi	it the se	ection.				40

[4]

[5]

[6]

[7]

[8]	[8] Section 13 Reckless, dangerous or negligent navigation and other acts					
	Omit section	on 13(5), defi	nition of hire and drive vessel.	2	
[9]	Section 15	A Pov	ver to	give directions relating to safety on navigable waters	3	
	Omit "own	er, ma	ster or	operator of" wherever occurring in section 15A(1A).	4	
	Insert inste	ad "pe	erson re	esponsible for".	5	
[10]	Section 16	, head	ding		6	
	Omit the he	eading	. Insert	t instead—	7	
	16 Obs	tructio	ons to	navigation	8	
[11]	Section 16			· ·	ç	
			on. Ins	sert instead—	10	
	(1)			ion, obstruction to navigation—	11	
		(a)	mear	ns a thing in or over navigable waters, including a vessel, whether doned, wrecked or otherwise, that—	12 13	
			(i)	is, or is likely to be, a danger to the safe navigation of vessels or otherwise unreasonably obstructs the navigation of vessels, or	14 15	
				Examples— an anchor, a mooring block or debris that originates from a vessel and is left on the seabed	16 17	
			(ii)	restricts access to or from port facilities, or	18	
			(iii)	is moored, berthed or placed in contravention of the marine legislation or the National law, and	19 20	
		(b)	inclu	ides a vessel or former vessel that has sunk, and	21	
		(c)	does	not include a thing lawfully erected in or over navigable waters.	22	
			accol	nple— a thing used to disturb or interfere with the bed of a port in rdance with an approval granted by the harbour master of the port under 2, Division 4	23 24 25	
[12]	Section 16	5(2)			26	
	Insert ", by	writte	en notic	ce (an obstruction to navigation notice)," after "may".	27	
[13]	Section 16	(2), pe	enalty,	paragraph (a)	28	
				ostruction is".	29	
[14]	Section 16	(2), pe	enalty,	paragraph (a)	30	
	Omit "unse	awort	hy". In	sert instead "not seaworthy".	31	
[15]	Section 16	(2A)			32	
	Insert after	sectio	n 16(2)—	33	
	(2A)		subsec ıdes—	ction (2), a person responsible for an obstruction to navigation	34 35	
		(a)	if the	e obstruction is a vessel—the person responsible for the vessel, and	36	
		(b)		person responsible for the vessel from which the Minister onably believes the obstruction originated.	37 38	
[16]	Section 16	(3)			39	
	Omit the su	ıbsecti	on Ins	sert instead—	40	

		(3)	appro	Minister may do the following, in a way the Minister considers ropriate, whether or not the Minister has issued an obstruction to gation notice—	1 2 3		
			(a)	arrange for an obstruction to navigation to be—	4		
				(i) removed, or	5		
				(ii) destroyed, if the destruction of the obstruction is reasonable in the circumstances,	6 7		
			(b)	take other steps to reduce the danger of the obstruction to the safe navigation of vessels.	8 9		
[17]	Sect	ions 1	8–18B	3	10		
	Omit	t sectio	n 18. I	Insert instead—	11		
	18	Cond	duct o	of aquatic activities	12		
		(1)	A pe	erson must not conduct an aquatic activity unless the person—	13		
		. ,	(a)	holds an aquatic licence for the aquatic activity, and	14		
			(b)	conducts the aquatic activity in accordance with the conditions of the licence.	15 16		
			Max	timum penalty—100 penalty units.	17		
			Note- comp 1979.	— An aquatic activity lasting longer than 14 days on any one occasion must ply with the requirements of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act</i>).	18 19 20		
		(2)		erson must not be convicted of an offence under this section and section 32 elation to the same conduct.	21 22		
		(3)		aquatic licence may include an exemption from a requirement of this Act ne regulations in relation to the following—	23 24		
			(a)	the holder of the licence,	25		
			(b)	a person involved in the conduct of, or taking part in, the aquatic activity to which the licence relates,	26 27		
			(c)	a vessel used in connection with the aquatic activity.	28		
		(4)	The in wh	regulations may provide for aquatic licences, including the circumstances thich an aquatic licence may be transferred to another person.	29 30		
		(5)	In th	nis section—	31		
			cond	duct, an aquatic activity, includes organise the activity.	32		
	18A	Conduct of exempt aquatic activities					
		(1)		erson is not required to hold an aquatic licence to conduct an exempt atic activity in or over navigable waters if the conduct of the activity—	34 35		
			(a)	will not—	36		
				(i) substantially affect navigation in the waters by members of the public or vessel operators, or	37 38		
				(ii) cause an increased risk of danger to the public or vessel operators, and	39 40		
			(b)	for an aquatic activity declared to be an exempt aquatic activity—complies with conditions to which the conduct of the exempt aquatic activity is subject.	41 42 43		

(2)	The Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, declare an aquatic activity to be an exempt aquatic activity if the Minister reasonably considers that the aquatic activity would not substantially affect navigation in the waters.						
(3)	A declaration may include conditions.						
(4)	In th	is section—	Ę				
` ′	cond	<i>luct</i> , an aquatic activity, includes organise the activity.	6				
	exen	npt aquatic activity means the following—	7				
	(a)	an aquatic activity for which the only vessels used are surfboards or other similar craft, including stand-up paddleboards,	9				
	(b)	recreational swimming or a swimming competition,	10				
	(c)	recreational fishing or a fishing competition,	11				
	(d)	an aquatic activity conducted by Surf Life Saving New South Wales or an affiliated surf life saving club, if all the participants in the activity are current members of Surf Life Saving New South Wales or the club conducting the aquatic activity,	12 13 14 15				
	(e)	an aquatic activity the Minister declares under this section to be an exempt aquatic activity,	16 17				
	(f)	another aquatic activity prescribed by the regulations.	18				
Rest ever		ns in navigable waters for exclusion zones and other activities or	19 20				
(1)	oper	Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, prohibit or regulate the ation or use of vessels and the conduct of activities by persons in specified gable waters for the purposes of—	21 22 23				
	(a)	an exclusive aquatic activity, or	24				
	(b)	an activity or event the Minister reasonably considers will require an exclusion zone or other restriction for the safety of navigation in the waters.	25 26 27				
(2)	With	nout limiting subsection (1), the notice may—	28				
	(a)	exclude vessels and persons from a specified area in relation to the activity or event, or	29 30				
	(b)	impose a restriction that may be imposed under section 11.	31				
(3)		authorised officer may direct a person in an exclusion zone, or a person ating a vessel in an exclusion zone, to—	32 33				
	(a)	leave the exclusion zone, or	34				
	(b)	comply with a restriction imposed in the notice.	35				
(4)		person must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with the notice rection.	36 37				
	Max	imum penalty—10 penalty units.	38				
(5)	The	Minister may charge a person—	39				
	(a)	a reasonable fee for the Minister to establish and maintain an exclusion zone (an <i>exclusion zone fee</i>), and	40 41				
	(b)	for an exclusive aquatic activity—an additional amount for the benefit of the exclusive use of the waters because of the exclusion zone.	42 43				
(6)	Noth	ning in this section affects—	44				
	(a)	a regulation or notice under section 11, or	45				

18B

		(b)	a power relating to the navigation or other use of vessels conferred on a person or body by the marine legislation or the National law.	1 2
	(7)		regulations may provide for other circumstances in which the Minister charge a person an exclusion zone fee.	3
	(8)	In thi	is section—	5
			usion zone means the area in navigable waters specified in a notice under ection (2)(a).	6 7
			usive aquatic activity means an aquatic activity conducted under an tic licence that requires an exclusion zone.	8 9
[18]	Section 19	Regul	lations relating to safety of navigation	10
	Omit section	n 19(2	()(c)–(e). Insert instead—	11
		(c)	the activities of persons that affect navigation, including persons carried on vessels, surfboard riders, divers or other persons in navigable waters, and	12 13 14
		(d)	navigation aids, and	15
		(d1)	obstructions to navigation, and	16
		(d2)	the lighting and marking of potential hazards, and	17
		(e)	cables, wires, pipes or other material in or over navigable waters, including supporting structures, and	18 19
[19]	Sections 19 79(2), 98(2) definition o	9A(2)(a (b), 99 of "res	a), 19C(2), 19E(1), (2) and (4), 19G(1), 19H(1) and (3), 19J(3)(b), 75, 76, 9, 121, 133(2)(d) and 135(1) and (2) and Schedule 1A, clause 10, sponsible person", paragraph (a)	20 21 22
	Omit "the o	wner"	wherever occurring. Insert instead "the relevant owner".	23
[20]	Section 19	A(2)(b)	24
	Omit the pa	ragrap	oh. Insert instead—	25
	-	(b)	give the relevant owner of the vessel a notice (a <i>recreational vessel production notice</i>) requiring the relevant owner to, within a period specified in the notice, arrange for the vessel to be—	26 27 28
			(i) moved to a specified place, or	29
			(ii) produced to an authorised officer at a specified place.	30
[21]	Section 19	A(3) a	nd (4)	31
	Insert after	section	ı 19A(2)—	32
	(3)	relev	uthorised officer must give the relevant owner of a vessel a receipt if the ant owner produces the vessel to the officer in accordance with a ational vessel production notice.	33 34 35
	(4)		receipt must be given on, or as soon as practicable after, the production of essel.	36 37
[22]	Section 19	B Prod	duction notices	38
	Omit "vesse	el own	er concerned" from section 19B(5)(a).	39
	Insert instea	ıd "rel	evant owner of the vessel".	40
[23]	Section 19	E Failu	ure to comply with production notice	41
	Omit "The	owner	" from section 19E(1). Insert instead "The relevant owner".	42

[24]	Sect 33(1	ions 1 A), 40	9E(2), 50(4),	19Q(1), 19R(1) and (3), 19S(3), (7) and (9), 19T(b) and (h), 31(4), 64(2)(c), 110(1) and (3) and 111(3)	1 2	
	Omi	t "resp	onsible	e licensing official" wherever occurring.	3	
	Inser	t inste	ad "res	ponsible regulator".	4	
[25]	Sect	ion 19	H Inte	rested persons to be notified	5	
	Omi	t "The	owner'	" from section 19H(1). Insert instead "The relevant owner".	6	
[26]	Sect	ion 19	K Rele	ease of impounded vessel	7	
				practicable" after "available" in section 19K(2).	8	
[27]	Sect	ion 19	K(2)		9	
• •			` ,	of the vessel as soon as the person is entitled to it".	10	
	Inser	t inste	ad "the	e person entitled to the vessel".	11	
[28]	Sect	ion 19	Q App	eal against decisions	12	
• •				's" from section 19Q(4). Insert instead "the responsible regulator's".	13	
[29]	Sect	ion 19	U Refe	erences to vessels include trailers	14	
Omit "a vessel". Insert instead "a <i>vessel</i> ".					15	
[30]	Part 2, Divisions 3 and 4					
•	Insert after Division 2—					
	Division 3 Offshore anchorages					
	19V	Defi	nition		19	
			In thi	is division—	20	
				<i>tore anchorage</i> , in relation to a port, means an area of State waters ared under this division as an anchorage for the port.	21 22	
	19W	Decl	aration of offshore anchorages			
		(1)		Minister may, by order published in the Gazette, declare an area of State rs as an offshore anchorage for a port.	24 25	
		(2)		ciding whether to make the declaration, the Minister must consider the wing—	26 27	
			(a)	the safe operation of vessels,	28	
			(b)	the protection of the environment,	29	
			(c)	the current and likely future volume of vessel movement,	30	
			(d)	the conservation of the State's heritage, other matters the Minister considers relevant to the decision.	31	
			(e)		32	
	19X			to use or leave offshore anchorages	33	
		(1)		Minister may give a direction that a vessel must—	34	
			(a)	anchor at an offshore anchorage, or	35	
			(b)	leave an offshore anchorage.	36	

	(2)	A person to whom a direction under subsection (1) is given must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with the direction.				
		Max	imum penalty—100 penalty units.	3		
Divi	ision	4	Beds of relevant ports	4		
19Y	Defi	nitions	S	5		
		In th	is division—			
		disus	sed sea cable means a sea cable that has ceased to be used.	7		
		relev	vant port means the following—	8		
		(a)	a pilotage port with the boundaries described for the port under the <i>Ports and Maritime Administration Act 1995</i> , section 105,	9 10		
		(b)	another port with the boundaries prescribed by the regulations.	11		
		sea c	cable means the following infrastructure on the bed of a port—	12		
		(a)	a cable for telecommunication, electricity transmission or electricity distribution,	13 14		
		(b)	a pipeline.	15		
19Z	Dist	urband	ce or interference with bed of relevant ports	16		
	(1)	to ins	erson must not disturb or interfere with the bed of a relevant port, including stall a sea cable in the port, except with an approval granted by the harbour ter of the port.	17 18 19		
		Max	imum penalty—50 penalty units.	20		
	(2)		erson may apply to the harbour master of a relevant port for approval to urb or interfere with the bed of the port.	21 22		
	(3)	The l	harbour master may—	23		
		(a)	grant the approval with or without conditions, or	24		
		(b)	refuse to grant the approval.	25		
	(4)		person must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with the litions of the approval.	26 27		
		Max	imum penalty—50 penalty units.	28		
	(5)	grant	erson who owns a sea cable is bound by the conditions of an approval ted under this section in relation to the sea cable, even if the person did not the sea cable when the approval was granted.	29 30 31		
	(6)	This	section does not apply to a disturbance or interference that is—	32		
	. ,	(a)	trivial, or	33		
		. ,	Example— a fishing hook that, in the course of recreational fishing, drags along the bed of the port	34 35		
		(b)	caused by a thing lawfully erected in navigable waters, or	36		
			Example— a mooring approved by Transport for NSW	37		
		(c)	otherwise required by law.	38		
			Example— the removal of a sea cable under this division	39		
	(7)		regulations may provide for applications for approvals, including ication fees.	40 41		

19ZA	Rem	oval o	of sea cables from relevant ports	1			
	(1)	harb	owner of a sea cable within a relevant port must give written notice to the our master of the port, in accordance with the regulations, no later than 90 after the earlier of the following occurs—	3			
		(a)	the owner becomes aware that the sea cable is a disused sea cable,	5			
		(b)	the owner ought reasonably to have become aware that the sea cable is a disused sea cable.	6 7			
		Max	imum penalty—50 penalty units.	8			
	(2)	sea o	e harbour master is notified, or otherwise becomes aware, of the disused cable, the harbour master may, by written notice, direct the owner to ove the disused sea cable from the relevant port—	9 10 11			
		(a)	in a way the harbour master reasonably considers appropriate, and	12			
		(b)	within the reasonable time specified by the harbour master.	13			
	(3)		owner must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with the ction.	14 15			
		Max	imum penalty—50 penalty units.	16			
	(4)	Befo	ore giving the direction, the harbour master must—	17			
		(a)	give the owner written notice of the proposed direction, and	18			
		(b)	give the owner a reasonable opportunity to make submissions about the proposed direction, and	19 20			
		(c)	consider the submissions received.	21			
	(5)	Subsection (4) does not apply in an emergency.					
	(6)	The harbour master may, by written notice given to the owner of the sea cable, require the owner to give the harbour master additional information that the harbour master considers reasonably necessary to decide whether to give a direction.					
	(7)		harbour master must not give a direction, or must revoke a direction dy given, if the owner satisfies the harbour master that—	27 28			
		(a)	the operation of another Act or law prevents the owner from lawfully removing the disused sea cable, and	29 30			
		(b)	the proposed removal of the disused sea cable poses a significant risk to the safety of persons or the environment, taking into account measures that may be taken to mitigate the risk.	31 32 33			
	(8)	Subs	section (7)(a) does not apply if—	34			
		(a)	the Act or law provides a process under which the owner may remove the sea cable, and	35 36			
		(b)	the owner failed to take reasonable steps to undertake the process.	37			
	(9)	If the	e owner fails to comply with the direction, the harbour master may—	38			
		(a)	make reasonable arrangements for the disused sea cable to be removed, and	39 40			
		(b)	recover the costs of the removal of the disused sea cable from the owner as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction.	41 42			

42

	19ZB	Divis	ion s	ubject to Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979	1
			cons	ning in this division removes the requirement to obtain development tent or approval in accordance with the <i>Environmental Planning and essment Act 1979</i> .	2 3 4
[31]	Part	3, Divi	sion '	1, heading	5
	Omit	the he	ading	. Insert instead—	6
	Divi	sion '	1	Preliminary	7
[32]	Sect	ion 20	Defin	uitions	8
	Omit	and i	n Sch	edule 1" from section 20(1).	9
[33]		ion 20(erate a		efinitions of "breath analysing instrument", "breath test", "drug" and el"	10 11
	Omit	the de	finitic	ons. Insert in alphabetical order—	12
			oper	rate, a vessel, includes—	13
			(a)	being towed by a vessel, whether on a water ski, aquaplane, paraflying device or other device, or	14 15
			(b)	act as observer on a vessel, for safety purposes, of any person being towed by the vessel, or	16 17
			(c)	supervise a juvenile operator of a motor vessel.	18
[34]	Sect	ion 20((3) an	d (4)	19
	Omit	or Sc	hedul	le 1" wherever occurring.	20
[35]	Sect	ion 28I)		21
	Inser	t before	e sect	ion 29—	22
	28D	Appli	catio	n of part	23
		(1)		part does not apply to a commercial vessel, except as otherwise provided is section.	24 25
		(2)		risions of this part relating to a bar crossing licence apply to a domestic mercial vessel.	26 27
		(3)		risions of this part relating to the following marine safety licences apply to mmercial vessel, including a domestic commercial vessel—	28 29
			(a)	an aquatic licence,	30
			(b)	a marine pilotage exemption certificate,	31
			(c)	a certificate of local knowledge,	32
			(d)	a special recreational vessel permit.	33
[36]		ion 29			34
	Omit	the sec	ction.	Insert instead—	35
	29	Type	s of n	narine safety licences	36
			In th	is Act, marine safety licence means the following—	37
			(a)	vessel registration certificate,	38
			(b)	aquatic licence,	39

			(c)	bar cr	rossing licence,	1
			(d)	boat o	driving licence,	2
			(e)	certif	icate of local knowledge,	3
			(f)	marin	ne pilotage exemption certificate,	4
			(g)	marin	ne pilot's licence,	5
			(h)	specia	al recreational vessel permit,	6
			(i)	that is	her licence or approval required by or under the marine legislation is declared by the regulations to be a marine safety licence, whether l or specified provisions of this Act.	7 8 9
[37]	Sect	ion 29	Α			10
	Inser	t after	section	n 29—		11
					ing mayang not quitable to hold license	40
	29A				ing persons not suitable to hold licence	12
		(1)	follo	wing ci	s not a suitable person to hold a marine safety licence in the ircumstances—	13 14
			(a)		erson is—	15
				(i)	not qualified to hold the licence, or	16
				(ii)	disqualified from holding the licence, or otherwise not eligible for the licence under this Act or the	17
				(iii)	regulations,	18 19
			(b)	the p	person does not have the knowledge or skills required for the ce,	20 21
			(c)		esponsible regulator is satisfied the person is not a suitable person ld the licence.	22 23
		(2)			sible regulator may be satisfied a person is not a suitable person to ne safety licence in the following circumstances—	24 25
			(a)		erson has failed to comply with a condition of a current or previous ne safety licence,	26 27
			(b)	licenc	for, or in connection with, a current or previous marine safety ce of the person are overdue and have been overdue for a period of st 14 days,	28 29 30
			(c)	the pe	erson has committed an offence under—	31
				(i)	a provision of the marine legislation, or	32
				(ii)	the Crimes Act 1900, section 52B, or	33
				(iii)	a provision of a law of the Commonwealth or another State or Territory that the responsible regulator reasonably considers to be similar to a provision referred to in subparagraph (i) or (ii),	34 35 36
			(d)	the re	marine safety licence other than a vessel registration certificate—esponsible regulator is satisfied the person is not a fit and proper n to hold the licence,	37 38 39
			(e)	for a	vessel registration certificate—the person is, or has been, a ant owner of a vessel and has—	40 41
				(i)	failed to comply with Part 5, Division 2 in relation to the vessel, or	42 43
				(ii)	been issued a statutory notice in relation to the vessel and has not complied with the notice.	44 45

		(3)	For s	subsect	ion (2)(c), a person is taken to have committed an offence if—	1
			(a)	the p	erson has been found guilty of the offence by a court, or	2
			(b)	the p	erson—	3
				(i)	has been issued a penalty notice for the alleged offence, and	4
				(ii)	does not elect to have the matter dealt with by a court, and	5
				(iii)	either—	6
					(A) pays the penalty required by the penalty notice for the alleged offence, or	7 8
					(B) has enforcement action taken against the person under the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> , Part 4, Division 3 or 4.	9 10
[38]	Sect	ion 30				11
	Omit	the se	ction.	Insert	instead—	12
	30	Gran	t of lie	cences	3	13
		(1)		erson r y licen	nay apply to the responsible regulator for the grant of a marine ce.	14 15
		(2)	The	respon	sible regulator may—	16
			(a)	grant	the licence in accordance with this Act and the regulations, or	17
			(b)	refus	e to grant the licence.	18
		(3)	by in	cludin	niting subsection (1) or (2), a boat driving licence may be granted g the boat driving licence on a driver licence granted in accordance bry rules made under the <i>Road Transport Act 2013</i> .	19 20 21
			that A drivin have	Act to p ig licen effect	Road Transport Act 2013, section 57A enables statutory rules made under rovide for the granting of driver licences under that Act that include boat ces (combined licences). The section provides that combined licences as both driver licences and boat driving licences for the road transport within the meaning of that Act, and the marine legislation.	22 23 24 25 26
		(4)			sible regulator must refuse to grant a marine safety licence to a ne following circumstances—	27 28
			(a)	the p	erson is not a suitable person to hold a marine safety licence,	29
			(b)	the re	esponsible regulator decides the refusal is in the public interest,	30
			(c)	anotl	ner circumstance prescribed by the regulations.	31
		(5)	The perso	respon	sible regulator may refuse to grant a marine safety licence to a ne following circumstances—	32 33
			(a)		person gives information that is, in the responsible regulator's on, inadequate to enable the application to be assessed properly,	34 35
			(b)	the 1 legis	person has given information for the purposes of the marine lation that is false or misleading in a material particular,	36 37
				of fals	 The Crimes Act 1900, Part 5A contains offences relating to the making se or misleading applications or giving false or misleading information or ments. 	38 39 40
			(c)		responsible regulator has requested further information or orting evidence in relation to the application that has not been 1,	41 42 43
			(d)	anotl	ner circumstance prescribed by the regulations.	44
		(6)		respon t the lie	sible regulator must give the person written notice of the refusal to cence.	45 46

		(7)	The r	notice given to the person must state the reasons for the refusal.	1			
[39]	Sect	ion 31	Condi	itions of licences	2			
	Omit section 31(2). Insert instead—							
		(2)	With	out limiting subsection (1), a condition may relate to—	4			
			(a)	a matter concerning marine safety, including insurance coverage, or indemnities, for damage or injury caused in connection with the activity to which the licence relates, or	5 6 7			
			(b)	for a vessel registration certificate for a vessel—	8			
				(i) the condition or use of the vessel, or	9			
				(ii) the display of offensive or discriminatory material on the vessel.	10			
[40]	Sect	ion 31	(3)		11			
			r grant riting".	ting a marine safety licence, the responsible licensing official may, by	12 13			
	Inser	t instea	ad "Th	e responsible regulator may, at any time, by written notice".	14			
[41]	Sect	ion 34			15			
	Inser	t after	section	1 33—	16			
	34 Transfer of licences							
	A marine safety licence cannot be transferred, except as otherwise provided by this Act or the regulations.							
[42]	Section 37 Regulations relating to licences							
	Omit section 37(2)(f). Insert instead—							
			(f)	the conditions of licences, including the continuing education and training of holders of licences,	22 23			
[43]	Sect	ion 38			24			
	Omit the section. Insert instead—							
	38	Susp	ensio	n or cancellation of licences	26			
		(1)	The r	responsible regulator must suspend or cancel a marine safety licence in bllowing circumstances—	27 28			
			(a)	the holder of the licence requests, or agrees to, the suspension or cancellation,	29 30			
			(b)	the holder of the licence is not a suitable person to hold a marine safety licence,	31 32			
			(c)	the responsible regulator decides the suspension or cancellation is in the public interest,	33 34			
			(d)	another circumstance prescribed by the regulations.	35			
		(2)		responsible regulator may suspend or cancel a marine safety licence in the wing circumstances—	36 37			
			(a)	the holder of the licence has given information for the purposes of the marine legislation that is found to be false or misleading in a material particular,	38 39 40			

			Note— The <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> , Part 5A contains offences relating to the making of false or misleading applications or giving false or misleading information or documents.	1 2 3			
			(b) another circumstance prescribed by the regulations.	4			
			Note— The Minister may also suspend or cancel a marine safety licence under section 111.	5 6			
		(3)	Before suspending or cancelling the licence, the responsible regulator must—	7			
			(a) give the holder of the licence written notice of the proposed suspension or cancellation, and	8 9			
			(b) give the holder of the licence a reasonable opportunity to make submissions about the proposed suspension or cancellation, and	10 11			
			(c) consider the submissions received.	12			
		(4)	The responsible regulator may, by written notice given to the holder of the licence, require the holder to give the responsible regulator additional information that the responsible regulator considers reasonably necessary to decide whether to suspend or cancel the licence.	13 14 15 16			
		(5)	The responsible regulator must give the holder of the licence written notice of the suspension or cancellation of the licence.	17 18			
		(6)	The suspension or cancellation takes effect on—	19			
			(a) the date the notice of the suspension or cancellation is given, or	20			
			(b) a later date as specified in the notice.	21			
		(7)	The notice given to the holder of the licence must state the following—	22			
			(a) the date the suspension or cancellation takes effect,	23			
			(b) if the licence is suspended—the date the suspension ends,	24			
			(c) if the holder did not request the suspension or cancellation—the reasons for the suspension or cancellation,	25 26			
			(d) the holder's right to appeal the decision to suspend or cancel the licence.	27			
		(8)	Subsections (3)–(7) do not apply to the suspension of a marine safety licence—	28 29			
			(a) in an emergency, or	30			
			(b) if there is a serious risk to public safety, or	31			
			(c) in another circumstance prescribed by the regulations.	32			
		(9)	The responsible regulator may, at any time, remove the suspension of a marine safety licence imposed by the responsible regulator under this section.	33 34			
[44]	Sect	Section 38A Insert after section 38—					
	Inser						
	38A	Cano	cellation of marine pilot's licences on notification	37			
		(1)	The holder of a marine pilot's licence must give written notice to the responsible regulator as soon as practicable after the holder—	38 39			
			(a) retires, or	40			
			(b) has not been employed as a marine pilot by a pilotage service provider for a continuous period of 2 years.	41 42			
			Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	43			

	(2)	The responsible regulator may cancel the holder's marine pilot's licence if the responsible regulator is notified, or otherwise becomes aware, that the holder—	1 2 3
		(a) is retired, or	4
		(b) has not been employed as a marine pilot by a pilotage service provider for a continuous period of 2 years.	5 6
	(3)	Before cancelling the licence, the responsible regulator must—	7
		(a) give the holder of the marine pilot's licence written notice of the proposed cancellation, and	8 9
		(b) give the holder of the marine pilot's licence a reasonable opportunity to make submissions about the proposed cancellation, and	10 11
		(c) consider the submissions received.	12
	(4)	The responsible regulator may, by written notice given to the holder of the marine pilot's licence, require the holder to give the responsible regulator additional information that the responsible regulator considers reasonably necessary to decide whether to cancel the licence.	13 14 15 16
	(5)	The responsible regulator must give the holder of the marine pilot's licence written notice of the cancellation.	17 18
	(6)	The cancellation takes effect on the date the notice of the cancellation is given.	19
	(7)	The notice given to the holder must state—	20
		(a) the date the cancellation takes effect, and	21
		(b) the reasons for the cancellation, and	22
		(c) the holder's right to appeal the decision to cancel the licence.	23
	(8)	In this section— pilotage service provider has the same meaning as in Part 6.	24 25
Part	4, Div	ision 3A	26
Inse	t after	Division 3—	27
Divi	ision	2A Disqualification of parsons from holding licenses	00
ועוט		3	28
40A		pualification of persons from holding licences	29
	(1)	The responsible regulator may disqualify a person from holding or being granted a type of marine safety licence for a specified period of no more than 2 years if the person commits an offence against the marine legislation. Note— The Minister may also disqualify a person from holding or being granted a	30 31 32 33
		marine safety licence under section 111.	34
	(2)	For subsection (1), a person is taken to have committed an offence when the person is found guilty of the offence by a court.	35 36
	(3)	Before disqualifying a person from holding or being granted a licence, the responsible regulator must—	37 38
		(a) give the person written notice of the proposed disqualification, and	39
		(b) give the person a reasonable opportunity to make submissions about the proposed disqualification, and	40 41
		(c) consider the submissions received.	42

[45]

		(4)	the p	responsible regulator may, by written notice given to the person, require the responsible regulator additional information that the pursible regulator considers reasonably necessary to decide whether to halify the person.	1 2 3 4			
		(5)		responsible regulator must give the person written notice of the allification.	5 6			
		(6)	The r	notice given to the person must state the following—	7			
			(a)	the period of the disqualification,	8			
			(b)	the reasons for the disqualification,	9			
			(c)	the person's right to appeal the decision to disqualify the person.	10			
		(7)		responsible regulator may, at any time, end the period of the allification by further written notice to the person.	11 12			
	40B	Effec	t of di	squalification	13			
			If a p	person is disqualified from holding or being granted a type of marine y licence for a specified period under this division or section 111—	14 15			
			(a)	the disqualification operates to permanently cancel a marine safety licence of that type held by the person at the time of the disqualification, and	16 17 18			
			(b)	the person is ineligible to apply for a grant or transfer of that type of marine safety licence during the period of the disqualification.	19 20			
[46]	Sect	ion 42	Applic	cation for administrative review	21			
	Inse	t after s	section	n 42(a)—	22			
			(a1)	the refusal to transfer a vessel registration certificate to or from the person,	23 24			
			(a2)	the rescission of the transfer of a vessel registration certificate,	25			
[47]	Part	5 Requ	uireme	ents for vessels	26			
	Omit Division 1. Insert instead—							
	Div	Division 1		Preliminary	28			
4	43AA	Appli	icatior	n of part	29			
			This jin thi	part does not apply to a commercial vessel, except as otherwise provided s part.	30 31			
	Div	ision '	1 A	Unsafe vessels	32			
	43A	Defin	itions		33			
			In thi	s division—	34			
			form	er vessel—	35			
			(a)	means a thing that was, but is no longer, a vessel, but	36			
			(b)	does not include a thing that was only a vessel because of a temporary vessel order.	37 38			
			vesse	<i>l</i> includes a commercial vessel.	39			

44	Meaning of "unsafe vessel"						
	(1)	In th	is divis	ion, <i>unsafe vessel</i> means the following—	2		
		(a)	or ca	sel or former vessel that is reasonably likely to endanger a person, use harm to the environment or damage to property, including use of—	3 4 5		
			(i)	the condition of the vessel or former vessel, or	6		
			(ii)	how or where the vessel or former vessel is anchored, moored or berthed, or	7 8		
			(iii)	the overloading of the vessel or former vessel,	9		
		(b)	a dere	elict vessel,	10		
		(c)	a ves	sel subject to an unsafe vessel notice,	11		
		(d)	a ves	sel subject to a temporary unsafe vessel order.	12		
	(2)	notic	(e), dec	er may, by notice published in the Gazette (an <i>unsafe vessel</i> clare a vessel, or a vessel of a kind, to be an unsafe vessel if the asonably considers the vessel unsafe.	13 14 15		
	(3)	a ves	sel, or	er may, by written order (a <i>temporary unsafe vessel order</i>), declare a vessel of a kind, to be an unsafe vessel for a period of not more on this if the Minister reasonably considers it necessary—	16 17 18		
		(a)	to ass	sess the safety of the vessel, or	19		
		(b)	in an	emergency.	20		
	(4)			er must, as soon as practicable after making a temporary unsafer, ensure the order is published in the Gazette.	21 22		
45	Offence to operate or use unsafe vessel						
	(1)	A person must not operate a vessel or former vessel in State waters if the person knows, or ought reasonably to know, that the vessel or former vessel is an unsafe vessel.					
		Max	imum p	penalty—	27		
		(a)		commercial vessel that is a regulated Australian vessel or a foreign el—1,000 penalty units or imprisonment for 9 months, or both, or	28 29		
		(b)		nother commercial vessel other than a hire and drive vessel—100 lty units or imprisonment for 9 months, or both, or	30 31		
		(c)	other	wise—50 penalty units or imprisonment for 9 months, or both.	32		
	(2)	A person responsible for a vessel or former vessel must not use the vessel or former vessel, or allow the vessel or former vessel to be used, in State waters if the person knows, or ought reasonably to know, that the vessel or former vessel is an unsafe vessel.					
		Max	imum p	penalty—	37		
		(a)		commercial vessel that is a regulated Australian vessel or a foreign el—1,000 penalty units or imprisonment for 9 months, or both, or	38 39		
		(b)		nother commercial vessel other than a hire and drive vessel—100 lty units or imprisonment for 9 months, or both, or	40 41		
		(c)	other	wise—50 penalty units or imprisonment for 9 months, or both.	42		
	(3)			e in this section to imprisonment for 9 months is, for a second or offence, taken to be a reference to imprisonment for 12 months.	43 44		

46	Inspection of unsafe vessels								
		An authorised officer may board and inspect a vessel or former vessel if—	2						
		(a) the authorised officer reasonably suspects that the vessel or former vessel is an unsafe vessel, and	3						
		(b) the vessel or former vessel is in, or in the immediate vicinity of, State waters.	5						
47	Pow	er to give directions in relation to unsafe vessels	7						
	(1)	An authorised officer may, by written notice (an <i>unsafe vessel notice</i>), direct a person responsible for a vessel or former vessel to, within a specified period—	8 9 10						
		(a) take the measures specified in the notice to repair the vessel or former vessel, or	11 12						
		(b) otherwise make the vessel or former vessel safe.	13						
	(2)	The notice may include a direction to remove a vessel or former vessel from State waters.	14 15						
	(3)	An authorised officer may only give the notice if the authorised officer reasonably considers the vessel or former vessel an unsafe vessel, whether through inspection or otherwise.	16 17 18						
	(4)	The person responsible must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with the notice.	19 20						
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	21						
48	Dealing with unsafe vessels								
	ves	An authorised officer may do the following if the person responsible for a vessel or former vessel fails to comply with a notice given under this division—							
		(a) take the measures specified in the notice,	26						
		(b) arrange for the vessel or former vessel to be—	27						
		(i) removed from State waters, or	28						
		(ii) detained in or out of the water, if the Minister considers the detention reasonable in the circumstances, or	29 30						
		 (iii) seized and disposed of in accordance with the regulations, if the Minister considers the seizure and disposal reasonable in the circumstances, 	31 32 33						
		(c) take other steps to reduce the danger of the vessel or former vessel.	34						
	(2)	An authorised officer must not take action under this section unless the Minister has made reasonable attempts to notify the person responsible for the vessel or former vessel of the proposed action.	35 36 37						
	(3)	Subsection (2) does not apply—	38						
		(a) in an emergency, or	39						
		(b) if the unsafe vessel is reasonably likely to sink within 7 days, or	40						
		(c) if the unsafe vessel poses—	41						
		(i) a serious risk to the safety of persons, or	42						
		(ii) a risk of significant harm to the environment or significant damage to property.	43 44						

		(4)	The Minister may recover the reasonable costs incurred in taking action under this section from the person responsible as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction.					
[48]	Section 49							
	Omi	t the se	ection. Insert instead—	5				
	49	Offe	ence for unregistered vessels to be in State waters	6				
		(1)	This section applies to a vessel (a <i>registrable vessel</i>) that is not exempt from registration under this Act.	7 8				
		(2)	A person who owns a registrable vessel must not allow the vessel to be in State waters if the vessel is not registered under this Act.	9 10				
			Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	11				
		(3)	Subsection (2) does not apply within the period of 15 days after the date on which a vessel ceases to be registered.	12 13				
		(4)	The master of a registrable vessel must not allow the vessel to be in State waters if the vessel is not registered under this Act. Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	15				
		(5)		16				
		(5)	It is a defence to prosecution for an offence under subsection (4) if the master establishes that the master reasonably believed—	17 18				
			(a) the vessel was registered, or	19				
			(b) the vessel was not in State waters.	20				
[49]	Section 50 Vessels exempt from registration							
	Omi	t "the c	owner or" from section 50(4).	22				
	Inse	rt inste	ead "the person who owns the vessel or the".	23				
[50]	Section 51							
	Omit the section. Insert instead—							
	51	Offe	ence to operate vessels in contravention of vessel registration certificates	26				
		(1)	The master of a registrable vessel must not allow the vessel to be operated in State waters in contravention of the conditions of the vessel registration certificate for the vessel.					
			Maximum penalty—20 penalty units.	30				
		(2)	It is a defence to prosecution for an offence under this section if the master establishes that the master reasonably believed the vessel was not operated in contravention of the conditions.					
[51]	Sect	ion 52	2	34				
	Omit the section. Insert instead—							
	52 Additional grounds for vessel registration certificates							
		(1)	The responsible regulator may refuse to grant or transfer a vessel registration certificate for a vessel, or may suspend or cancel a vessel registration certificate for a vessel, if—					

			(a)	the vessel causes, or is reasonably likely to cause, unreasonable noise or air or other pollution because of the vessel's design, construction or equipment, or	1 2 3
			(b)	a statutory notice, other than a recreational vessel production notice, has been given in relation to the vessel within the previous 24 months that has not been complied with or withdrawn, or	4 5 6
			(c)	a recreational vessel production notice has been given in relation to the vessel that has not been complied with or withdrawn, or	7 8
			(d)	the vessel is an unsafe vessel.	9
		(2)	circu	avoid doubt, the circumstances in subsection (1) are additional to other amstances in which the responsible regulator may, under this Act or the lations—	10 11 12
			(a)	refuse to grant or transfer a vessel registration certificate, or	13
			(b)	suspend or cancel a vessel registration certificate.	14
[52]	Part	5, Divi	ision (3	15
	Inser	t after	Divisi	ion 2—	16
	Divi	sion	3	Transfer of vessel registration certificates	17
	53	Defir	nition		18
			In th	is division—	19
				uire , a vessel, means obtain legal ownership of the vessel by any means, ading in accordance with an order of a court in Australia or another legal ess.	20 21 22
	54	Oblig	gation	s of disposers of vessels	23
		(1)		levant owner of a registered registrable vessel who disposes of the vessel t, immediately after disposing of the vessel—	24 25
			(a)	notify the responsible regulator of the disposal in a form approved by the responsible regulator, and	26 27
			(b) Max	give the person acquiring the vessel a copy of the form. imum penalty—20 penalty units.	28 29
		(2)	This	section does not apply to the disposal of a registrable vessel—	30
			(a)	in accordance with an order of a court in Australia or another legal process, or	31 32
			(b)	in another circumstance prescribed by the regulations.	33
	55	Oblig	gation	s of acquirers of vessels	34
		(1)		erson who acquires a registered registrable vessel must, within 14 days acquiring the vessel—	35 36
			(a)	notify the responsible regulator of the acquisition in a form approved by the responsible regulator, and	37 38
			(b)	pay the fee prescribed by the regulations, and	39
			(c)	if the vessel is acquired in accordance with an order of a court in Australia or another legal process—give the responsible regulator evidence of the court order or process.	40 41 42
			Max	imum penalty—20 penalty units.	43

	(2)		section does not apply to the acquisition of a registered registrable vessel circumstance prescribed by the regulations.	1 2
56	Tran	sfer o	f vessel registration certificates	3
	(1)	perso	vessel registration certificate for a vessel is taken to be transferred to the on acquiring the vessel when the responsible regulator issues the vessel tration certificate to the person.	4 5 6
	(2)	regis	responsible regulator is taken to have refused the transfer if the vessel tration certificate is not issued to the person within 60 days after the on notified the responsible regulator under this division.	7 8 9
57	Grou	unds t	o refuse transfer	10
			responsible regulator may refuse the transfer of a vessel registration ficate for a vessel in the following circumstances—	11 12
		(a)	the person acquiring the vessel is not a suitable person to hold a marine safety licence,	13 14
		(b)	the responsible regulator is satisfied the proposed transfer is—	15
			(i) not genuine, or	16
			(ii) being undertaken to avoid liability,	17
		(c)	the responsible regulator decides the refusal is in the public interest,	18
		(d)	an order of a court in Australia or another legal process prohibits the transfer and the responsible regulator has been notified, or otherwise becomes aware, of the order or process,	19 20 21
		(e)	the relevant owner has not obtained the consent of a person who owns the vessel to the proposed transfer,	22 23
		(f)	the relevant owner or the person acquiring the vessel gives information that—	24 25
			 is false or misleading in a material particular, or Note— The Crimes Act 1900, Part 5A contains offences relating to the making of false or misleading applications or giving false or misleading information or documents. 	26 27 28 29
			(ii) is, in the responsible regulator's opinion, inadequate to enable the proposed transfer to be assessed properly,	30 31
		(g)	the responsible regulator has requested further information or supporting evidence in relation to the proposed transfer that has not been given,	32 33 34
		(h)	another circumstance prescribed by the regulations.	35
58	Pow	er to r	escind transfers	36
	(1)	certi	responsible regulator may rescind the transfer of a vessel registration ficate under this division if, within 14 days after the transfer, the onsible regulator becomes aware that the transfer was—	37 38 39
		(a)	not genuine, or	40
		(b)	undertaken to avoid liability.	41
	(2)	If a t	ransfer is rescinded—	42
		(a)	the vessel registration certificate is taken to have never been transferred, and	43 44

			(b) the responsible regulator must notify the person who disposed of the vessel and the person who acquired the vessel of the rescission as soon as practicable after the rescission.	1 2 3
		(3)	The regulations may provide for the rescission of transfers of vessel registration certificates, including—	4 5
			(a) the return or issue of vessel registration certificates, and	6
			(b) the refund of fees.	7
[53]	Sect	ion 67	7 Regulation of marine safety equipment or facilities	8
	Inser	t at the	e end of the section—	9
		(2)	In this section—	10
			<i>vessel</i> means—	11
			(a) a recreational vessel, or	12
			(b) a hire and drive vessel.	13
[54]	Sect	ion 69	9 Regulation of passengers	14
	Inser	t at the	e end of the section—	15
		(2)	In this section—	16
			vessel includes a domestic commercial vessel.	17
[55]	Sect	ion 70	0A	18
	Inser	t after	section 70—	19
	70A	Publ	lic register	20
		(1)	Transport for NSW must establish and keep a register (the <i>register</i>) of vessels to which a statutory notice relates if—	21 22
			(a) the Minister is reasonably satisfied the statutory notice relates to the current condition or safety of the vessel, and	23 24
			(b) the statutory notice has not been complied with or withdrawn.	25
		(2)	Transport for NSW must record the following information in the register—	26
			(a) the name of the vessel,	27
			(b) the vessel registration number for the vessel,	28
			(c) all or part of the hull identification number for the vessel,	29
			(d) the Act under which the statutory notice was given,	30
			(e) the type of statutory notice,	31
		(2)	(f) the date the statutory notice was given.	32
		(3)	The register must be published on a NSW Government website used by Transport for NSW and be accessible to the public without charge.	33 34
		(4)	The regulations may prescribe other matters, including statutory notices, that must or must not be included in the register.	35 36
		(5)	In this section—	37
			vessel includes a commercial vessel.	38
[56]	Sect	ion 74	4 Pilotage compulsory in pilotage ports	39
	Inser	t at the	e end of section 74(2A)(a)—	40

		satisf	mple of when harbour master may give approval— the harbour master fied it is necessary for a marine pilot to embark or disembark a vessel within ps for the pilot's safety	is 1 ort 2		
[57]	Section 75	Vess	sels exempted from compulsory pilotage	2		
	Omit section	on 75(1	1)(a) and (a1). Insert instead—	Ę		
		(a)	a vessel, the master of which holds one or more of the following mari safety licences that applies to the port and vessel—	ne 6		
			(i) a certificate of local knowledge,	8		
			(ii) a marine pilotage exemption certificate,	g		
			(iii) a special recreational vessel permit,	10		
[58]	Section 75	(1)(c)		11		
	Omit "30 n	netres"	". Insert instead "35m".	12		
[59]	Section 75	(2)		13		
	Omit "mar Act".	ine pil	lotage exemption certificate or certificate of local knowledge under the	his 14 15		
	Insert inste	ad "ma	arine safety licence referred to in subsection (1)(a)".	16		
[60]	Sections 7	'9, hea	ading, 82, 90(3) and 118(3)	17		
	Omit "own	er" wh	herever occurring. Insert instead "relevant owner".	18		
[61]	Section 88	Gene	eral powers of harbour master in relation to vessels	19		
	Insert after section 88(4)—					
	(5)	A di	irection under this section may be given—	21		
		(a)	orally to the master or operator of a vessel, or	22		
		(b)	by written notice to the master or operator of a vessel, or	23		
		(c)	by signage that reasonably brings the direction to the attention of t master or operator of a vessel, or	he 24 25		
		(d)	by publication on the Port Authority of New South Wales website of NSW Government website used by Transport for NSW, or	r a 26 27		
		(e)	by other electronic means, or	28		
		(f)	by notice published in the Gazette.	29		
[62]	Section 91 master	Offer	nce for failing to comply with direction, or obstructing, harbour	30 31		
	Omit "any 91(1).	directi	ion given under this Part to the master by a harbour master" from secti	on 32 33		
	Insert inste	ad "a c	direction given under this part".	34		
[63]	Part 8 Con	nplian	ice and investigation	35		
	Omit "own	ers" fr	rom Division 2, heading. Insert instead "relevant owners".	36		
[64]	Section 96	, note	•	37		
	Omit the no	ote.		38		
[65]	Section 10	1 Pres	servation of evidence	39		
	Omit "The	owner	r". Insert instead "The relevant owner".	40		

[66]	Section	111 A	Action by Minister following report of investigation	1
	Omit "c	obtainii	ng" from section 111(2)(d). Insert instead "being granted".	2
[67]	Section	ո 121, I	heading	3
	Omit "c	wner"	'. Insert instead "relevant owner".	4
[68]	Section	า 134 S	Service of instruments (except in proceedings for offences)	5
	Insert a	fter sec	ction 134(1)(c)—	6
		(c	 by electronic communication to the person in a way specified by the person for the service of notices or instruments of the kind, or Example— a mobile app 	7 8 9
[69]	Section	134/1	·	10
[00]		•	" from section 134(1)(e). Insert instead—	11
	Omit 3	ection.	section, or	12
		((f) by another method prescribed by the regulations for the service of notices or instruments of the kind.	13 14
[70]	Section	า 134(1	1A) and (1B)	15
	Insert a	fter sec	ction 134(1)—	16
	(14	o n	A notice or direction may also be given under this Act in relation to an obstruction to navigation or an unsafe vessel by displaying the notice, or a notice containing the direction, on a conspicuous part of the obstruction or ressel for 7 days.	17 18 19 20
	(11	a	A person must not, without reasonable excuse, remove a notice displayed in ccordance with subsection (1A). Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	21 22 23
[7 41	Saatian			
[71]	Section		section 136—	24
				25
•	135B Ir	-	I power to vary or withdraw notices and directions	26
			n this Act, a power to give a notice or direction includes a power to vary or withdraw the notice or direction.	27 28
[72]	Section			29
	Insert a	fter sec	ction 139—	30
	140 P	ower t	to waive, reduce, postpone or refund fees	31
	(1) T	The Minister may waive, reduce, postpone or refund, in whole or part, a fee ayable or paid under this Act or the regulations.	32 33
	(2) T	This section is subject to section 9O.	34
[73]	Section	142 A	Amendment of other Acts	35
	Omit th	e secti	on.	36
[74]	Schedu	ule 1 To	esting for alcohol and drug use	37
	Omit cl	ause 1.	definitions of breath analysing instrument and breath test.	38

	Insert in a	lphabetical order—	1
		first offence has the same meaning as in Part 3.	2
		second or subsequent offence has the same meaning as in Part 3.	3
[75]	Schedule	1, clause 11, heading	4
	Omit the h	neading. Insert instead—	5
	11 Def	initions	6
[76]	Schedule	1A, Part 1, heading	7
	Omit the l	neading. Insert instead—	8
	Part 1	Preliminary	9
[77]	Schedule	1A, clause 1, heading	10
	Omit the l	neading. Insert instead—	11
	1 Def	initions	12
[78]	Schedule	1A, clause 1(1)	13
	Insert in a	lphabetical order—	14
		<i>photograph</i> includes a video recording.	15
		photograph taken includes the making of a video recording.	16
[79]	Schedule	1A, clause 1(2)	17
	Omit the s	subsection.	18
[80]	Schedule	1A, clause 10, definition of "responsible person", paragraph (a)	19
	Omit "tha	t owner". Insert instead "the relevant owner".	20
[81]	Schedule	1A, clause 10, definition of "responsible person", paragraph (b)	21
	Omit the p	paragraph. Insert instead—	22
		(b) if the vessel has been disposed of by a relevant owner—a person who has acquired the vessel from the relevant owner,	23 24
[82]	Schedule	4 Savings, transitional and other provisions	25
	Insert at the	ne end of the schedule, with appropriate part and clause numbering—	26
	Part	Provisions consequent on enactment of Marine	27
		Safety Amendment Act 2024	28
	Def	initions	29
		In this part—	30
		amending Act means the Marine Safety Amendment Act 2024.	31
		commencement date means the date on which the amending Act commences.	32
	Res	sponsible regulator	33
	(1)	From the beginning of the commencement date, a reference to a responsible licensing official in a marine safety licence is taken to be a reference to the responsible regulator for the licence.	34 35 36

(2)	Anything done in relation to a marine safety licence by the responsible licensing official for the licence before the commencement date is taken to have been done by the responsible regulator for the licence.	1 2 3
Exis	ting notices and directions	2
	A notice or direction validly given before the commencement date—	5
	(a) is taken to have been validly given despite the commencement of the amending Act, and	6
	(b) continues in force as if the amending Act had not commenced.	8
Exis	ting obstructions to navigation	ę
	Amendments made by the amending Act in relation to obstructions to navigation extend to any thing that was an obstruction to navigation immediately before the commencement date.	10 11 12
Арр	roval for disturbance of bed of ports	13
	Permission given by a harbour master under the <i>Ports and Maritime Administration Regulation 2021</i> , section 110 is taken to be an approval of the harbour master for section 19Z.	14 15 16
Disu	sed sea cables	17
	Section 19ZA does not apply to a sea cable in a relevant port that is a disused sea cable immediately before the commencement date.	18 19
	ting applications for grant of marine safety licences and transfers of sel registration	20 21
(1)	This clause applies to an application for—	22
	(a) the grant of a marine safety licence, or	23
	(b) the transfer of the registration of a vessel.	24
(2)	If the application was made but not finally decided before the commencement date, the application must be decided as if the amending Act had not commenced.	25 26 27
Sus	pension or cancellation of existing marine safety licences	28
	The responsible regulator may suspend or cancel a marine safety licence in force immediately before the commencement date if the responsible regulator would be authorised to refuse to grant the licence if an application for the licence were to be made after the commencement date.	29 30 31 32
Mari	ne pilot's licences	33
	Section 38A extends to a marine pilot's licence in force immediately before the commencement date.	34 35
Offe	nce for unregistered vessels to be in State waters	36
(1)	Section 49, as substituted by the amending Act, does not apply to a registrable vessel until 3 months after the commencement date.	37 38
(2)	Section 49, as in force immediately before the commencement date, is taken to continue to apply to a registrable vessel until 3 months after the commencement date despite its repeal.	39 40 41

	Pow	er to rescind transfers of vessel registration certificates	1
		Section 58 extends to the transfer of the registration of a vessel completed before the commencement date.	2
	Liab	ility of owner of vessel under pilotage	4
	(1)	Section 79(2), as amended by the amending Act, does not apply to loss or damage arising before the commencement date.	5 6
	(2)	Section 79(2), as in force immediately before the commencement date, continues to apply in relation to the loss or damage.	7 8
	Harb	oour master may carry out direction	9
	(1)	Section 90, as amended by the amending Act, does not apply to charges and expenses incurred before the commencement date.	10 11
	(2)	Section 90, as in force immediately before the commencement date, continues to apply in relation to the charges and expenses.	12 13
	Duty	to report marine accidents to Minister	14
	(1)	Section 99, as amended by the amending Act, does not apply to a marine accident occurring before the commencement date.	15 16
	(2)	Section 99, as in force immediately before the commencement date, continues to apply in relation to the marine accident.	17 18
	Publ	lic register	19
		A reference to a statutory notice in section 70A includes a reference to a statutory notice that was given before the commencement date and has not been withdrawn.	20 21 22
	lmpl	ied power to amend or revoke existing notices and directions	23
		Section 135B extends to a notice or direction that was given before the commencement date and has not been complied with or withdrawn.	24 25
	Pow	er to waive, reduce, postpone or refund fees	26
		Section 140 extends to a fee payable or paid before the commencement date.	27
[83]	Schedule !	5	28
	Insert after	Schedule 4—	29
	Schedu	le 5 Dictionary	30
		section 4	31
	accident, fo	or Schedule 1—see Schedule 1, clause 1.	32
		ospital patient, for Schedule 1, Part 2, Division 4—see Schedule 1, clause 11(1).	33
	•	r Part 5, Division 3—see section 53.	34
	•	r Schedule 1—see Schedule 1, clause 1.	35
		positions, for Part 1A—see section 9B(1).	36
		e inspection officer, for Schedule 1A, Part 3—see Schedule 1A, clause 4(1). Inforcement device, for Schedule 1A—see Schedule 1A, clause 1(1).	37
		for excess speed imaging, for Schedule 1A, Part 3—see Schedule 1A, clause	38 39 40

<i>appr</i> 4(2)(boved for speed measurement, for Schedule IA, Part 3—see Schedule IA, clause b).	1
` ' '	<i>tic activity</i> means the following, whether or not involving vessels or equipment—	3
(a)	a race, competition or exhibition that is conducted in navigable waters,	4
(b)	an activity in or over navigable waters that requires the closure of the waters,	5
(c)	another activity that—	6
(•)	(i) is conducted in or over navigable waters, and	7
	(ii) is reasonably likely to substantially affect navigation in the waters.	
<i>aqua</i> unde	titic licence means a marine safety licence to conduct an aquatic activity that is required er section 18.	9
auth	orised officer means—	11
(a)	a harbour master, or	12
(b)	a police officer, or	13
(c)	a person, or a person of a class, appointed as an authorised officer under section 96.	14
` /	orised sample taker, for Schedule 1—see Schedule 1, clause 1.	15
bar c	crossing licence means a marine safety licence to operate a vessel across a coastal bar is required under the regulations.	16 17
boat	<i>driving licence</i> means a marine safety licence to operate a power-driven recreational el that is required under Part 5, Division 5.	18 19
	th analysing instrument has the same meaning as in the Road Transport Act 2013, edule 3.	20 21
breat	th analysis, for Schedule 1—see Schedule 1, clause 1.	22
breat	th test has the same meaning as in the Road Transport Act 2013, Schedule 3.	23
came	era device, for Schedule 1A—see Schedule 1A, clause 1(1).	24
	era recorded offence, for Schedule 1A, Part 4—see Schedule 1A, clause 10.	25
	ficate of local knowledge means a marine safety licence, held by a master of a vessel, exempts the vessel from compulsory pilotage under Part 6.	26 27
Chie	f Investigator, for Part 8—see section 94(1).	28
	<i>mercial purpose</i> means a purpose for which a vessel is used that results in the vessel g a commercial vessel.	29 30
comi	mercial vessel means a vessel, other than a former vessel, that is—	31
(a)	a domestic commercial vessel, or	32
(b)	a regulated Australian vessel, or	33
(c)	a foreign vessel.	34
Com	monwealth administrative laws, for Part 1A—see section 9B(1).	35
Com	monwealth domestic commercial vessel national law, for Part 1A—see section 9B(1).	36
cour	t attendance notice, for Schedule 1A, Part 4—see Schedule 1A, clause 10.	37
	y, of a vessel, means the persons, including the master of the vessel, whose duty it is to gate or work the vessel or to carry out other operations on the vessel.	38 39
defei	nce vessel has the same meaning as in the National law.	40
	ctable offence, for Schedule 1A—see Schedule 1A, clause 1(1).	41
digit	al camera device, for Schedule 1A, Part 3—see Schedule 1A, clause 4(1).	42
	sed sea cable, for Part 2, Division 4—see section 19Y.	43
dom	estic commercial vessel has the same meaning as in the National law.	44
drug	has the same meaning as in the <i>Road Transport Act 2013</i> .	45

environment protection notice has the same meaning as in the Protection Environment Operations Act 1997.	of the
exercise, a function, includes perform a duty.	;
<i>ferry</i> , for Part 8—see section 94(1).	
first offence, for Part 3—see section 20(4).	
foreign vessel has the same meaning as in the Navigation Act 2012 of the Commonw	vealth.
former vessel has the same meaning as in Part 5, Division 1A.	-
function includes a power, authority or duty.	
harbour master—	Ş
(a) means a person appointed as harbour master under Part 7, and	10
(b) in relation to a function of a harbour master under the marine legislation—in a person appointed under Part 7 to exercise the function.	cludes 1
hire and drive vessel has the same meaning as in the National law.	13
<i>holder</i> , for Part 8—see section 94(2).	14
hospital—	15
(a) for Schedule 1, Part 2, Division 4—see Schedule 1, clause 11(2), or	16
(b) otherwise for Schedule 1—see Schedule 1, clause 1.	17
hull identification number, in relation to a vessel, means a unique number affixed vessel in accordance with the regulations.	
<i>incompetence</i> , for Part 8—see section 94(1).	20
juvenile, for Part 3—see section 20(1).	2
length means length overall.	22
major offence, for Part 3—see section 20(1).	23
marine accident, for Part 8—see section 94(1).	24
marine environment protection notice has the same meaning as in the Marine Polact 2012, Part 16.	llution 25
<i>marine legislation</i> means the following Acts, and the regulations and other instrumade under the Acts—	iments 27
(a) this Act,	29
(b) the Marine Pollution Act 2012,	30
(c) the Ports and Maritime Administration Act 1995.	3
<i>marine pilot</i> , of a vessel, means the person who has the conduct of the vessel but wh not belong to the vessel.	o does 32
<i>marine pilotage exemption certificate</i> means a marine safety licence exempting a from compulsory pilotage under Part 6.	vessel 34
<i>marine pilot's licence</i> means a marine safety licence to act as pilot of a vessel in a pois required under Part 6.	ort that 36
marine safety licence—see section 29.	38
<i>master</i> , of a vessel, means the person having the command or charge of the vessel, but not include a marine pilot.	at does 39
<i>misconduct</i> , for Part 8—see section 94(1).	4
National law means—	42
(a) the Commonwealth domestic commercial vessel national law within the mean section 9B, and	ning of 43
(b) the applied provisions within the meaning of section 9B.	45
National licence means a certificate or unique identifier issued under the National Is	

navi	gable v	<i>vaters</i> means all waters, whether or not in the State, that—	1			
(a)	are fi	rom time to time capable of navigation, and	2			
(b)	are open to or used by the public for navigation, whether on payment of a fee or otherwise.					
navi	gation	aid—	5			
(a)	mear mark	as a device used for the safety of navigation, such as a beacon, buoy or marine but	6 7			
(b)	does	not include a device on board a vessel.	8			
obsti	ruction	to navigation has the same meaning as in section 16(1).	9			
obsti	ruction	to navigation notice—see section 16(2).	10			
offsh	ore an	<i>chorage</i> , for Part 2, Division 3—see section 19V.	11			
oper	<i>ate</i> , a v	vessel—	12			
(a)	for P	art 3—see section 20(1), or	13			
(b)	other	wise—includes—	14			
	(i)	to determine or exercise control over the course or direction of the vessel or over the means of propulsion of the vessel, whether or not the vessel is underway, and	15 16 17			
	(ii)	to pilot the vessel, and	18			
	(iii)	in relation to the relevant owner of the vessel—to cause or allow the vessel to be operated by someone else.	19 20			
oral.	fluid a	nalysis, for Schedule 1—see Schedule 1, clause 1.	21			
oral.	fluid to	est, for Schedule 1—see Schedule 1, clause 1.	22			
	seas v monw	oyage has the same meaning as in the Navigation Act 2012 of the ealth.	23 24			
-	-	ponsible—see section 7A.	25			
_	-	, for Schedule 1A—see Schedule 1A, clause 1(1).	26			
-		taken, for Schedule 1A—see Schedule 1A, clause 1(1).	27			
-	_	s the same meaning as in Part 6.	28			
-		rt has the same meaning as in Part 6.	29			
•	0	<i>rvice provider</i> , for Part 6—see section 71(1).	30			
port-			31			
(a)	for P	art 7—see section 84, or	32			
(b)	other	wise—includes any, or any part, of the following waters—	33			
	(i)	a harbour or haven, whether natural or artificial,	34			
	(ii)	an estuary, channel, river, creek or roadstead,	35			
	(iii)	any navigable water in which vessels may lie for shelter or for the transfer of cargo or passengers.	36 37			
		rity of New South Wales has the same meaning as in the Ports and Maritime tion Act 1995.	38 39			
pres	cribed	illicit drug has the same meaning as in the Road Transport Act 2013.	40			
pres	cribed	laboratory, for Schedule 1, Part 4—see Schedule 1, clause 24.	41			
pres	cribed	<i>place</i> , for Schedule 1—see Schedule 1, clause 1.	42			
pros	ecutor,	for Schedule 1A, Part 4—see Schedule 1A, clause 10.	43			
publ	ic pass	enger service, for Part 8—see section 94(1).	44			
recre	eationa	el vessel means a vessel other than a commercial vessel.	45			

recreational vessel production notice—see section 19A(2)(b).	1
registrable vessel—see section 49.	2
<i>regulated Australian vessel</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Navigation Act 2012</i> of the Commonwealth.	3 4
relevant nomination document, for Schedule 1A, Part 4—see Schedule 1A, clause 10.	5
relevant owner—see section 7.	6
relevant port, for Part 2, Division 4—see section 19Y.	7
responsible person, for Schedule 1A, Part 4—see Schedule 1A, clause 10.	8
responsible regulator, in relation to a marine safety licence, means—	9
(a) for the following licences—Transport for NSW—	10
(i) a vessel registration certificate,	11
(ii) an aquatic licence,	12
(iii) a bar crossing licence,	13
(iv) a boat driving licence, or	14
(b) for the following licences—the Port Authority of New South Wales—	15
(i) a certificate of local knowledge,	16
(ii) a marine pilotage exemption certificate,	17
(iii) a marine pilot's licence,	18
(iv) a special recreational vessel permit, or	19
(c) otherwise—the Minister.	20
sea cable, for Part 2, Division 4—see section 19Y.	21
seaworthy means capable of undertaking a voyage.	22
second or subsequent offence, for Part 3—see section 20(3).	23
security box, for Schedule 1, Part 4—see Schedule 1, clause 24.	24
special recreational vessel has the same meaning as in the Special Recreational Vessels Act 2019 of the Commonwealth.	25 26
<i>special recreational vessel permit</i> means a marine safety licence, held by a master of a special recreational vessel, that exempts the vessel from compulsory pilotage under Part 6.	27 28
speeding offence, for Schedule 1A—see Schedule 1A, clause 1(1).	29
State waters means any navigable waters within the limits of the State or the coastal waters of the State, within the meaning of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> , Part 10.	30 31
Note— The <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> , Part 10 defines <i>coastal waters of the State</i> generally as the part of the territorial sea of Australia that is within 3 nautical miles of the coast. The <i>Marine Pollution Act 2012</i> defines <i>State waters</i> differently for that Act. The definition in the <i>Marine Pollution Act 2012</i> extends to waters within the limits of the State.	32 33 34 35
statutory notice means the following—	36
(a) an obstruction to navigation notice,	37
(b) a recreational vessel production notice,	38
(c) an unsafe vessel notice,	39
(d) a marine environment protection notice,	40
(e) an environment protection notice.	41
subsidiary, for Part 6—see section 71(1).	42
temporary vessel order—see section 5(3).	43
<i>Transport for NSW</i> or <i>TfNSW</i> means Transport for NSW constituted under the <i>Transport Administration Act 1988</i> .	44 45
<i>Tribunal</i> , for Part 4, Division 4—see section 41.	46

unsaf	insafe vessel has the same meaning as in Part 5, Division 1A.		
unsaf	<i>e vessel notice</i> —see section 47(1).	2	
vessel	<u></u>	3	
(a)	for Part 2, Division 2—see section 19U, or	4	
(b)	for Part 5, Division 1A—see section 43A, or	5	
(c)	otherwise—see section 5.	6	
	registration certificate means a marine safety licence for a vessel that is required Part 5, Division 2.	7 8	

Sch	nedu	le 2	C	Consequential amendments	1
2.1	Fine	s Ac	t 199	6 No 99	2
	Section 70D Suspension or cancellation of marine safety licences				
	Omit	sectio	n 70D	0(4). Insert instead—	4
		(4)	In th	is section—	5
				driving licence and vessel registration certificate have the same nings as in the Marine Safety Act 1998.	6 7
2.2	Hou	sing	Act 2	2001 No 52	8
[1]	Secti	on 69	В Асс	ess to information for preventing, investigating or prosecuting fraud	9
	Omit	sectio	n 69B	o(1)(f). Insert instead—	10
			(f)	a register under the Marine Safety Act 1998.	11
[2]	Secti	on 69	B(4)		12
	Omit	the su	bsecti	on. Insert instead—	13
		(4)	In th	is section—	14
				rmation includes personal information within the meaning of the <i>Privacy Personal Information Protection Act 1998</i> .	15 16
			regis	strable vessel has the same meaning as in the Marine Safety Act 1998.	17
2.3	Mari	ne P	olluti	ion Act 2012 No 5	18
	Secti vess		2A Pr	eventative action for abandoned, out-of-commission or derelict	19 20
	Omit	sectio	n 202.	A(6), definition of <i>owner</i> . Insert instead—	21
			own	<i>er</i> , in relation to an abandoned, derelict or out-of-commission vessel—	22
			(a)	has the same meaning as <i>relevant owner</i> in the <i>Marine Safety Act 1998</i> , and	23 24
			(b)	if there is no current National licence or other certificate of registry for the vessel—extends to the last person registered as the vessel's owner in the National licence or other certificate of registry for the vessel.	25 26 27
2.4	Port	s and	d Ma	ritime Administration Act 1995 No 13	28
	Secti	on 49			29
	Omit	the se	ction.	Insert instead—	30
	49	Appl	icatio	n of division	31
		(1)	This	division applies to the following vessels in designated ports—	32
			(a)	a vessel for which pilotage in the port is compulsory under the <i>Marine Safety Act 1998</i> , Part 6,	33 34
			(b)	a vessel for which pilotage would be compulsory if the master of the vessel did not hold a marine pilotage exemption certificate,	35 36
			(c)	a vessel declared by the regulations to be liable for navigation service charges.	37 38

	(2)	In this section— marine pilotage exemption certificate has the same meaning as in the Marine Safety Act 1998.	1 2 3
2.5	Road Transport Act 2013 No 18		
	Section 4	Definitions	5
	Omit section	on 4(1), definition of boat driving licence . Insert instead—	6
		boat driving licence has the same meaning as in the Marine Safety Act 1998.	7